

ILLUSTRATION BY AARON ASHLEY

At Dave Evans's study site in the Mojave Desert, plants and soil organisms took little note of added CO_2 during dry years (left). The big changes came in a year with high rainfall (right), which spurred the normally water-limited soil organisms to process more nitrogen.





NONMYCORRHIZAL FUNGI

But even with plenty of water and more nutrients available, the main plant beneficiaries were invasives such as red brome. The platform extending into the ring allowed Evans to gather samples without walking on the soil or disturbing the plants.