

Mojave National Preserve

Visitor Study Spring 1997

Report 94 Visitor Services Project Cooperative Park Studies Unit





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Margaret Littlejohn

Visitor Services Project Report 94

November 1997

Margaret Littlejohn is VSP Coordinator, National Park Service, based at the Cooperative Park Studies Unit, University of Idaho. I thank Sandy Watson, Mark Patterson, Taylor Pittman, David Martell and the staff of Mojave National Preserve for their assistance with this study. The VSP acknowledges the Public Opinion Lab of the Social and Economic Sciences Research Center, Washington State University, for its technical assistance.

Visitor Services Project Mojave National Preserve Report Summary

- This report describes part of the results of a visitor study at Mojave National Preserve during April 5-13, 1997. A total of 671 questionnaires were distributed. Visitors returned 527 questionnaires for a 79% response rate.
- This report profiles Mojave National Preserve visitors. A separate appendix has visitors' comments about their visit; this report and the appendix contain a comment summary.
- Half of the visitors (50%) were in family groups. Forty-eight percent of Mojave National Preserve visitors were in groups of two; 20% were alone. Three percent of visitors were in organized tour groups; 5% were with an educational group. Many visitors (44%) were aged 36-55 and 12% were aged 15 years or younger.
- Among Mojave National Preserve visitors, 7% were international visitors. They were from Canada (30%), United Kingdom (18%), Germany (17%) and 12 other countries. United States visitors were from California (69%), Nevada (12%), Washington (2%), 36 other states, Washington, D.C. and Saipan.
- Over one-half of the visitors (54%) were repeat visitors to Mojave National Preserve. More than half of the visitors (61%) stayed less than one day. Over one-fourth (29%) stayed three to four days. Common activities at Mojave National Preserve were sightseeing (61%), driving paved roads (56%), driving unpaved roads (51%), nature study (49%) and day hiking (41%).
- Visitors identified the other places they visited or planned to visit during this trip to Mojave National Preserve. The most listed places were Las Vegas, Nevada; Joshua Tree National Park, California and Baker, California. The places where most visitors started and ended their trip on the day(s) they visited Mojave were Las Vegas, Nevada; Twentynine Palms, California and Barstow, California.
- The most visited places in Mojave National Preserve were Kelso Depot (66%), Kelso Dunes (57%) and Hole-in-the-Wall Campground (35%). The southern end of Kelbaker Road was the most used entry (33%) and exit (32%) from the park.
- For the use, importance and quality of services and facilities, it is important to note the number of visitor groups who responded to each question. The most used services or facilities by 412 respondents were the roads (78%), directional signs (57%), park brochure/map (47%) and restrooms (45%). According to visitors, the most important services were RV camping (90% of 30 respondents), roads (85% of 292 respondents), directional signs (79% of 222 respondents) and the park brochure/map (79% of 187 respondents). The best quality services were ranger-assistance from employees (87% of 115 respondents), Baker Visitor Center (81% of 64 respondents) and picnic area (81% of 37 respondents).
- During this visit, the average <u>visitor group</u> expenditure within a one hour drive of the preserve was \$108. The average <u>per capita</u> expenditure was \$33. The median visitor group expenditure (50% of groups spent more; 50% spent less) was \$40.
- Over three-fourths of the visitors felt the preserve was "not at all crowded" in the number of people (80%) and vehicles (77%) present during their visit. Seventy-one percent of the visitors felt "very safe" during their preserve visit. The three most important features/qualities of the preserve which visitors identified were wilderness/open space, solitude/quiet and clean air.
- Most visitors (76%) rated the overall quality of services in the park as "good" or "very good." Visitors made many additional comments.

For more information about the Visitor Services Project, please contact the University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit; phone (208) 885-7129 or 885-7863

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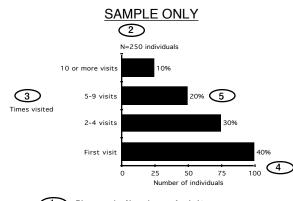
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INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of a study of visitors to Mojave National Preserve. This visitor study was conducted April 5-13, 1997 by the National Park Service (NPS) Visitor Services Project (VSP), part of the Cooperative Park Studies Unit at the University of Idaho.

A *Methods* section discusses the procedures and limitations of the study. A *Results* section follows, including a summary of visitor comments. Next, an *Additional Analysis* page helps managers request additional analyses. The final section has a copy of the *Questionnaire*. The separate appendix includes comment summaries and visitors' unedited comments.

Many of this report's graphs resemble the example below. The large numbers refer to explanations following the graph.



1 Figure 4: Number of visits

- 1: The figure title describes the graph's information.
- Listed above the graph, the 'N' shows the number of visitors responding and a description of the chart's information. Interpret data with an 'N' of less than 30 with CAUTION! as the results may be unreliable.
- 3: Vertical information describes categories.
- 4: Horizontal information shows the number or proportions in each category.
- 5: In most graphs, percentages provide additional information.

2

Questionnaire	The questionnaire design used the standard format of previous			
design and	Visitor Services Project studies. A copy of the questionnaire is included at			
administration	the end of this report.			
	Interviews were conducted and questionnaires distributed to a			
	sample of selected visitors visiting Mojave National Preserve during April 5-			
	13, 1997. Visitors completed the questionnaire after their visit and then			
	returned it by mail. Visitors were sampled as they stopped at the Baker			
	Visitor Center, Kelso Depot, Kelso Dunes parking lot, Hole-in-the-Wall			
	Visitor Center, Hole-in-the-Wall Campground, Mid Hills Campground, Cima			
	Store, and Mojave Road/Cedar Canyon Road Junction (see Table 1).			

METHODS

Location:	Questionnaire Number	es distributed %
Kelso Depot Cima Store Kelso Dunes parking lot Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center Mojave Road/Cedar Canyon Road J Baker Visitor Center Mid Hills Campground Hole-in-the-Wall Campground	203 201 77 56 Jct. 47 41 18 17	30 30 12 8 7 6 3 3
GRAND TOTAL	671	99%

Table 1: Questionnaire distribution locations percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.

Visitor groups were greeted, briefly introduced to the purpose of the study and asked to participate. If visitors agreed, the interview took approximately two minutes. These interviews included determining group size, group type and the age of the adult who would complete the questionnaire. This individual was asked his or her name, address and telephone number for the later mailing of a reminder-thank you postcard.

Two weeks following the survey, a reminder-thank you postcard was mailed to all participants. Replacement questionnaires were mailed to participants who had not returned their questionnaires four weeks after the survey. Eight weeks after the survey, a second replacement questionnaire was sent to visitors who had not returned their questionnaires.

Returned questionnaires were coded and the information entered into a computer. Frequency distributions and cross-tabulations were calculated using a standard statistical software package. Respondents' comments were summarized.	Data analysis
This study collected information on both visitor groups and individual group members. Thus, the sample size ('N'), varies from figure to figure. For example, while Figure 1 shows information for 524 groups, Figure 5 presents data for 1,302 individuals. A note above each figure's graph specifies the information illustrated. Occasionally, a respondent may not have answered all of the questions, or may have answered some incorrectly. Unanswered questions create missing data and cause the number in the sample to vary from figure to figure. For example, although 527 questionnaires were returned by visitors, Figure 1 shows data for only 524 respondents. Questions answered incorrectly due to carelessness,	Sample size, missing data and reporting errors
misunderstanding directions and so forth, turn up in the data as reporting	

errors. These create small data inconsistencies.

Like all surveys, this study has limitations which should be considered **Limitations** when interpreting the results.

1. It is not possible to know whether visitor responses reflect actual behavior. This disadvantage applies to all such studies and is reduced by having visitors fill out the questionnaire <u>soon after they visit</u> the park.

2. The data reflect visitor use patterns of visitors to the selected sites during the study period of April 5-13, 1997. The results do not necessarily apply to visitors during other times of the year.

3. Caution is advised when interpreting any data with a sample size of less than 30, as the results may be unreliable. If the sample size is less than 30, the word **"CAUTION!"** is included in the graph, figure or table.

During the study week, weather conditions at the survey locations in **Special** Mojave National Preserve were fairly typical of April with temperatures in the **conditions** 60's to 70's during the day and 30's to 40's at night. There were occasional strong winds (in excess of 30 mph) during the week.

MOJAVE NATIONAL PRESERVE RESULTS

Visitors	At Mojave National Preserve, 732 visitor groups were contacted;				
contacted	92% (671 groups) accepted questionnaires. A total of 527 visitor groups				
	completed and returned their questionnaires, a 79% response rate.				
	Table 2 compares information collected from the total sample of				
	visitors contacted and the actual respondents who returned				
	questionnaires. The non-response bias is insignificant.				

	-		
Total sample		Actual respondents	
Ν	Avg.	N	Avg.
663	46.5	520	48.1
642	2.7	524	3.2
	N 663	<u>N Avg.</u> 663 46.5	N Avg. N 663 46.5 520

Table 2: Comparison of total sample and actual respondents

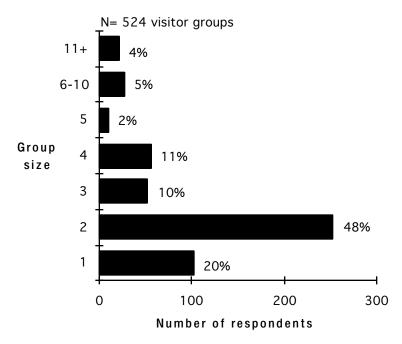
Demographics

Figure 1 shows group sizes, which varied from one person to 60 people. Almost half (48%) of visitors came in groups of two; 20% were alone. Half of the visitors (50%) were with families (see Figure 2). "Other" groups included business associates, Sierra Club, college class, Boy Scouts and boyfriend/girlfriend. Three percent of the visitors were traveling with an organized tour group (see Figure 3). Five percent of the visitors were traveling with an educational group (see Figure 4).

The most common visitor ages were 36-55 years (44%), as shown in Figure 5. Twelve percent of visitors were aged 15 years or younger.

Over one-half of the visitors (54%) said they were repeat visitors (see Figure 6).

International visitors comprised 7% of Mojave visitors. They were from Canada (30%), United Kingdom (18%), Germany (17%) and 12 other countries, as shown in Table 3. United States visitors were from California (69%), Nevada (12%), Washington (2%), 36 other states and Washington, D.C. and Saipan, as shown in Map 1 and Table 4. 4





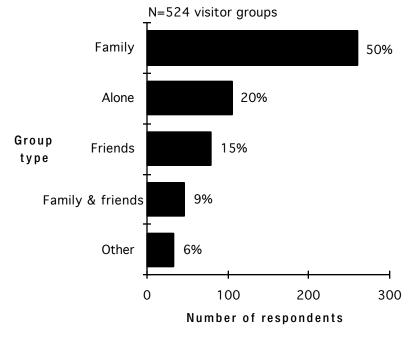


Figure 2: Visitor group types

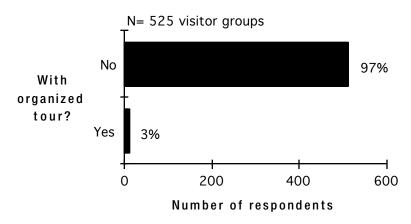


Figure 3: Visitors traveling with an organized tour group

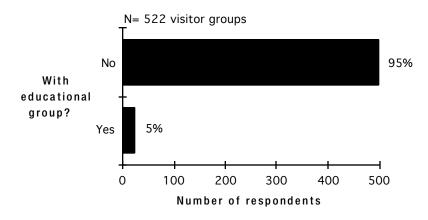
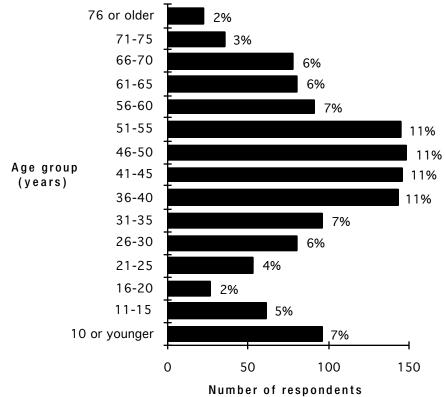


Figure 4: Visitors traveling with an educational group



N=1,302 individuals;

percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.

Figure 5: Visitor ages

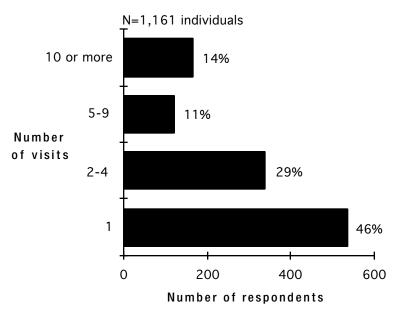


Figure 6: Number of visits

percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.					
Country	Number of individuals	% of international visitors	% of total visitors		
Canada	26	30	2		
United Kingdom	16	18	1		
Germany	15	17	1		
France	7	8	1		
Belgium	4	5	<1		
Holland	4	5	[
Austria	2	2			
Finland	2	2			
Norway	2	2			
Philippines	2	2			
Spain	2	2			
Switzerland	2	2			
Denmark	1	1			
Egypt	1	1			
Sweden	1	1			

Table 3: Proportion of visitors from each foreign countryN=87 individuals;

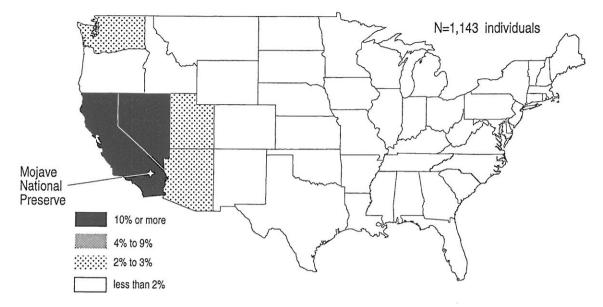




Table 4: Proportion of United States visitors from each state

N=1,143 individuals;

percentages de not squar ros das lo rounding.				
State	Number of individuals	% of U.S. visitors	% of total visitors	
California	784	69	64	
Nevada	133	12	11	
Washington	27			
Arizona	20	2	2	
Utah	18	2 2 2	2 2 2	
Colorado	14	1	1	
Illinois	13	i	÷	
Florida	12	i	i	
New York	10	i	i	
Indiana	9	i	1	
Wyoming	9	i	i	
Oregon	8	i	i	
Michigan	7	i	i	
Pennsylvania	7	1	i	
Maryland	6	i	, i	
Minnesota	6	i	i	
Louisiana	5	<1	<1	
Massachusetts	4	<1	4	
Montana	4	<1	•	
West Virginia	4	<1		
Wisconsin	4	<1		
Other states (18) + Washington, D.C. +	4			
Saipan	39	3	3	

percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.

Visitors were asked how long they stayed in Mojave National Preserve. Length of More than half of the visitors (61%) stayed less than one day (see Figure 7). Stay Over one-fourth (29%) stayed three to four days. Four percent stayed seven days or more.

Of those visitor groups who spent less than one day in the park, 52% stayed two to four hours (see Figure 8). Another 29% stayed six hours or more.

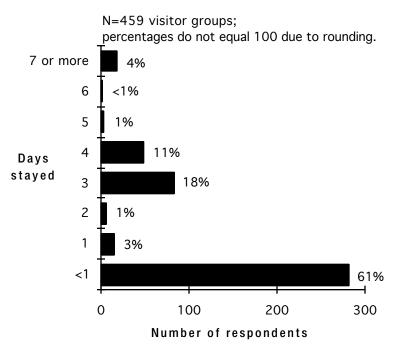


Figure 7: Length of stay (days)

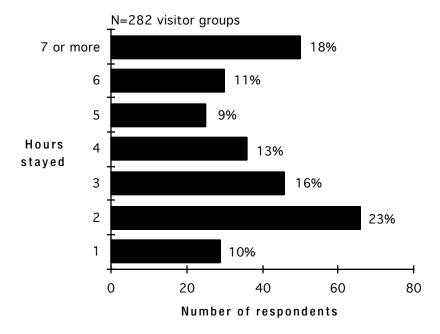


Figure 8: Length of stay (hours)

Activities During this visit, common visitor activities included sightseeing (61%), driving paved roads (56%), driving unpaved roads (51%), nature study (49%) and day hiking (41%), as shown in Figure 9. The least common activity was horseback riding (<1%). Nineteen percent of the visitors identified "other" activities they did including photography, visiting dunes, observing Hale-Bopp comet, visiting Mitchell Caverns, watching trains, picnicking and birding.

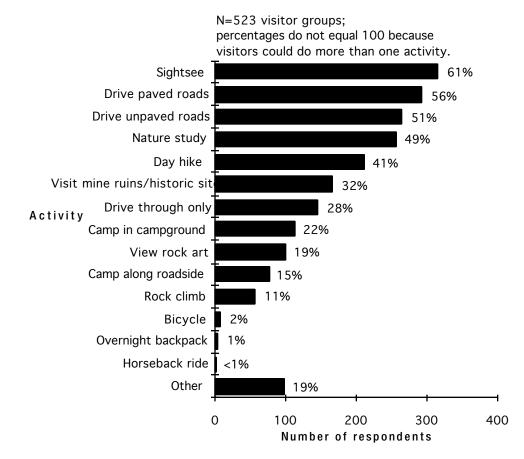
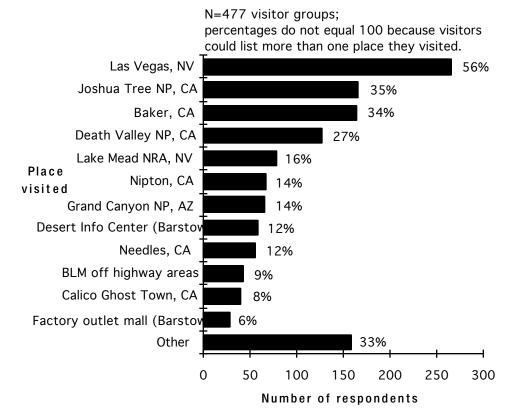


Figure 9: Visitor activities

Visitors were asked to identify the other places they visited or planned **Places** to visit during this trip to Mojave National Preserve. The most listed places **visited on** were Las Vegas, Nevada (56%), Joshua Tree National Park (35%), Baker, **trip** California (34%) and Death Valley National Park (27%), as shown in Figure 10. The least visited place was the factory outlet mall in Barstow, California (6%).

Thirty-three percent of the visitors listed "other" places which they visited including Laughlin, Nevada; Palm Springs, California; Afton Canyon, California; Twentynine Palms, California; Mitchell Caverns State Park, California; Anza-Borrego Desert State Park, California; Zion National Park, Utah and many other places.





Starting	Visitors were asked "Where did you and your group start your trip on		
point on	the day you visited Mojave National Preserve?" The most often listed		
arrival day/	starting points were Las Vegas, Nevada; Twentynine Palms, California; and		
destination	Barstow, California, as shown in Table 5.		
on departure	Visitors were also asked where they planned to spend the night when		
day	they left Mojave National Preserve. The same three towns were the most		
	often listed destinations: Las Vegas, Nevada; Twentynine Palms, California;		
	Barstow, California, as shown in Table 6.		

	N=509 places	
Place		Number of times mentioned
Place Las Vegas, NV Twentynine Palms, CA Barstow, CA Palm Springs, CA Baker, CA Los Angeles, CA Yucca Valley, CA Joshua Tree NP, CA Desert Hot Springs, CA Palm Desert, CA San Diego, CA Laughlin, NV Death Valley NP, CA Needles, CA San Bernardino, CA Cathedral City, CA Primm (Stateline), NV Beaumont, CA Orange County, CA Rancho Mirage, CA Victorville, CA Apple Valley, CA Bakersfield, CA Boulder City, NV Covina, CA Kelso, CA Nipton, CA St. George, UT Santa Barbara, CA Walnut, CA Arcadia, CA		
Bishop, CA Borrego Springs, CA		2

Table 5: Starting points on day of visitN=509 places

Bullhead City, AZ Flagstaff, AZ Fullerton, CA Fresno, CA Hemet, CA Indio, CA Lancaster, CA Loma Linda, CA Long Beach, CA Mojave, CA Morongo Valley, CA Pahrump, NV San Francisco, CA Tecopa, CA Yermo, CA Afton Canyon, CA Altadena, CA Amboy, CA Anaheim, CA Apache Junction, AZ Bagdad, CA Big Bear, CA Blythe, CA Brian Head, UT Bryce Canyon, UT Canyon Country, CA Carlsbad, CA Cedar City, UT Cima, CA Claremont, CA Clifton, CO Crestline, CA Downey, CA Eagle Rock, CA Escalante, CA Essex, CA Fremont, CA Garden Grove, CA Glendora, CA Helena, MT Huntington Beach, CA Incline Village, UT Ivanpah, CA Jackpot, NV Julian, CA Kingman, AZ La Quinta, CA La Verre, CA Laguna Beach, CA Lake Elizabeth, CA Lake Forest, CA Lake Havasu City, AZ Lakewood, CA Landers, CA Lone Pine, CA Menike, CA Mitchell Caverns, CA Nephi, UT

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Newberry Springs, CA Newport Beach, CA Niland, CA Norco, CA Oceanside, CA Ojai, CA Organ Pipe Cactus NM, AZ Palmdale, CA Panamint Springs, CA Parker, AZ Phoenix, AZ Playa del Rey, CA Providence Mts., CA Redondo Beach, CA Richfield, UT Running Springs, CA Salt Lake City, UT Salton Sea, CA San Clemente, CA San Jose, CA San Juan Capistrano, CA Santa Ana, CA Santa Cruz, CA Santa Monica, CA Seal Beach, CA Sierra Madre, CA Searchlight, NV Sky Valley, CA Spreckels, CA Tehachapi, CA Temple City, CA Taft, CA Thousand Oaks, CA Torrance, CA Tucson, AZ Valencia, CA Ventura, CA Vidal Junction, CA Walnut Creek, CA Yosemite, CA Yucaipa, CA Yuma, AZ Zzyzx, CA California (unspecified places) Utah (unspecified place)

Place	Number of times mentioned
	107
Las Vegas, NV	127
Twentynine Palms, CA	34 17
Barstow, CA	
Laughlin, NV Bakar, CA	17 16
Baker, CA Los Angeles, CA	15
Joshua Tree NP, CA	13
Palm Springs, CA	14
Death Valley NP, CA	13
Primm (Stateline), NV	9
San Diego, CA	8
Palm Desert, CA	6
Yucca Valley, CA	6
San Bernardino, CA	5
Bakersfield, CA	4
Bullhead City, CA	4
Desert Hot Springs, CA	4
Indio, CA	4
Jean, NV	4
Long Beach, CA	4
Needles, CA	4
Pahrump, NV	4
Victorville, CA	4
Boulder City, NV	3
Covina, CA	3
Fullerton, CA	3
Mojave, CA	3
Orange County, CA	3
Salt Lake City, UT	3
St. George, UT	3
San Jose, CA	3
Shoshone, CA	3
Tecopa, CA	3
Apple Valley, CA	2
Arcadia, CA	2 2
Borrego Springs, CA	2
Irvine, CA	2
Fresno, CA	2
Kelso, CA	2
La Quinta, CA	2
Laguna Beach, CA	2
Lake Havasu City, AZ	2
Lone Pine, CA	2
Morongo Valley, CA	2
Nipton, CA	2
Oakland, CA	2
Rancho Mirage, CA	2
Red Rock Canyon State Park, NV	2
Riverside, CA	2
San Francisco, CA	2

Table 6: Destinations on departure dayN=502 places

Santa Ana, CA	2
	5
Santa Barbara, CA	2
Santa Clarita, CA	2
Searchlight, NV	2
	5
Seattle, WA	2
Tonopah, NV	2 2 2 2 2 2
Walnut, CA	2
Alamo Lake State Park, AZ	1
Altadena, CA	1
Battleground, WA	1
Beaumont, CA	1
Beatty, NV	1
Big Pine, CA	1
Bishop, CA	1
	1
Black Canyon City, AZ	
Border Town, NE	1
Boulder Beach, NV	1
Costa Mesa, CA	1
	1
Carlsbad, CA	
Cedar City, UT	1
Canyon Country, CA	1
Capistrano Beach, CA	1
Crestline, CA	1
Dana Point, CA	1
Del Mar, CA	1
Downey, CA	1
Dumont Dunes, CA	1
Eagle Rock, CA	1
El Segundo, CA	1
Essex, CA	1
Frazier Mt., CA	1
Flagstaff, AZ	1
Fullerton, CA	1
Glendora, CA	1
Grand Canyon NP, AZ	1
Highland, CA	1
Huntington Beach, CA	1
Julian, CA	1
Kingman, AZ	1
	1
Lake Elizabeth, CA	
Lake Faest, CA	1
Lake Mead NRA, NV	1
Landers, CA	1
Loma Linda, CA	1
Lakewood, CA	1
Little Rock, CA	1
Logan, UT	1
	1
Ludlow Campground, CA	
Malibu, CA	1
Mojave, CA	1
Monrovia, CA	1
Morgan Hill, CA	1
Newberry Spring, CA	1
Norris Camp, CA	1
Oceanside, CA	1
Overton, NV	1
Palo Alto, CA	1
Panaca, NV	1

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Parker, AZ Phoenix, AZ Pinon Hills, CA Pioneer Town, CA Provo, UT Running Springs, CA Salton Čity, CĂ San Clemente, CA San Luis Obispo, CA San Marino, CA Santa Monica, CA Sherman Oaks, CA Sierra Madre, CA Stockton, CA Sunnyvale, CA Tehachapi, CA Temple Bar, AZ Temple City, CA Thousand Oaks, CA Three Rivers, CA Torrance, CA Tucson, AZ Turlock, CA Vancouver, BC West Valley, UT Westminster, CA Woody, CA Yermo, CA Yuma, AZ Zion NP, UT Zzyzx, CA California (unspecified places) Unplanned Nevada (unspecified place)

PlacesVisitors were asked to identify the places they visited in Mojave Nationalvisited inPreserve. About two-thirds of the visitors (66%) stopped at Kelso Depot (seepreserveFigure 11). Kelso Dunes (57%), Hole-in-the-Wall Campground (35%) and Mid
Hills Campground (25%) were the next most visited places. Zzyzx was the least
visited place (4%).

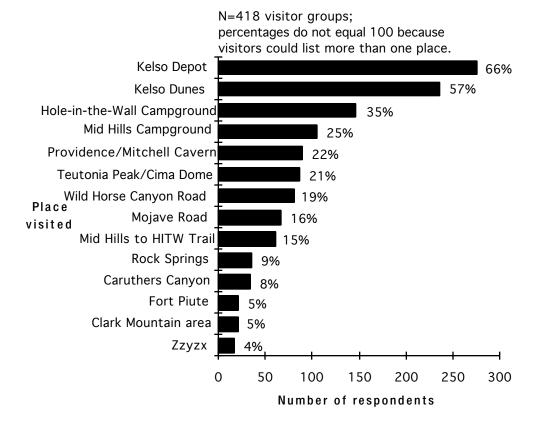


Figure 11: Places visited in preserve

Visitors were asked to identify where they first entered Mojave First entry/ National Preserve. About one-third of the visitors (33%) entered the exit locations preserve at the southern end of Kelbaker Road (see Figure 12). Less than in preserve one-fourth of the visitors (22%) entered from the north at Ivanpah Road. The least used entrance was Goffs (3%).

Visitors were asked where they left Mojave National Preserve. The southern end of Kelbaker Road was the most used exit (32%) from the preserve (see Figure 13). The next most used exit was Ivanpah Road (24%). The least used exit was Goffs (3%).

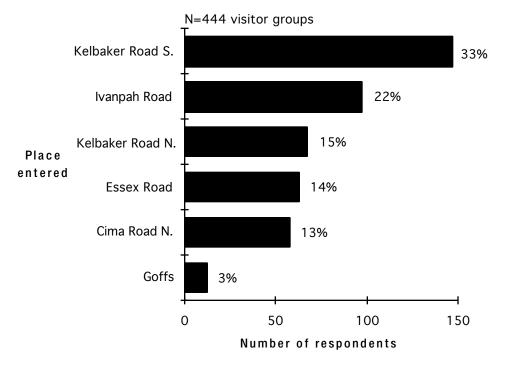


Figure 12: First entry locations

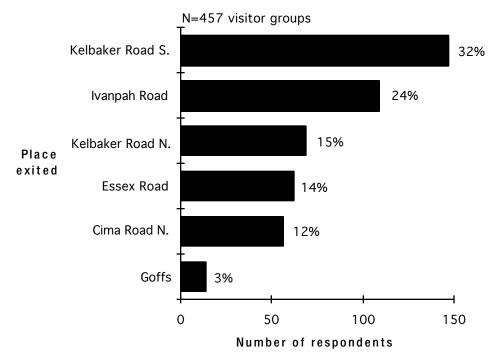


Figure 13: Exit locations

The most commonly used visitor services and facilities at Mojave	Visitor
National Preserve were the roads (78%), directional signs (57%), park	services and
brochure and map (47%) and restrooms (45%), as shown in Figure 14. The	facilities:
least used service was the ranger-led programs (3%).	use,
	importance
	and quality

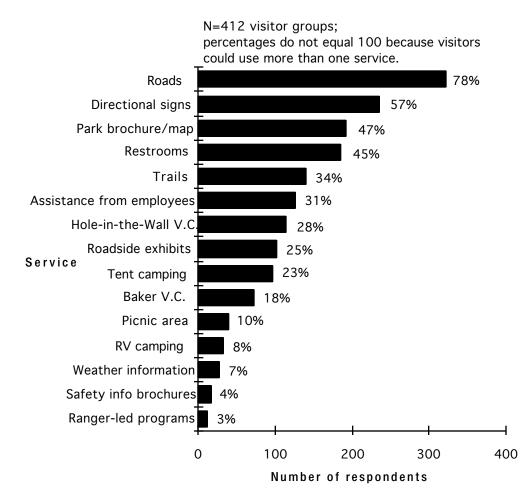


Figure 14: Use of visitor services and facilities

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Visitors rated the importance and quality of each of the visitor services and facilities they used. They used the following five point scales (see boxes below).

IMPORTANCE	
1=extremely important	
2=very important	
3=moderately important	
4=somewhat important	
5=not important	

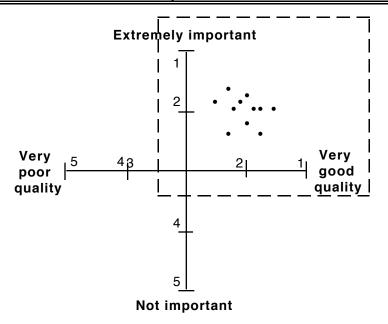
QUALITY	
1=very good	
2=good	
3=average	
4=poor	
5=very poor	

Figure 15 shows the average importance and quality ratings for each service. An average score was determined for each service based on ratings by visitors who used that service. This was done for both importance and quality. The results were plotted on the grid shown in Figure 15. All services were rated above average in importance and quality. Note that four services (ranger-led programs, weather information, safety information brochures and RV camping) were not rated by enough groups to provide reliable information.

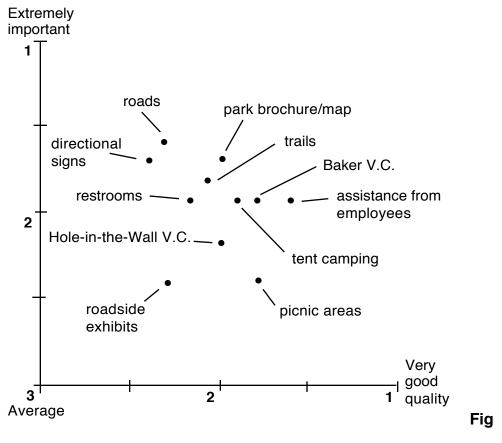
Figures 16-30 show that several services received the highest "very important" to "extremely important" ratings: RV camping (90%), roads (85%), directional signs (79%) and park brochure/map (79%). The highest "not important" rating was for picnic areas (13%).

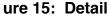
Figures 31-45 show that several services were given high "good" to "very good" quality ratings: assistance from employees (87%), Baker Visitor Center (81%), picnic areas (81%) and tent camping (75%). The services which received the highest "very poor" quality rating were directional signs and restrooms (each 10%).

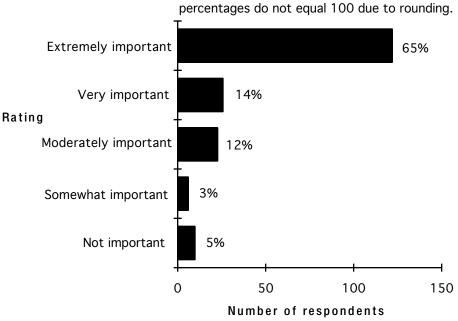
Figure 46 combines the "very good" and "good" quality ratings and compares those ratings for all of the services.











N=187 visitor groups; percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding

Figure 16: Importance of park brochure/map

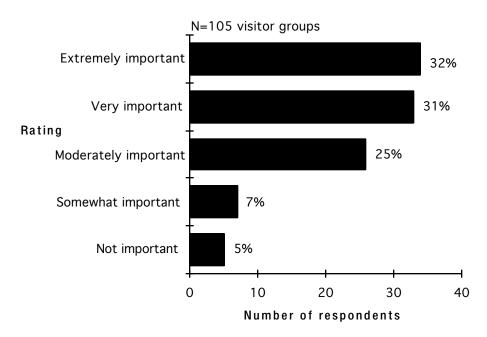


Figure 17: Importance of Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center

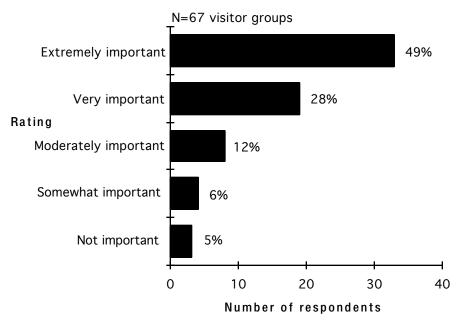


Figure 18: Importance of Baker Visitor Center

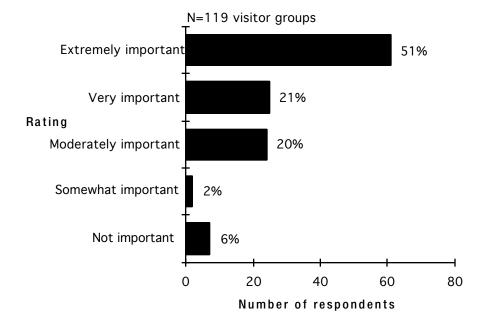


Figure 19: Importance of assistance from park employees

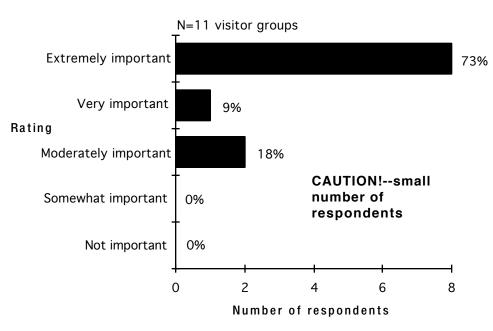


Figure 20: Importance of ranger-led programs

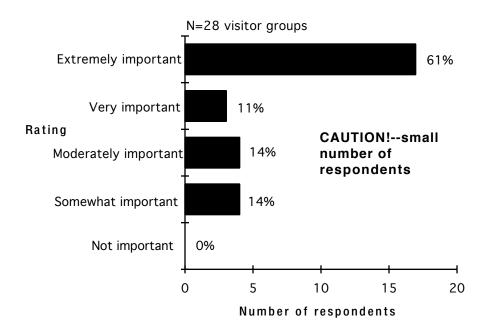
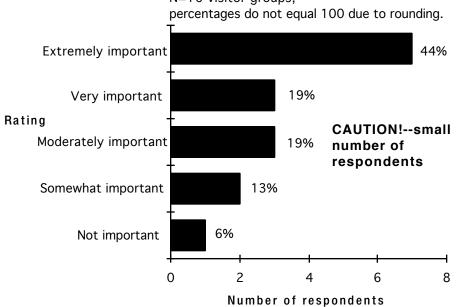


Figure 21: Importance of weather information



N=16 visitor groups;

Figure 22: Importance of safety information brochures

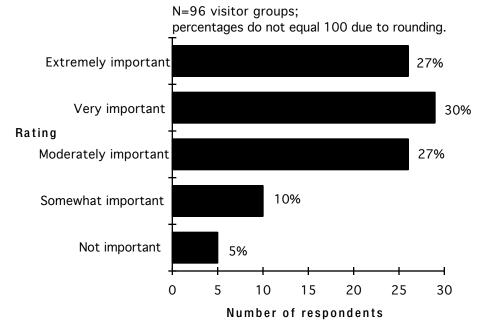


Figure 23: Importance of roadside exhibits

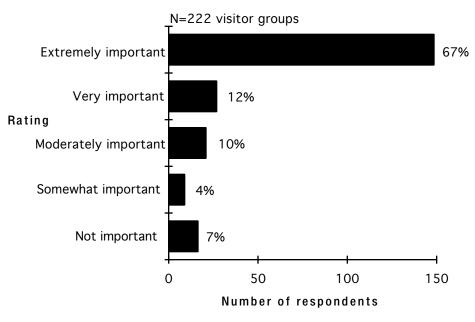


Figure 24: Importance of directional signs

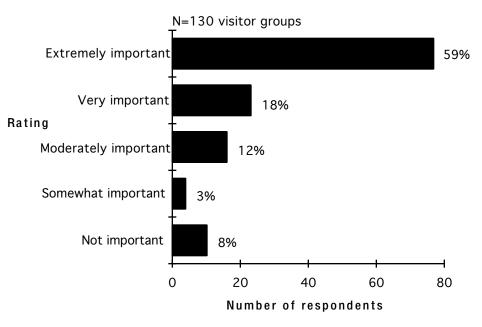


Figure 25: Importance of trails

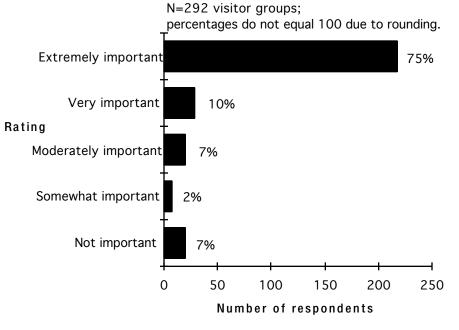


Figure 26: Importance of roads

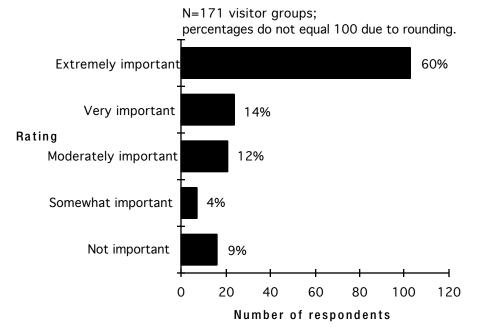


Figure 27: Importance of restrooms

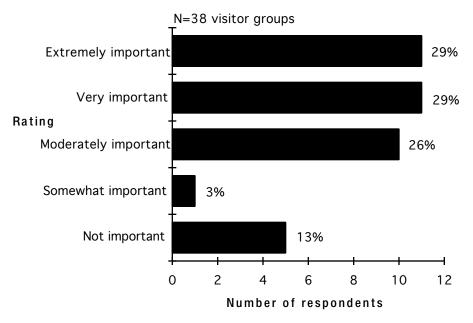


Figure 28: Importance of picnic area

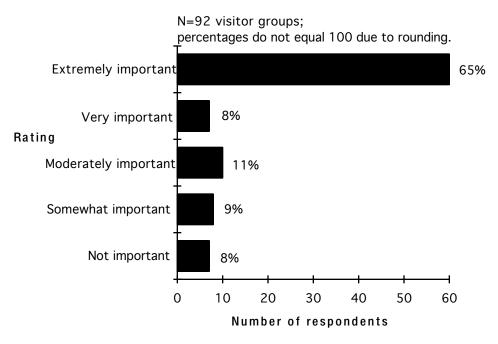


Figure 29: Importance of tent camping

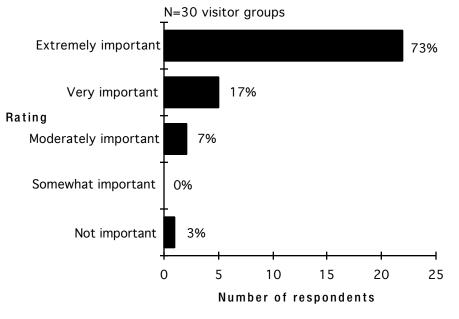


Figure 30: Importance of RV camping

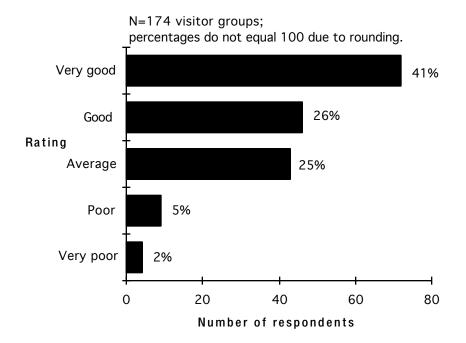


Figure 31: Quality of park brochure/map

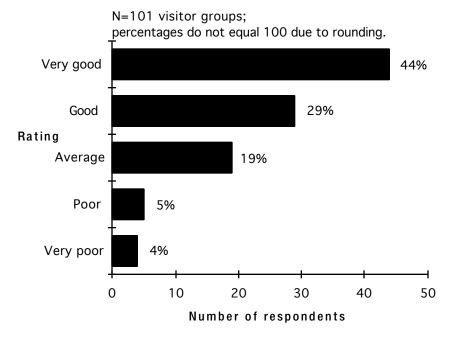


Figure 32: Quality of Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center

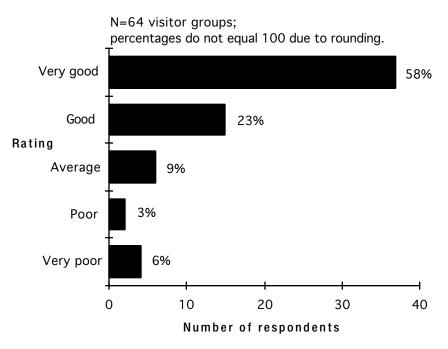


Figure 33: Quality of Baker Visitor Center

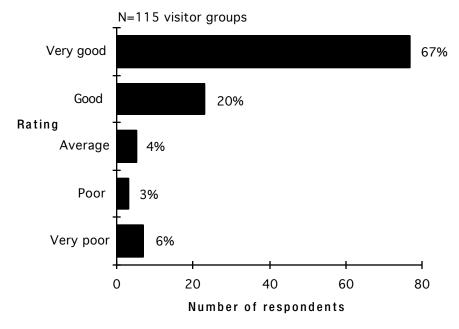


Figure 34: Quality of assistance from park employees

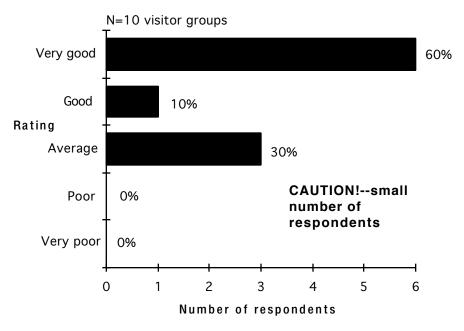


Figure 35: Quality of ranger-led programs

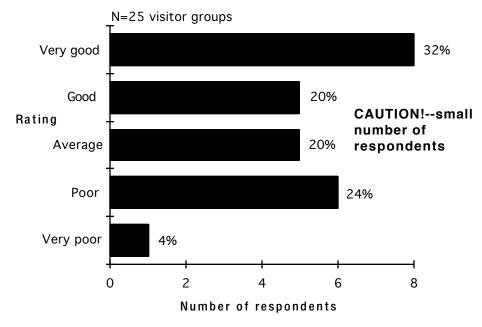


Figure 36: Quality of weather information

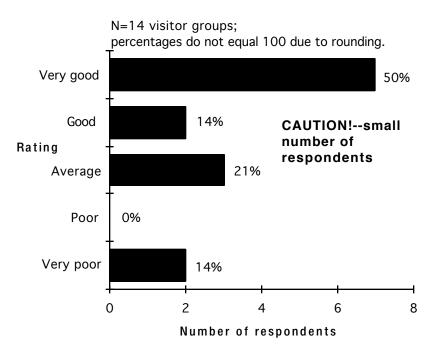


Figure 37: Quality of safety information brochures

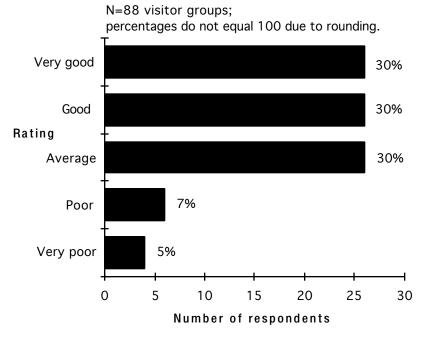


Figure 38: Quality of roadside exhibits

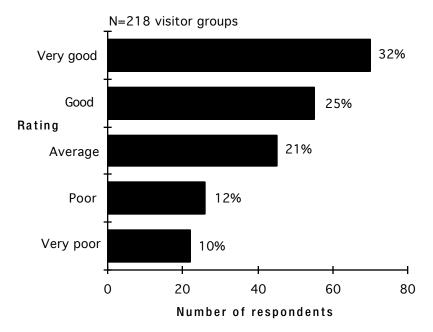
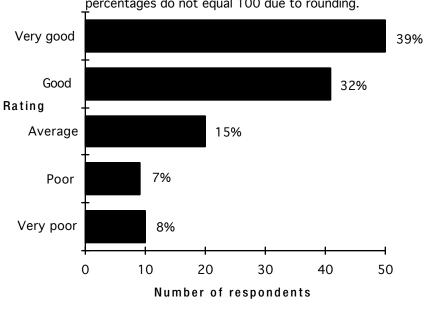


Figure 39: Quality of directional signs



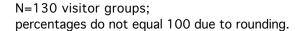


Figure 40: Quality of trails

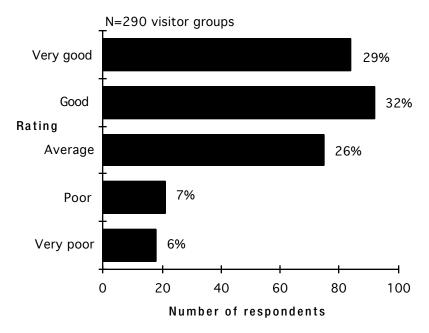
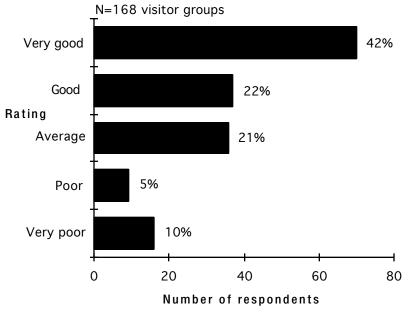


Figure 41: Quality of roads





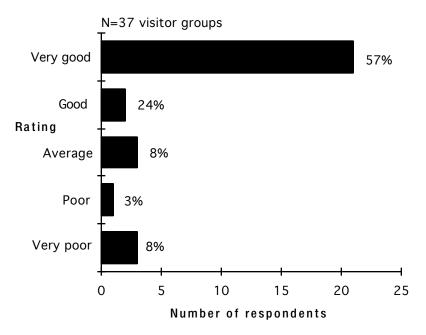


Figure 43: Quality of picnic area

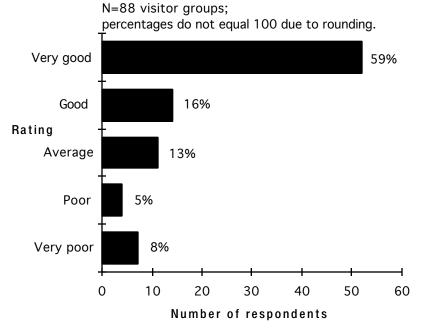


Figure 44: Quality of tent camping

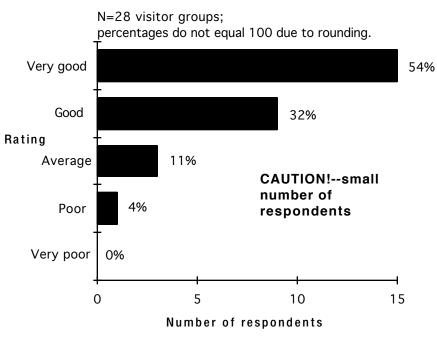


Figure 45: Quality of RV camping

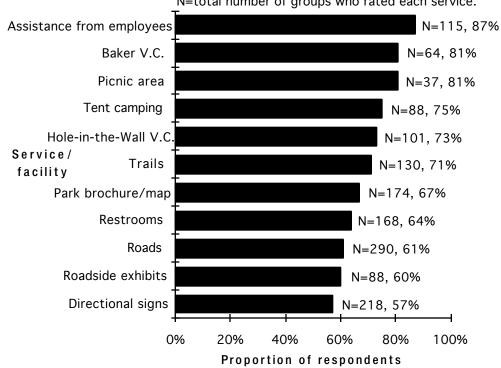
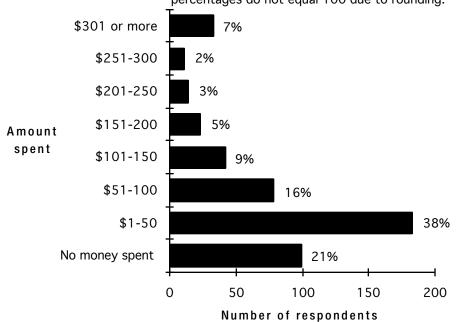


Figure 46: Combined proportions of "very good" and "good" quality ratings for services/facilities used by visitors

N=total number of groups who rated each service.

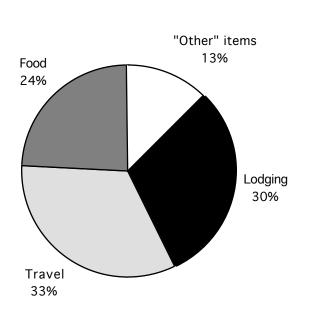
Expenditures During this visit to Mojave National Preserve, visitors were asked to list their expenditures within a one hour drive of the preserve. This area includes Shoshone, Primm (State Line), Needles, Laughlin, Barstow and Twentynine Palms, but not Las Vegas. They were asked how much money they spent for lodging (hotel, motel, camping, etc.), travel (gas, car rental, etc.), food (restaurant, groceries, etc.), and "other" items (souvenirs, books, maps, film, gifts, etc.). Total expenditures: Over one-third of the visitor groups (38%) spent up to \$50 in total expenditures during this visit (see Figure 47). Another 25% spent from \$51 to \$150 on this visit. The largest proportion of visitors' money was spent for travel (33%) and lodging (30%), as shown in Figure 48. Lodging: Fifty-nine percent of visitors spent no money for lodging on this visit (see Figure 49). Twenty-three percent spent up to \$50 for lodging during this visit. Travel: For travel, 64% of the groups spent up to \$50 (see Figure 50). Twenty-three percent spent no money. Food: For food, 56% of the groups spent up to \$50 (see Figure 51). About one-third (33%) spent no money. "Other" items: Fifty-nine percent of the groups spent no money for "other" items (see Figure 52). Another 28% spent up to \$25. During this visit, the average visitor group expenditure within a one hour drive was \$108. The average per capita expenditure was \$33. The median visitor group expenditure (50% of groups spent more; 50% spent less) was \$40.



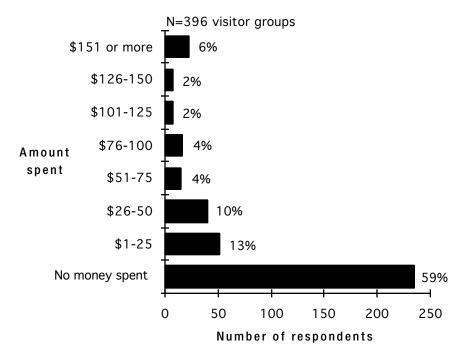
N=484 visitor groups; percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.



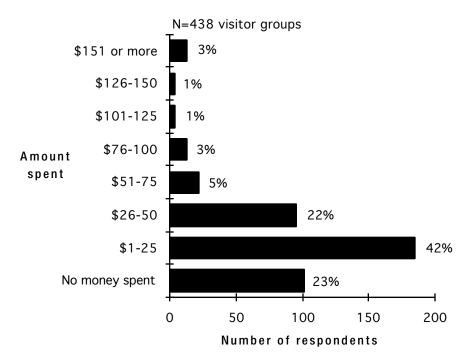
N=484 visitor groups













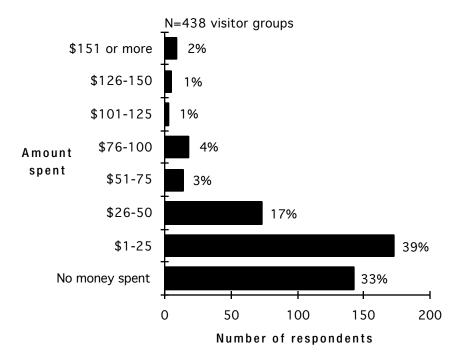


Figure 51: Expenditures for food

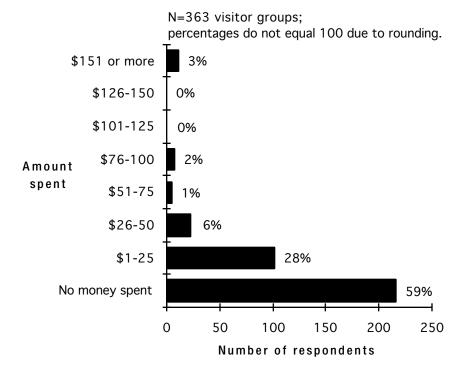


Figure 52: Expenditures for "other" items

WillingnessVisitors were asked "If it would increase funds to operate Mojaveto payNational Preserve, would you be willing to pay an entrance fee of \$5 to \$10futureper vehicle on a future visit?" Forty-three percent of the visitors respondedentrance feethat they would be willing to pay an entrance fee on a future visit (see Figure 53). Over one-third of the visitors (36%) said they would not be willing to pay a fee and 22% were not sure.

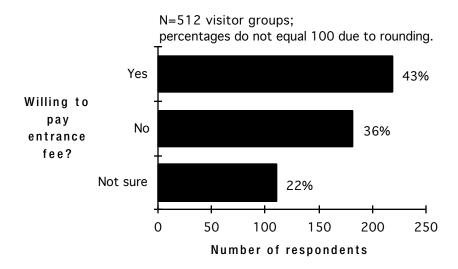


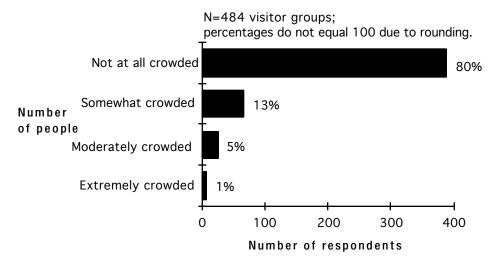
Figure 53: Willingness to pay entrance fee

crowding

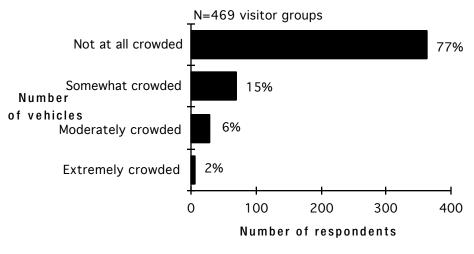
Visitors were asked how crowded they felt in the number of peopleOpinionsand vehicles present during their visit.about

Most visitor groups (80%) said they felt "not at all crowded" in the number of people present during their visit (see Figure 54). One percent of the groups felt "extremely crowded."

Visitors gave a similar response in rating the number of vehicles present during their visit. Seventy-seven percent of the visitors felt "not at all crowded" in the number of vehicles present (see Figure 55). Two percent of the groups felt "extremely crowded" by vehicles during their visit.









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Opinions Visitors were asked to rate how safe they felt while visiting Mojave about National Preserve. Almost three-fourths of the visitors (71%) said they felt preserve "very safe" (see Figure 56). Eighteen percent felt "safe" and 1% felt "very safety unsafe."

> When asked to describe the reasons they felt unsafe, visitors listed the unpaved, rough roads without pullouts and fear of getting stuck, the area's desolation/isolation, and the long distances between services, as shown in Table 7 below.

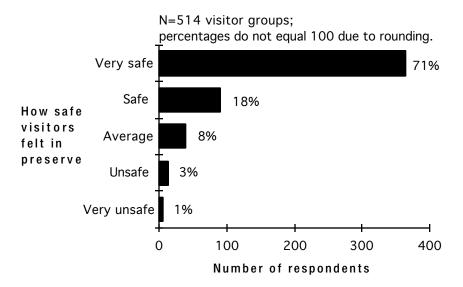


Figure 56: Visitors' safety ratings of the preserve

N=53 comments	
	mber of times mentioned
Unpaved road conditions, lack of pulloutsafraid of getting stuck Area very desolate Distance between services Fear of people who might help/use the area Cattle/other animals in road Lack of law enforcement officers/other help Snakes Lack of directional signs Lack of people Speeding cars Desert/heat Lack of light on highway Risk of falling off rocks Other comments	6 5 5 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 2 2 2 6

Table 7. Beasons for feeling unsafe

Visitors were asked to rate the importance of certain park features or qualities during their visit to Mojave National Preserve. The features or qualities included scenic vistas, desert experience, viewing wildlife, viewing wildflowers, clean air, solitude/quiet, wilderness/open space, stargazing/ night sky, historic/prehistoric site preservation, touring 4 X 4 backcountry unpaved roads and hunting.

As shown in Figures 57-67, the qualities which received the highest "very important" and "extremely important" ratings were wilderness/open space (87%), solitude/quiet (86%) and clean air (84%). The feature which received the highest "not important" rating was hunting (87%).

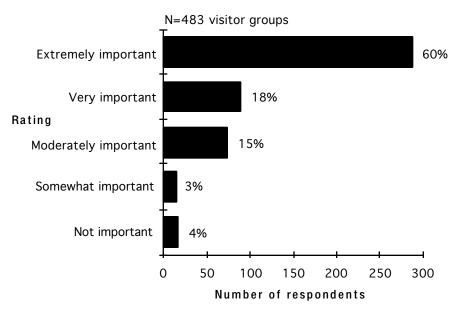


Figure 57: Importance of scenic vistas

Importance of park features or qualities

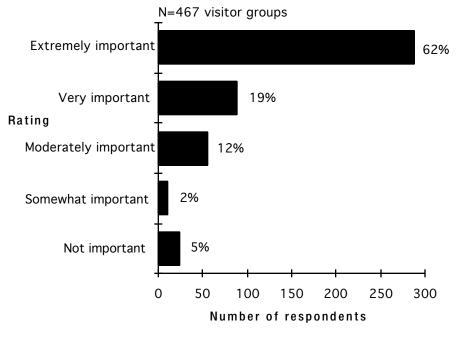


Figure 58: Importance of desert experience

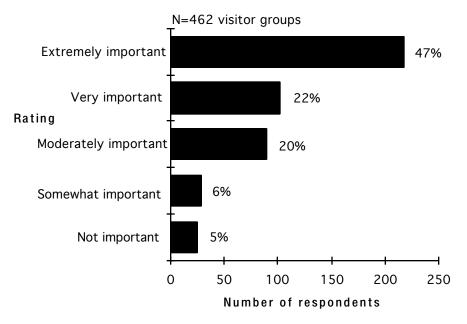


Figure 59: Importance of viewing wildlife

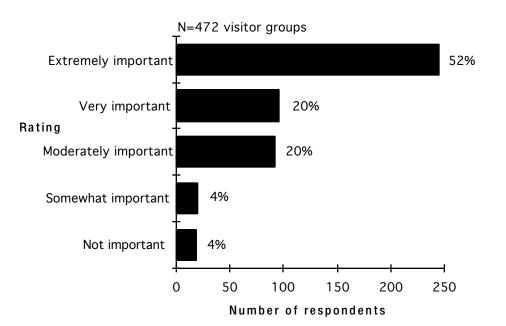


Figure 60: Importance of viewing wildflowers

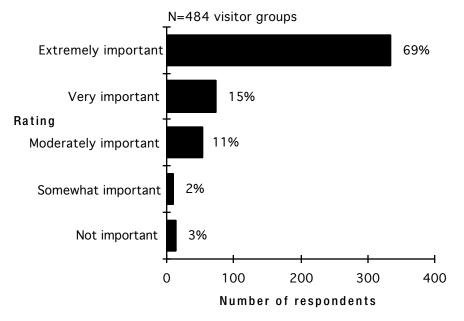


Figure 61: Importance of clean air

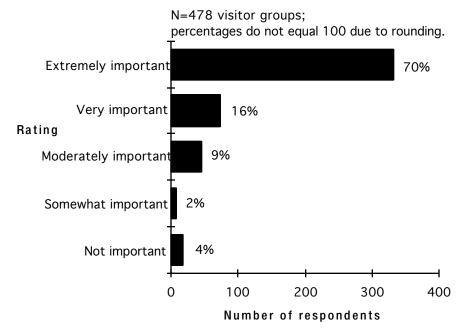


Figure 62: Importance of solitude/quiet

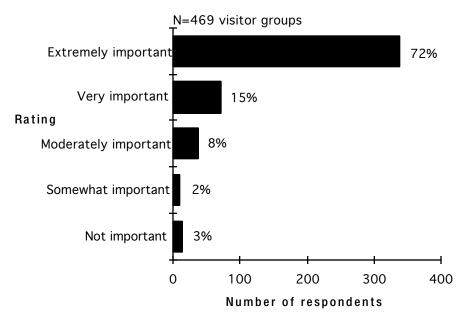
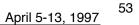


Figure 63: Importance of wilderness/open space



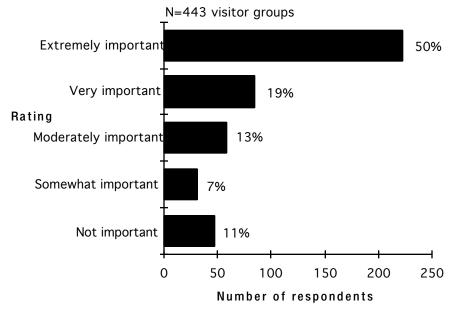


Figure 64: Importance of stargazing/night sky

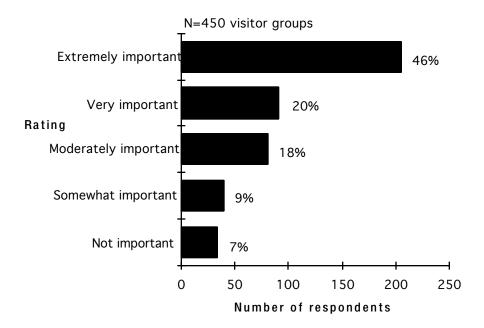
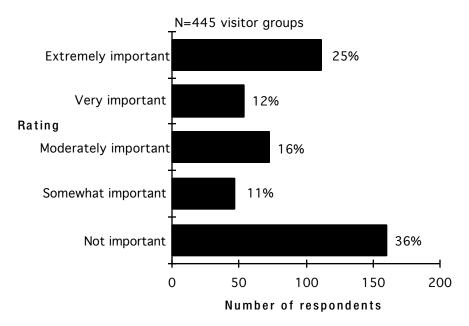
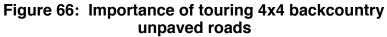


Figure 65: Importance of historic/prehistoric site preservation





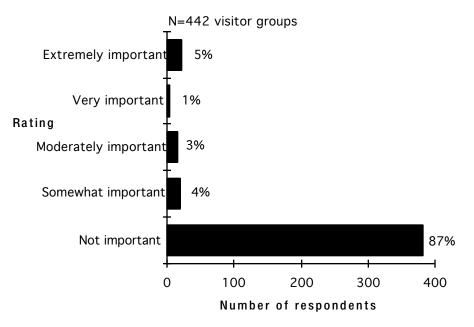


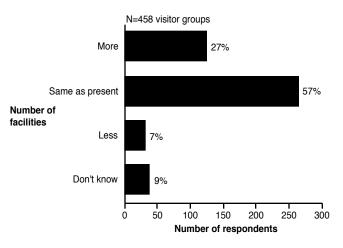
Figure 67: Importance of hunting

Visitors were asked whether they would like to see more, less or the present number of facilities in the preserve on a future visit. The facilities they were asked about included visitor centers, restrooms, campgrounds, picnic nu areas, roads, pullouts, directional signs, roadside exhibits and trails. pre

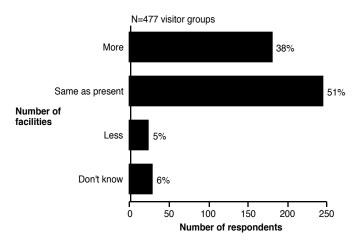
Opinions about number of preserve facilities

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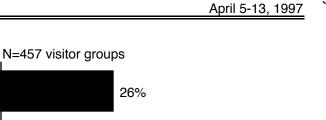
For each of the facilities listed, the greatest proportion of visitors preferred to keep the same number as presently exist (see Figures 68-76).

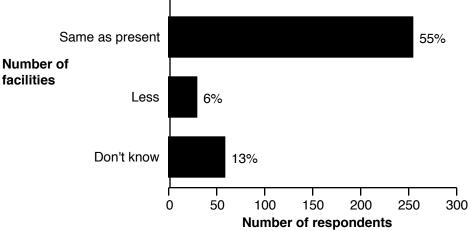






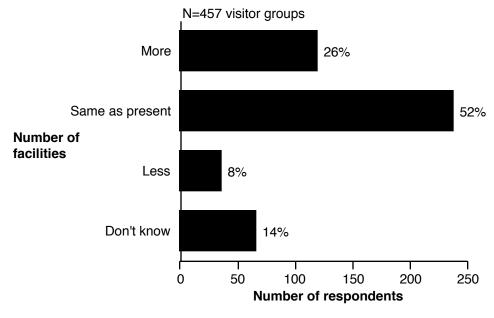






More

Figure 70: Campgrounds





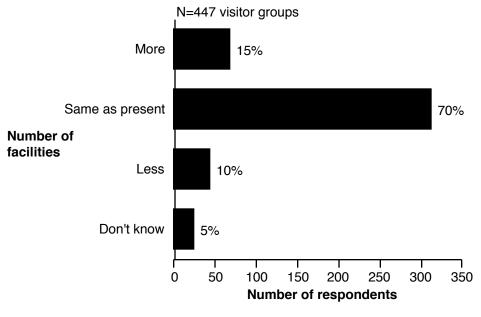


Figure 72: Roads

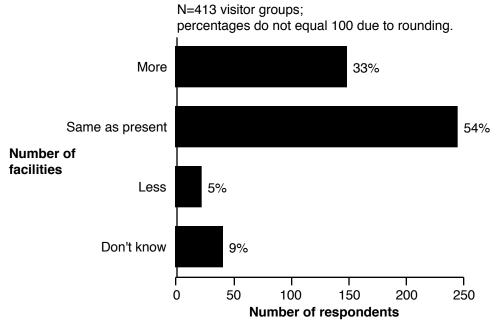


Figure 73: Pullouts

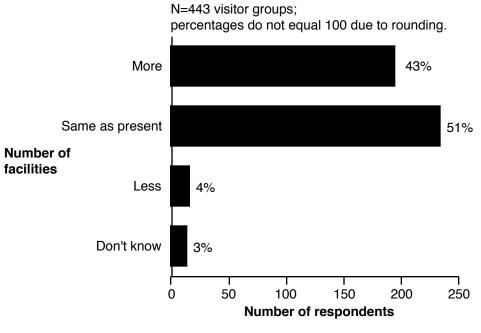


Figure 74: Directional signs

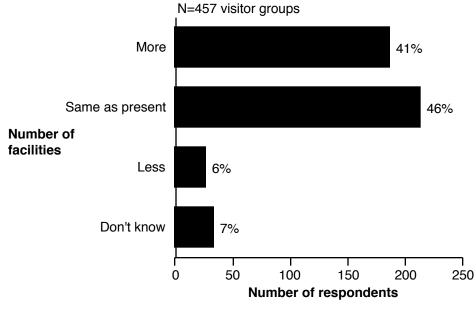


Figure 75: Roadside exhibits

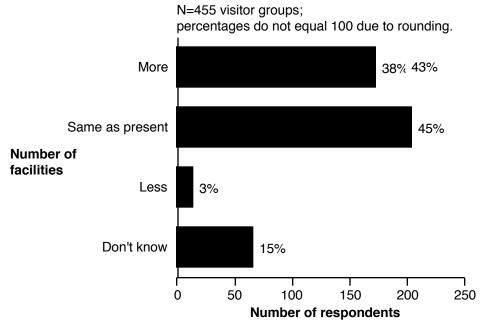


Figure 76: Trails

OverallVisitors were asked to rate the overall quality of the visitor servicesrating ofprovided at Mojave National Preserve during this visit. Most visitors (76%)servicerated the services as "good" or "very good," (see Figure 77). Two percent ofqualitythe visitors said the overall quality of services was "very poor."

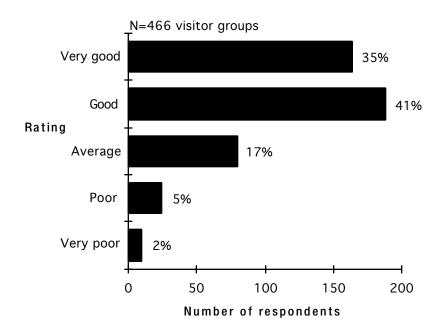


Figure 77: Overall quality rating of services

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Visitors were asked "If you were a manager planning for the future of	Planning for
Mojave National Preserve, what would you propose? Please be specific." A	the future
summary of the responses from 379 groups is listed in Table 8 below and in	
the appendix.	

Table 8: Planning for the future N=834 comments; many visitors made more than one comment.		
Comment	lumber of times mentioned	
PERSONNEL		
Increase ranger presence	4	
Need staff with more specific knowledge	3	
Provide full time resident ranger	3	
NTERPRETIVE SERVICES		
Provide more interpretive programs/guided walks	16	
Need visitor center within park	12	
Provide more information on wildflowers/native flora Educate visitors about balance between desert and humans	11 10	
Advertise preserve more	9	
Provide more brochures	9	
Provide more roadside interpretive exhibits	9	
Provide more history information	8	
Provide better quality map	6	
Provide information at preserve entrances	6	
Provide a road map with points of interest Emphasize importance of not trampling animal habitat	5 5	
Provide geology information/exhibits	4	
Provide list of locations that sell gas/groceries	3	
Improve trailhead information	3	
Provide way to make suggestions	2	
Provide topographic maps	2	
Provide more access to national park information	2	
Provide self-guided tours Post rules	2 2 2 2	
Other comments	9	
FACILITIES AND MAINTENANCE Restore Kelso Depot	25	
Improve road conditions	20	
Provide more directional signs on roads	21	
Increase number of campgrounds	20	
Improve directional signs	14	
Create better/more trails	13	
Do not pave any more roads Do not build any more facilities	11 9	
Provide water in campgrounds	9 8	
Keep roadside/primitive camping	8	

Comment	Number of times mentioned
Add restrooms at Kelso Dunes and Kelso Depot	7
Provide camping at Kelso Depot	6
Pave/improve road to Kelso Dunes	6
Maintain roads	6
Provide more pullouts	6
Provide phones for emergencies Provide more picnic areas	6 5 5
Improve handicapped accessibility	5
Keep backcountry trails network	5
Good balance of paved and unpaved roads	4
Primitive camping for motor homes Provide covered shelter in campgrounds	4 4
Provide restrooms in primitive campgrounds Provide better signage on some roads	4
Add primitive camping	3
Provide water at Kelso	3
Encourage dispersed camping	3
Keep roads and trails in present condition	3
Provide more rest areas	3
Indicate unpaved road conditions	3
Roads scarypoorly maintained	2
Keep facilities in great shape as they are	2
Do not provide improved campsites Add more 4 X 4 roads	2 2 2
Add trees & shrubs to Hole-in-the-Wall Campground Make entrance more inconspicuous Provide more signs for ORV roads	2
Other comments	13
PRIVATE BUSINESSES Establish gas stations/stores	11
Provide hotel in Kelso Depot Provide medical center/emergency services	4 3
Other comments	7
POLICIES Limit/eliminate off road vehicles	20
Charge entrance/use fee	10
Maintain/increase off road vehicle areas	8
Ban hunting	7
Preserve should be managed by BLM	4
Do not charge entrance fee	4
Ban motorized dirt bikes	4
Open more areas to public	4
Do not create too many rules/regulations	3
Fine campers who leave trash	3
Ban shooting	3
Do not allow rock hounding	3
Do not allow dumping	3
Provide year-long passes	2
Punish offenders Ban airplane/helicopter overflights	2
Keep existing dirt roads open	2
Open part of Kelso Dunes to off road vehicles	2
Other comments	27

April 5-13, 1997

Comment	Number of times mentioned	
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT		
Keep preserve as it is	57	
Keep preserve natural/undeveloped	43	
Turn Kelso Depot into a visitor center	30	
Phase out cattle grazing	26	
Restrict commercial development	20	
Limit number of visitors	14	
Preserve the solitude	12	
Extend wilderness areas	11	
Keep it simple	9	
Protect wildlife	8	
Stop all mining	7	
Phase out hunting	6	
Keep as wilderness preserve	4	
Do not let recreation compromise ecological integrity	4	
Allow/keep "working" ranches	3	

Stop all mining
Phase out hunting
Keep as wilderness preserve
Do not let recreation compromise ecological integrity
Allow/keep "working" ranches
Eliminate burros
Restrict development to reduce excessive vehicle traffic
Consider rail access instead of auto
Protect plant life
Preserve geology & biology
Other comments

GENERAL IMPRESSIONS

Just driving through	8
Good job	2
Other comment	1

8

Comment	Many visitors (291 groups) wrote additional comments, which are	
summary	included in the separate appendix of this report. The comments are	
	summarized in Table 9 below and in the appendix. Some comments offer	
	specific suggestions on how to improve the park; others describe what visit	ors
	enjoyed or did not enjoy about their visit.	
	Table 9: Visitor comment summaryN=582 comments;many visitors made more than one comment.	
	Comment Number of ment	
	PERSONNEL Rangers helpful and enjoyable Not enough personnel Friendly and knowledgeable ranger at Hole-in-the-Wall	5 4 2
		3
	Provide brochures on historic sites Provide more roadside exhibits Advertise more Post hours/schedule for visitor centers Provide information at park entrances Provide more information for children/school groups Provide brochures on flora Provide brochures on fauna Provide more maps	94443222224
	Provide more road signs Like primitive camping Improve roads Restore Kelso Depot Good roads Improve campgrounds Clean park	086655553322222222

64

Comment	Number of times mentioned
Campgrounds excellent Restore Kelso Depot for new uses Make Kelso Depot a visitor center Campsites were clean Provide showers	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center too elaborate/expensive Reduce number of Kelso Dunes parking areas/trails Keep it clean Did not know facilities existed Other comments	2 2 2 2 16
PRIVATE BUSINESSES Provide gas at Kelso Depot Other comments	2 4
POLICIES Keep no fee/no permits needed Do not close off more areas Limit access Expand 4 X 4 access Keep all roads open Charge a user fee Fine violators Campground prices increase with no increase in services Campgrounds expensive Other comments	6 5 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 12
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT Enjoyed solitudekeep it uncrowded Don't over-commercialize/overdevelop Glad it's protected Discontinue cattle/grazing Enjoyed seeing wildlife Saw lots of wildflowers and cacti Uncrowded Don't allow mining Did not see any wildlife Protect areas from off road vehicles Saw tortoise Consider wildlife before people Preserve natural ecosystems Wonderful diversity/desert ecology Protect the dunes Like clean air Too crowded Other comments	23 20 16 7 4 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Comment	Number of times mentioned
GENERAL IMPRESSIONS	

Enjoyed visit Beautiful/scenic Visit often Want/plan to come back Keep it like it is Just passing through Did not spend enough time to comment Enjoy the drive	57 41 23 22 21 15 8 8 6
Visit often Want/plan to come back Keep it like it is Just passing through Did not spend enough time to comment	23 22 21 15 8 8
Want/plan to come back Keep it like it is Just passing through Did not spend enough time to comment	22 21 15 8 8
Keep it like it is Just passing through Did not spend enough time to comment	21 15 8 8
Just passing through Did not spend enough time to comment	15 8 8
Did not spend enough time to comment	8 8
	8
	6
Enjoy open space	•
Thank you	5
Enjoyed history	5
Visit was too short	4
Know the area well	4
Saw few people	4
Enjoy opportunity for discovery	3 3 3 3 2
Kelso Depot is great	3
Enjoyed the desert atmosphere	3
We love the NPS	3
Enjoyed comet/night skies	3
Saw no traffic	2
Like sense of wilderness	2 2 2
Very windy	2
Unaware that it is a preserve	2
The preserve has unrealized potential	2 2
Enjoyed the simplicity	2
Keep up the good work	2
Other comments	20

April 5-13, 1997

Mojave National Preserve Additional Analysis VSP Report # 94

The Visitor Services Project (VSP) staff offer the opportunity to learn more from VSP visitor study data.

Additional Analysis:

Additional analysis can be done using the park's VSP visitor study data that was collected and entered into the computer. Two-way and three-way cross tabulations can be made of any of the characteristics listed below. Be as specific as possible--you may select a single program/service/ facility instead of all that were listed in the questionnaire. Include your name, address and phone number in the request.

- · Places visited on trip
- Activities
- · Length of stay
- Places visited in preserve
- Entry location
- Exit location
- Group size
- With organized tour group?
- With educational group?

- Group type
- Age
- Zip code
- Country of residence
- Number of visits
- · Services/facilities used
- Service/facility importance
- · Service/facility quality
- Total expenditures
- Lodging expenditures

- Travel expenditures
- · Food expenditures
- · "Other" expenditures
- · Willingness to pay entrance fee
- Crowding people
- · Crowding vehicles
- Preserve safety
- · Importance of features/qualities
- · Number of preserve facilities
- Overall quality of services

Database

A database, which became operational in April 1996, contains all the VSP visitor studies results from 1988 through the present. To use the database it is necessary to have a database catalog, which lists the information contained in the database. Queries to the database will be accepted by phone, mail, cc:Mail, e:mail or fax and the same forms of media can be used to return the answer to you. Through the database, you can learn how the results of this VSP visitor study compare with those across the nation, or within a specific region, with other natural areas, or sorted in many other ways.

Phone/send database requests to:

Visitor Services Project, CPSU College of Forestry, Wildlife and Range Sciences University of Idaho Moscow, Idaho 83844-1133 Phone: 208-885-2819 FAX: 208-885-4261 cc:Mail: VSP Database e:mail: vspdatabase@uidaho.edu

QUESTIONNAIRE

Visitor Services Project Publications

Reports 1-6 (pilot studies) are available from the University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit. All other VSP reports listed are available from the parks where the studies were conducted.

1982

1. Mapping interpretive services: A pilot study at Grand Teton National Park

1983

- 2. Mapping interpretive services: Identifying barriers to adoption and diffusion of the method
- Mapping interpretive services: A follow-up study at Yellowstone National Park and Mt Rushmore National Memorial
- Mapping visitor populations: A pilot study at Yellowstone National Park

1985

- 5. North Cascades National Park Service Complex
- 6. Crater Lake National Park

1986

- 7. Gettysburg National Military Park
- 8. Independence National Historical Park
- 9. Valley Forge National Historical Park

1987

- 10. Colonial National Historical Park
- 11. Grand Teton National Park
- 12. Harpers Ferry National Historical Park
- 13. Mesa Verde National Park
- 14. Shenandoah National Park
- 15. Yellowstone National Park
- 16. Independence National Historical Park: Four Seasons Study

1988

- 17. Glen Canyon National Recreational Area
- 18. Denali National Park and Preserve
- 19. Bryce Canyon National Park
- 20. Craters of the Moon National Monument

1989

- 21. Everglades National Park
- 22. Statue of Liberty National Monument
- 23. The White House Tours, President's Park (summer)
- 24. Lincoln Home National Historical Site
- 25. Yellowstone National Park
- 26. Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area
- 27. Muir Woods National Monument

1990

- 28. Canyonlands National Park
- 29. White Sands National Monument
- 30. National Monuments
- 31. Kenai Fjords National Park
- 32. Gateway National Recreation Area
- 33. Petersburg National Battlefield
- 34. Death Valley National Monument
- 35. Glacier National Park
- 36. Scott's Bluff National Monument
- 37. John Day Fossil Beds National Monument

1991

- 38. Jean Lafitte National Historical Park
- 39. Joshua Tree National Monument
- 40. The White House Tours, President's Park (spring)
- 41. Natchez Trace Parkway
- 42. Stehekin-North Cascades NP/ Lake Chelan NRA
- 43. City of Rocks National Reserve
- 44. The White House Tours, President's Park (fall)

1992

- 45. Big Bend National Park
- 46. Frederick Douglass National Historic Site
- 47. Glen Echo Park
- 48. Bent's Old Fort National Historic Site
- 49. Jefferson National Expansion Memorial
- 50. Zion National Park
- 51. New River Gorge National River
- 52. Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park
- 53. Arlington House-The Robert E. Lee Memorial

1993

- 54. Belle Haven Park/Dyke Marsh Wildlife Preserve
- 55. Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area
- 56. Whitman Mission National Historic Site
- 57. Sitka National Historical Park
- 58. Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore (summer)
- 59. Redwood National Park
- 60. Channel Islands National Park
- 61. Pecos National Historical Park
- 62. Canyon de Chelly National Monument
- 63. Bryce Canyon National Park

Visitor Services Project Publications (continued)

1994

- 64. Death Valley National Monument Backcountry
- 65. San Antonio Missions National Historical Park
- 66. Anchorage Alaska Public Lands Information Center
- 67. Wolf Trap Farm Park for the Performing Arts
- 68. Nez Perce National Historical Park
- 69. Edison National Historic Site
- 70. San Juan Island National Historical Park
- 71. Canaveral National Seashore
- 72. Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore (fall)
- 73. Gettysburg National Military Park

1995

- 74. Grand Teton National Park (winter)
- 75. Yellowstone National Park (winter)
- 76. Bandelier National Monument
- 77. Wrangell-St. Elias National Park & Preserve
- 78. Adams National Historic Site
- 79. Devils Tower National Monument
- 80. Manassas National Battlefield Park
- 81. Booker T. Washington National Monument
- 82. San Francisco Maritime National Historical Park
- 83. Dry Tortugas National Park

1996

- 84. Everglades National Park
- 85. Chiricahua National Monument
- 86. Fort Bowie National Historic Site
- 87. Great Falls Park, Virginia
- 88. Great Smoky Mountains National Park (summer)
- 89. Chamizal National Memorial
- 90. Death Valley National Park
- 91. Prince William Forest Park
- 92. Great Smoky Mountains National Park (summer & fall)

1997

- 93. Virgin Islands National Park
- 94. Mojave National Preserve

For more information about the Visitor Services Project, please contact the University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit; phone (208) 885-7863.

Mojave National Preserve Visitor Study Appendix Spring 1997

Visitor Services Project Report 94 Cooperative Park Studies Unit

Mojave National Preserve Visitor Study

Appendix

Spring 1997

Margaret Littlejohn

Visitor Services Project Report 94

November 1997

This volume contains summaries of visitors' comments for Questions 17 and 18. Each summary is followed by their unedited comments.

Margaret Littlejohn is VSP Coordinator, National Park Service, based at the Cooperative Park Studies Unit, University of Idaho. I thank Sandy Watson, Mark Patterson, Taylor Pittman and the staff and volunteers of Mojave National Preserve for their assistance with this study. The VSP acknowledges the Public Opinion Lab of the Social and Economic Sciences Research Center, Washington State University, for its technical assistance.

Planning for the future N=834 comments; many visitors made more than one comment.

Comment	Number of times mentioned
PERSONNEL Increase ranger presence Need staff with more specific knowledge Provide full time resident ranger	4 3 3
INTERPRETIVE SERVICES Provide more interpretive programs/guided walks Need visitor center within park Provide more information on wildflowers/native flora Educate visitors about balance between desert and humans Advertise preserve more Provide more brochures Provide more roadside interpretive exhibits Provide more history information Provide better quality map Provide information at preserve entrances Provide a road map with points of interest Emphasize importance of not trampling animal habitat Provide geology information/exhibits Provide list of locations that sell gas/groceries Improve trailhead information Provide topographic maps Provide more access to national park information Provide self-guided tours Post rules Other comments	16 12 11 10 9 9 9 9 8 6 6 5 5 4 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 9
FACILITIES AND MAINTENANCE Restore Kelso Depot Improve road conditions Provide more directional signs on roads Increase number of campgrounds Improve directional signs Create better/more trails Do not pave any more roads Do not build any more facilities Provide water in campgrounds Keep roadside/primitive camping Add restrooms at Kelso Dunes and Kelso Depot Provide camping at Kelso Depot Pave/improve road to Kelso Dunes Maintain roads Provide more pullouts Provide more picnic areas Improve handicapped accessibility Keep backcountry trails network	25 20 21 20 14 13 11 9 8 8 7 6 6 6 6 6 5 5 5

Comment	Number of times mentioned
Good balance of paved and unpaved roads Primitive camping for motor homes Provide covered shelter in campgrounds Provide restrooms in primitive campgrounds Provide better signage on some roads Add primitive camping Provide water at Kelso Encourage dispersed camping Keep roads and trails in present condition Provide more rest areas Indicate unpaved road conditions Roads scarypoorly maintained Keep facilities in great shape as they are Do not provide improved campsites Add more 4 X 4 roads Add trees & shrubs to Hole-in-the-Wall Campground Make entrance more inconspicuous Provide more signs for ORV roads Other comments	4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2
CONCESSIONS/PRIVATE BUSINESS Establish gas stations/stores Provide hotel in Kelso Depot Provide medical center/emergency services Other comments	11 4 3 7
POLICIES Limit/eliminate off road vehicles Charge entrance/use fee Maintain/increase off road vehicle areas Ban hunting Preserve should be managed by BLM Do not charge entrance fee Ban motorized dirt bikes Open more areas to public Do not create too many rules/regulations Fine campers who leave trash Ban shooting Do not allow rock hounding Do not allow rock hounding Provide year-long passes Punish offenders Ban airplane/helicopter overflights Keep existing dirt roads open Open part of Kelso Dunes to off road vehicles Other comments	20 10 8 7 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Comment	Number of times mentioned
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	
Keep preserve as it is	57
Keep preserve natural/undeveloped	43
Turn Kelso Depot into a visitor center	30
Phase out cattle grazing	26
Restrict commercial development	20
Limit number of visitors	14
Preserve the solitude	12
Extend wilderness areas	11
Keep it simple	9
Protect wildlife	8
Stop all mining	7
Phase out hunting	6
Keep as wilderness preserve	4
Do not let recreation compromise ecological integrity	4
Allow/keep "working" ranches	3
Eliminate burros	3
Restrict development to reduce excessive vehicle traffic	3
Consider rail access instead of auto	3
Protect plant life	2
Preserve geology & biology	2
Other comments	8
GENERAL IMPRESSIONS	0

8
2
1

Visitor comment summary N=582 comments; many visitors made more than one comment.

Comment	Number of times
	mentioned
PERSONNEL	
Rangers helpful and enjoyable	5
Not enough personnel	4
Friendly and knowledgeable ranger at Hole-in-the-Wall	2
Other comments	3
INTERPRETIVE SERVICES	
Provide more information/brochures about preserve	9
Provide brochures on historic sites	4
Provide more roadside exhibits	4
Advertise more	4
Post hours/schedule for visitor centers	3
Provide information at park entrances	2
Provide more information for children/school groups	2
Provide brochures on flora	3 2 2 2 2 2
Provide brochures on fauna	2
Provide more maps	2
Provide more information for overseas visitors (foreign language	, etc.) 2 4
Other comments	4
FACILITIES AND MAINTENANCE	
Don't add any more facilities/buildings	10
Provide more road signs	8
Like primitive camping	6
Improve roads	6
Restore Kelso Depot	
Good roads	5
Improve campgrounds	5
Clean park	5
Enjoyed Hole-in-the-Wall campground	5 5 5 3 3 2
Improve road signs	3
Provide more rest areas	2
Improve rest areas	2 2
Provide more restrooms Warn of limited access on certain roads	2
Maintain roads	2
Provide information on road conditions	2
Add campsites	2
Do not create more campsites	2
Campgrounds excellent	2
Restore Kelso Depot for new uses	2
Make Kelso Depot a visitor center	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Campsites were clean	2
Provide showers	2
Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center too elaborate/expensive	2
Reduce number of Kelso Dunes parking areas/trails	2
Keep it clean	2
Did not know facilities existed	2
Other comments	16

Comment	Number of times mentioned
CONCESSIONS/PRIVATE BUSINESSES Provide gas at Kelso Depot Other comments	2 4
POLICIES Keep no fee/no permits needed Do not close off more areas Limit access Expand 4 X 4 access Keep all roads open Charge a user fee Fine violators Campground prices increase with no increase in services Campgrounds expensive Other comments	6 5 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 12
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT Enjoyed solitudekeep it uncrowded Don't over-commercialize/overdevelop Glad it's protected Discontinue cattle/grazing Enjoyed seeing wildlife Saw lots of wildflowers and cacti Uncrowded Don't allow mining Did not see any wildlife Protect areas from off road vehicles Saw tortoise Consider wildlife before people Preserve natural ecosystems Wonderful diversity/desert ecology Protect the dunes Like clean air Too crowded Other comments	23 20 16 7 4 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
GENERAL IMPRESSIONS Enjoyed visit Beautiful/scenic Visit often Want/plan to come back Keep it like it is Just passing through Did not spend enough time to comment Enjoy the drive Enjoy open space Thank you Enjoyed history Visit was too short Know the area well Saw few people	57 41 23 22 21 15 8 8 6 5 5 4 4 4

Comment	Number of times mentioned
Enjoy opportunity for discovery	3
Kelso Depot is great	3
Enjoyed the desert atmosphere	3
We love the NPS	3
Enjoyed comet/night skies	3
Saw no traffic	2
Like sense of wilderness	2
Very windy	2
Unaware that it is a preserve	2
The preserve has unrealized potential	2
Enjoyed the simplicity	2
Keep up the good work	2
Other comments	20