

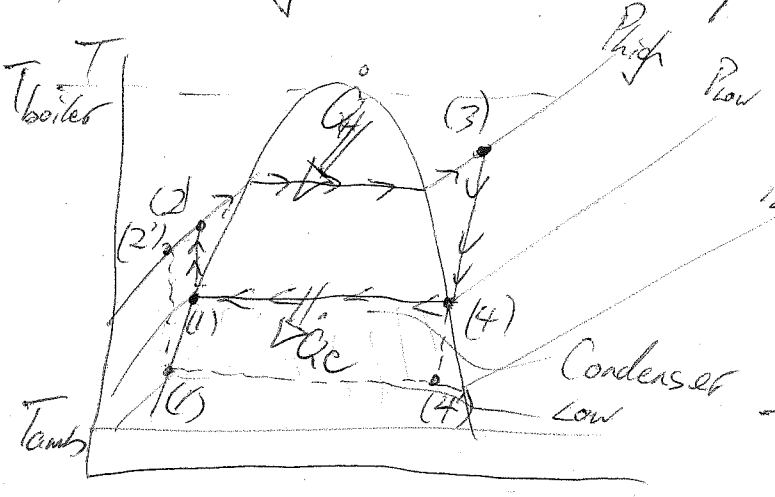
Rankine Cycle Modifications & Optimization

ME301 Sp22 25!

→ Last time we introduced the Carnot cycle & showed that by operating this cycle in the vapor dome we can come close to approximating the Carnot.

→ There are several modifications to the Rankine cycle that can increase the efficiency of the cycle.

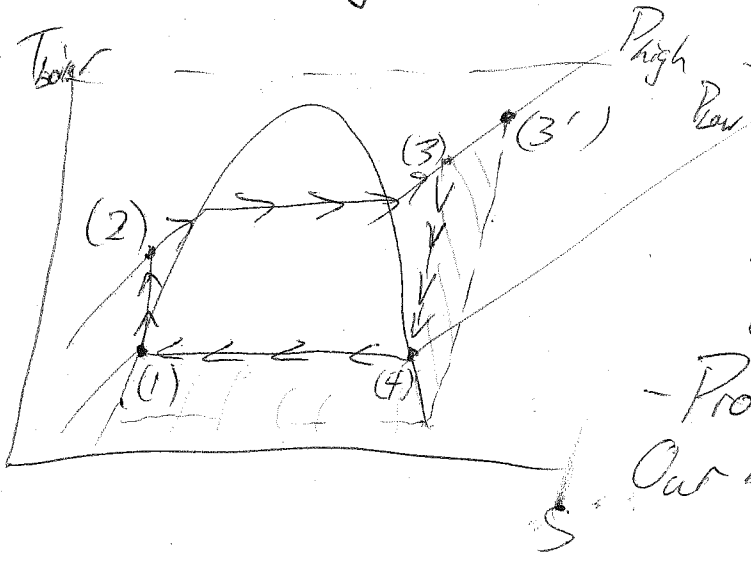
1) Lowering the Condenser pressure



- By lowering the condenser pressure we decrease the temperature at which heat is rejected from the cycle & decrease entropy generated.

→ Problems? Increased amount of liquid in turbine. ~~Can't~~ go below P_{amb}

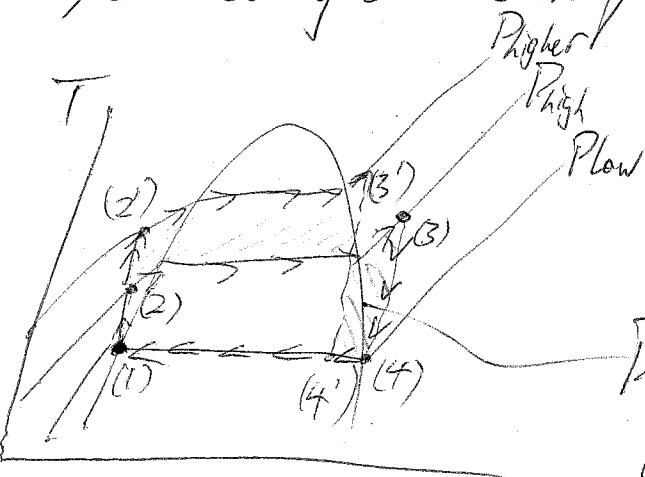
2) Superheating the steam to higher temperatures



- By increasing the temperature of the steam leaving the boiler, this also makes it easier to decrease the condenser pressure.

- Problems? Added problems in boiler. Our best metals limit $T_{boiler} \approx 620^\circ C (1150^\circ F)$

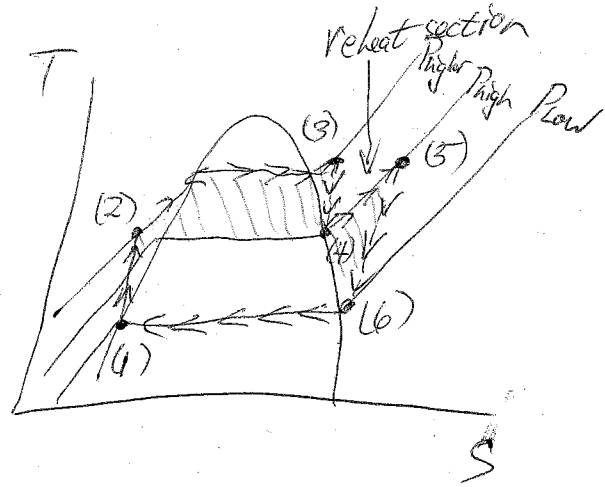
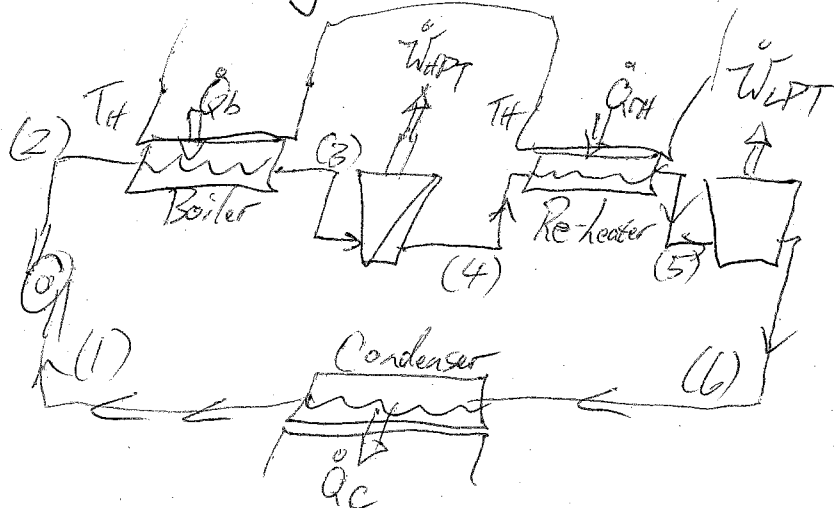
3) Increasing the boiler pressure



→ Increasing the boiler pressure increases the average temperature that heat is added to the steam, increasing efficiency.

Problems? ~~The~~ Slight increase in stress on boiler... but we lose work from part of the diagram. How can we recapture this lost work?

4) Reheating the steam



By adding a second hot HEX & a second turbine to our system, we can use Reheat in our Rankine cycle to increase efficiency further.

• Example: $T_H = 825\text{K}$, $T_C = 30\text{K}$, $P_B = 6.11\text{MPa}$, $\eta_T = 0.9$, $\eta_P = 0.5$, $\Delta T_{th} = 20\text{K}$, $\Delta T_{cond} = 5\text{K}$, $\Delta T_b = 25\text{K}$. Find: Optimal pressure for reheat/cop.

How do we start?

Make a diagram, table & figure out what we know.

	T	P	x	h	s
Pump 1	30+5		0.0		
Boiler 2		6.11 MPa		η_P	
HPT 3	825-25 = P_2				
Rheat 4		1 MPa		η_G	
LPT 5	825-20 = P_4				
Condenser 6		= P_1		η_T	

- assume fluid entering pump is saturated liquid.
- Assume no pressure drop across heat exchangers
- Assume a reheat pressure initially, we're trying to optimize this.

→ Now go to EES

