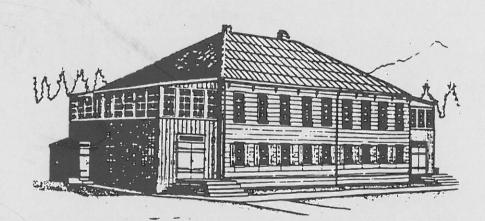




Visitor Services Project

Sitka National Historical Park



Visitor Services Project Report 57 Cooperative Park Studies Unit





Visitor Services Project Sitka National Historic Park

Margaret Littlejohn

Report 57

March 1994

Margaret Littlejohn is VSP Western Coordinator, National Park Service, based at the Cooperative Park Studies Unit, University of Idaho. I thank the staff at Sitka National Historical Park for their assistance with this study. The VSP acknowledges the Public Opinion Lab of the Social and Economic Sciences Research Center, Washington State University, for its technical assistance.

Visitor Services Project Sitka National Historical Park

Report Summary

- This report describes the results of a visitor study at Sitka National Historical Park during July 11-17, 1993. A total of 486 questionnaires were distributed and 402 returned, an 83% response rate.
- This report profiles Sitka visitors. A separate appendix has visitors' comments about their visit; this report and the appendix contain a comment summary.
- Visitors were often families (51%) and in groups of two (51%). Fifty-eight percent of visitors were 46-70 years old; 6% were 15 years or younger. Most (86%) were first-time visitors to Sitka.
- Visitors from foreign countries comprised 8% of the visitation, with 54% of the international visitors from Canada. U.S. visitors came from California (21%), and Alaska (13%), with smaller proportions from many other states.
- Most visitors (52%) spent up to one hour at the Russian Bishop's House. Sixty percent of the visitors stayed up to one hour at the park visitor center. Most visitors viewed the totem poles (87%), visited the visitor center (87%), walked park trails (74%) and took photographs (71%).
- Most visitors (67%) were not aware of the park's existence prior to their visit. Visitors (36%) often used travel guides/tour books as sources of information about the park.
- The most visited park sites were the visitor center (88%), totem trail (79%) and Russian Bishop's House (65%). In town, St. Michael's Cathedral was the most visited site.
- The most common form of transportation to get to Sitka was the cruise ship (51%). To get to the park, most visitors walked (64%).
- Visitors' main reasons for seeing the park were to learn about history (59%) and see exhibits (50%).
- The most used visitor services were the totem poles, park visitor center exhibits and trails. Information from park employees and trails were the most important services according to visitors. The first floor exhibits in the Russian Bishop's House were the least important service. Trails and second floor tour of the Russian Bishop's House received the highest quality ratings.
- Fourteen percent of visitors said they were Sitka residents. Of those, 89% participated in recreation in the park. Their main reasons for recreating in the park were because it provided needed facilities, they felt safe recreating there, and it was convenient to their neighborhood.
- Many visitors (48%) were undecided about whether exercise stations should be kept along a park trail. Forty-three percent of visitors favor keeping the exercise stations along the trail.
- Many visitors (44%) said it was unlikely that they would use a shuttle bus on a future visit. About one third of visitors (35%) said they would likely use such a bus in the future.
- Visitors made many additional comments.

For more information about the Visitor Services Project, please contact Dr. Gary E. Machlis, Sociology Project Leader, University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit, College of Forestry, Wildlife and Range Sciences, Moscow, Idaho 83844-1133 or call (208) 885-7129.

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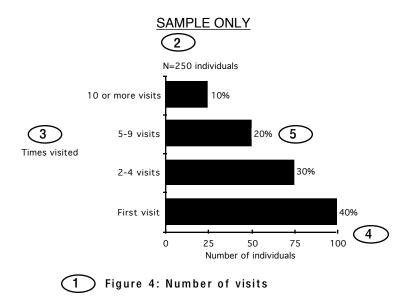
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INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of a study of visitors at Sitka National Historical Park (referred to as "Sitka"). This visitor study was conducted July 11-17, 1993 by the National Park Service (NPS) Visitor Services Project (VSP), part of the Cooperative Park Studies Unit at the University of Idaho.

A <u>Methods</u> section discusses the procedures and limitations of the study. The <u>Results</u> section follows, including a summary of visitor comments. Next, a <u>Menu for Further Analysis</u> helps managers request additional analyses. The final section has a copy of the <u>Questionnaire</u>. The separate appendix includes a comment summary and the visitors' unedited comments.

Many of this report's graphs resemble the example below. The large numbers refer to explanations following the graph.



- 1: The figure title describes the graph's information.
- Listed above the graph, the 'N' shows the number of visitors responding and a description of the chart's information. Interpret data with an 'N' of less than 30 with CAUTION! as the results may be unreliable.
- 3: Vertical information describes categories.
- 4: Horizontal information shows the number or proportions in each category.
- 5: In most graphs, percentages provide additional information.

METHODS

Questionnaire	Interviews were conducted and questionnaires distributed to a
design and	sample of selected visitors visiting Sitka National Historical Park during
administration	July 11-17, 1993. Visitors completed the questionnaire during or after
	their trip and then returned it by mail.
	The questionnaire design used the standard format of previous
	Visitor Services Project studies. See the end of this report for a copy of
	the questionnaire.
	Visitors were sampled on foot as they approached the visitor
	center, the Russian Bishop's House and entered the exercise trail.
	Visitor groups were greeted, briefly introduced to the purpose of
	the study and asked to participate. If visitors agreed, the interview took
	approximately two minutes. These interviews included determining
	group size group type and the age of the adult who would complete the
	questionnaire. This individual was asked his or her name, address and
	telephone number for the later mailing of a reminder-thank you postcard.
	Two weeks following the survey, a reminder-thank you postcard
	was mailed to all participants. Replacement questionnaires were mailed
	to participants who had not returned their questionnaires four weeks after
	the survey.
Data analysis	Returned questionnaires were coded and entered into a computer.
-	Frequency distributions and cross-tabulations were calculated using a
	standard statistical software package. Respondents' comments were
	summarized.
Sample size,	This study collected information on both visitor groups and
missing data	individual group members. Thus, the sample size ("N"), varies from figure
and reporting	to figure. For example, while Figure 1 shows information for 385 groups,
errors	Figure 3 presents data for 954 individuals. A note above each figure's
	graph specifies the information illustrated.

2

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Occasionally, a respondent may not have answered all of the questions, or may have answered some incorrectly. Unanswered questions create missing data and cause the number in the sample to vary from figure to figure. For example, although 402 questionnaires were returned, Figure 1 shows data for only 385 respondents.

Questions answered incorrectly due to carelessness, misunderstanding directions and so forth, turn up in the data as reporting errors. These create small data inconsistencies.

Like all surveys, this study has limitations which should be Limitations considered when interpreting the results. 1. It is not possible to know whether visitor responses reflect actual behavior. This disadvantage applies to all such studies and is reduced by having visitors fill out the questionnaire <u>as they visit</u> the park. 2. The data reflect visitor use patterns of visitors to the selected sites during the study period of July 11-17, 1993. The results do not necessarily apply to visitors using other sites in the park or to visitors during other times of the year.

3. Caution is advised when interpreting any data with a sample size of less than 30, as the results may be unreliable. Whenever the sample size is less than 30, the word **"CAUTION!"** is included in the graph, figure or table.

The week of July 11-17, 1993 was unusually sunny and warm	Special
compared to past summers and may have affected how visitors responded	Conditions
to some of the questions concerning transportation in the questionnaire.	

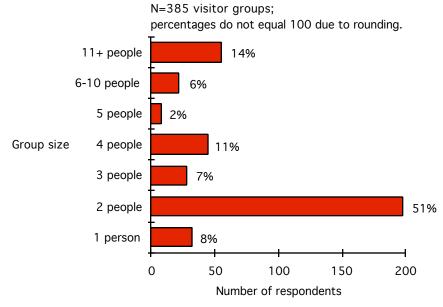
RESULTS

Visitors	A total of 523 visitor gro	oups were o	contacted	; 93% acc	epted
contacted	questionnaires. Four hundred t	wo visitor g	groups co	mpleted a	nd
	returned their questionnaires, a	n 83% resp	onse rate).	
	Table 1 compares inform	mation coll	ected fron	n the total	sample
	of visitors contacted and the act	ual respon	dents who	o returned	
	questionnaires. Non-response	bias was s	ignificant f	for group	size
	because visitors reported larger	group size	es in the q	uestionna	ire than
	when they were interviewed. The	nis probabl	y occurre	d because	visitors
	visited the park in their social gr	oup (family	/, friends a	and so for	th) but
	over-reported it in the written qu	estionnaire	e (using th	ne bus tou	r group
	size or cruise ship group size).	This bias s	should not	affect the	data,
	other than Figure 1.				
	Table 1: Comparison ofactual responde		mple ar	nd	
	Variable	Total	sample		tual
		Ν	Avg.	respo N	ndents Avg.
	Age of respondent (years)	486	52.1	389	53.2
	Group size	486	2.8	385	7.2
Demographics	Figure 1 shows group size	s, which va	aried from	one perso	on to 100
	people. Fifty-one percent of Sitka	visitors car	ne in grou	ips of two	people,

people. Fifty-one percent of Sitka visitors came in groups of two people, 14% came in groups of eleven or more, although this figure may overstate the larger groups. Fifty-one percent of visitors came in family groups, as shown in Figure 2. "Other" groups included cruise ship, elder hostel, bus tour. Most visitors (78%) were not with guided tour groups (see Figure 3).

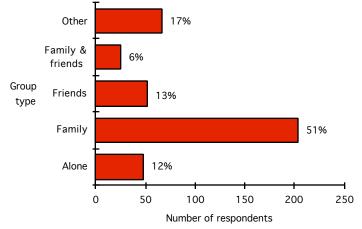
The most common age groups were visitors aged 46-70 (58%), as show in Figure 4. Most visitors (86%) were first time visitors (see Figure 5).

Visitors from foreign countries comprised 8% of all visitation. Map 1 and Table 2 show that most international visitors came from Canada (54%) and Australia (8%). Map 2 and Table 3 show that approximately one-third of United States visitors came from California (21%) and Alaska (13%), with smaller proportions from many other states. 4





N=399 visitor groups; percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.





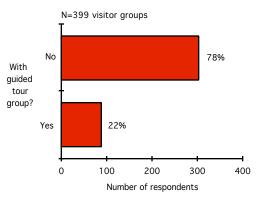


Figure 3: Visitors with guided tour groups

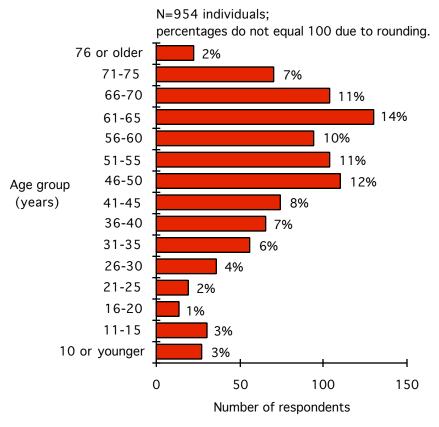


Figure 4: Visitor ages

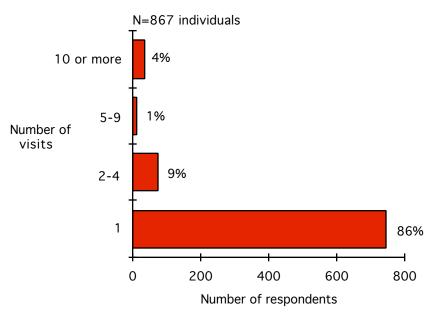
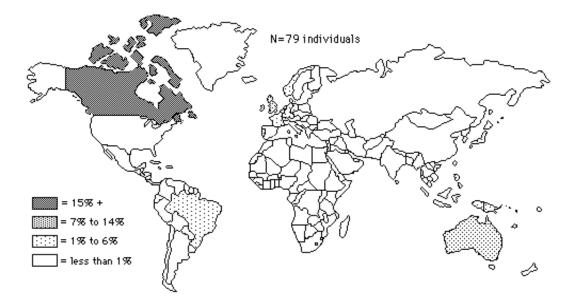


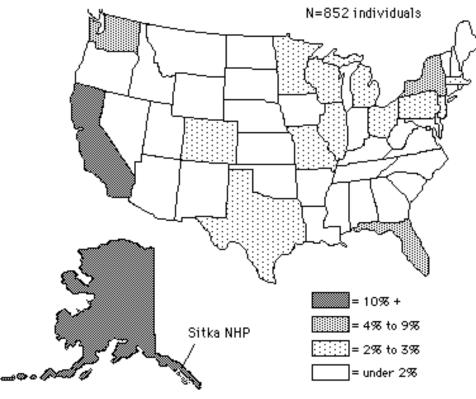
Figure 5: Number of visits



Map 1: Proportion of international visitors by country

Country	Number of individuals	% of international <u>visitors</u>
Canada	43	54
United Kingdom	7	9
Australia	6	8
New Zealand	5	6
Germany	4	5
Brazil	3	4
Norway	2	3
Philippines	2	3
Switzerland	2	3
France	1	1
Japan	1	1
Ireland	1	1
Portugal	1	1
Taiwan	1	1

Table 2: Visitors by country of residence N=79 individuals



Map 2: Proportion of visitors from each state

Table 3:	Proportion of visitors from each state
	N=852 individuals

State	Number of individuals	% of U.S. visitors
California	178	21
Alaska	108	13
Washington	61	7
Florida	44	5
New York	38	5
Pennsylvania	28	3
Texas	28	3
New Jersey	25	3
Ohio	24	3
Michigan	23	3
Missouri	21	3
Wisconsin	21	3
Illinois	19	2
Massachusetts	19	2
Colorado	17	2
Iowa	15	2
Minnesota	14	2
North Carolina	12	1
Nevada	12	1
Oregon	12	1
Other states (22) + D.C.	133	16

Most visitors (52%) stayed up to one hour at the Russian Bishop's House; Length of 40% did not visit the Russian Bishop's House (see Figure 6). Most of the visitors **stay** (52%) stayed one-half to one hour at the park visitor center (see Figure 7). Some visitors (11%) did not visit the park visitor center.

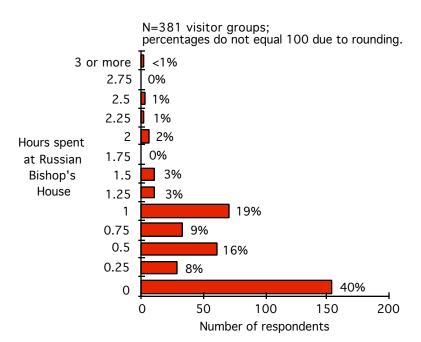


Figure 6: Length of stay at Russian Bishop's House

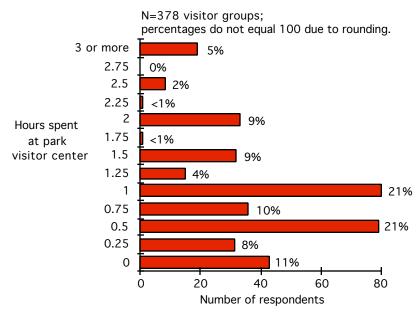


Figure 7: Length of stay at park visitor center

Activities

Figure 8 shows the proportion of visitor groups who participated in various activities during their visit. Common activities were viewing the totem poles (87%), visiting the park visitor center (87%), walking park trails (74%), taking photographs (71%), visiting the art/cultural center (61%), visiting the Russian Bishop's House (59%) and reading outdoor exhibits (58%). Seven percent of the visitors described "other" activities they pursued, including seeing the slide show, fishing, visiting the raptor center, hiking, relaxing, shopping, camping, and watching Russian dancers.

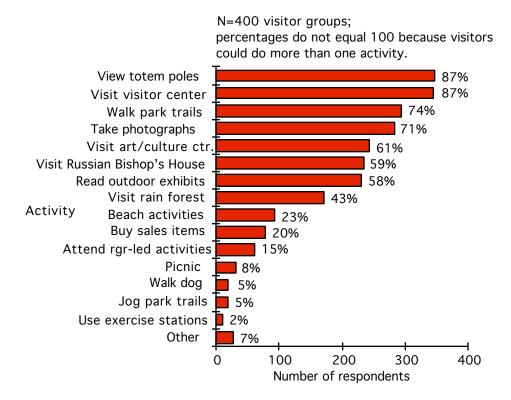


Figure 8: Visitor activities

Most visitors (67%) were not aware of the park's existence prior to theirKnowledgvisit (see Figure 9). One third of the visitors (33%) were aware of the park'se of park'sexistence.existence

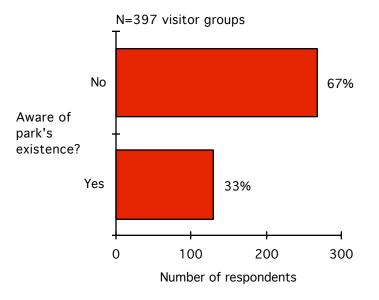


Figure 9: Awareness of park's existence prior to visit

Sources of
parkThe most often used source of information about the park was
travel guides/tour books (36%) as shown in Figure 10. Almost one-fourth
of the visitors received no information prior to visiting. "Other" sources
included the Sitkan, cruise ship information, *Milepost*, elder hostel, and
bus drivers.

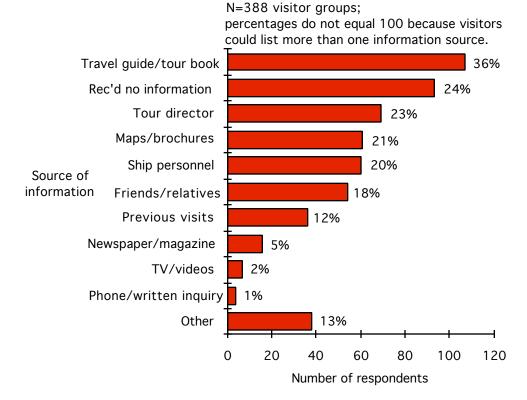
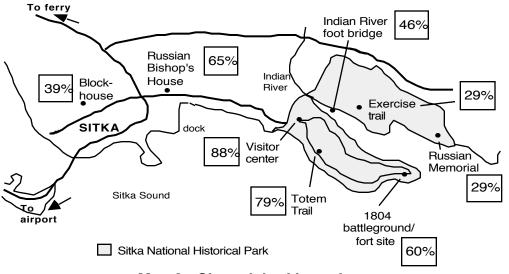


Figure 10: Sources of park information

Visitors were asked what sites they visited at Sitka NationalSitesHistorical Park during this visit. The most visited sites were the visitorvisited incenter (88%), the totem trail (79%), Russian Bishop's House (65%), and thepark1804 battleground/fort site (60%), as shown in Map 3.





SitesVisitors were asked what sites they had visited in the Sitka area onvisited inthis trip. The most visited sites were Saint Michael's Cathedral (82%), theSitka areaCentennial Building (69%) and Sheldon Jackson Museum (51%), as shown
in Figure 12. "Other" sites visited included Harbor Mountain, Pioneer
Home, Alaska Native Brotherhood Hall, Sitkan, fish hatchery, and Sitka
Lutheran Church.

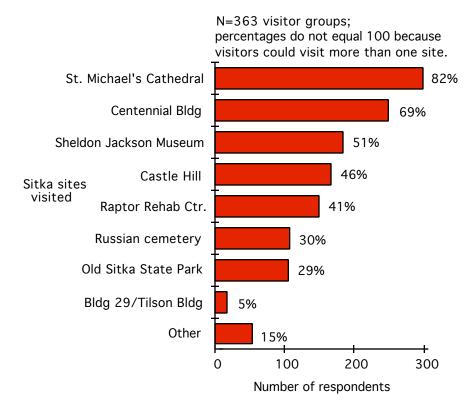


Figure 12: Sites visited in Sitka area

Visitors were first asked if all members of their group were residents of Sitka. Eleven percent of the groups consisted of all Sitka residents (see Figure 13). Then, visitor groups with non-residents identified the forms of transportation they used to get to the Sitka area. These included cruise ship (51%), plane (28%), and ferry (26%), as shown in Figure 14. NOTE: Cruise ship passengers may be underrepresented because they often arrived in groups of several bus loads at a time. Random sampling meant that relatively few visitors were interviewed from these groups. "Other" forms of transport used included bus, walking, sailboat and yacht.

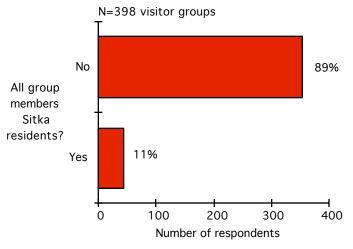


Figure 13: Proportion of groups with all Sitka residents

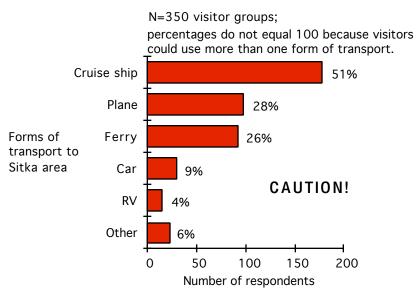
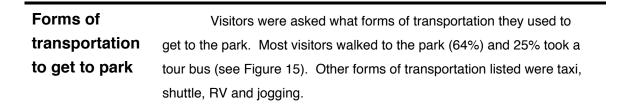
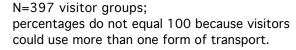


Figure 14: Forms of transportation to get to Sitka area





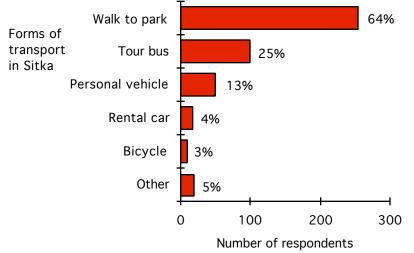


Figure 15: Forms of transportation used to get to park

Visitors were asked to choose from a list what their group's **Reasons for** reasons were for visiting Sitka park. The most common reasons were to **visit** learn about history (59%), see exhibits/furnishings at the Russian Bishop's House and park visitor center (50%), and for recreation (walk, jog, picnic, etc.) (47%), as shown in Figure 16. "Other" reasons included to see totem poles, visit family, look for eagles, and watch artisans at work.

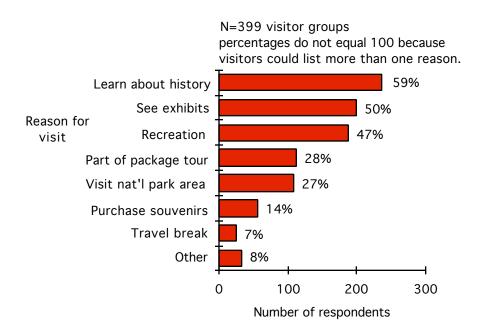


Figure 16: Reasons for visit

Visitor	The most commonly used visitor services were the totem poles
services:	(82%), park visitor center exhibits (70%), trails (68%), art and cultural center
use,	(62%), park brochure/map (57%), Russian Bishop's House (RBH) first floor
importance	exhibits (54%) and information from park employees (50%), as shown in
and quality	Figure 17.

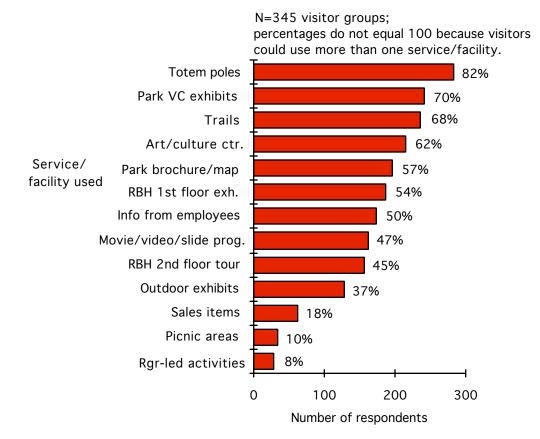


Figure 17: Use of visitor services

Visitors rated the importance and quality of visitor services they used. They used a five point scale (see boxes below).

IMPORTANCE
1=extremely important
2=very important
3=moderately important
4=somewhat important
5=not important

QUALITY
1=very good
2=good
3=average
4=poor
5=very poor

Figure 18 shows the average importance and quality ratings for each service. An average score was determined for each service based on ratings by visitors who used that service. This was done for both importance and quality. The results were plotted on the grid shown in Figure 18. Services were all rated above average in importance and quality.

Figures 19-31 show that several services received the highest "extremely important" to "very important" ratings: information from park employees (85%), trails (84%), park brochure/map (79%) and second floor tour of Russian Bishop's House (79%). The highest "somewhat important" to "not important" rating was for the first floor exhibits of the Russian Bishop's House (14%).

Figures 32-44 show that several services were given high "very good" to "good" quality ratings: trails (89%), second floor tour of the Russian Bishop's House (88%), park brochure/map (86%) and information from park employees (85%). The services receiving the highest "poor" to "very poor" quality ratings were the art and cultural center (11%) and first floor exhibits of the Russian Bishop's House (11%).

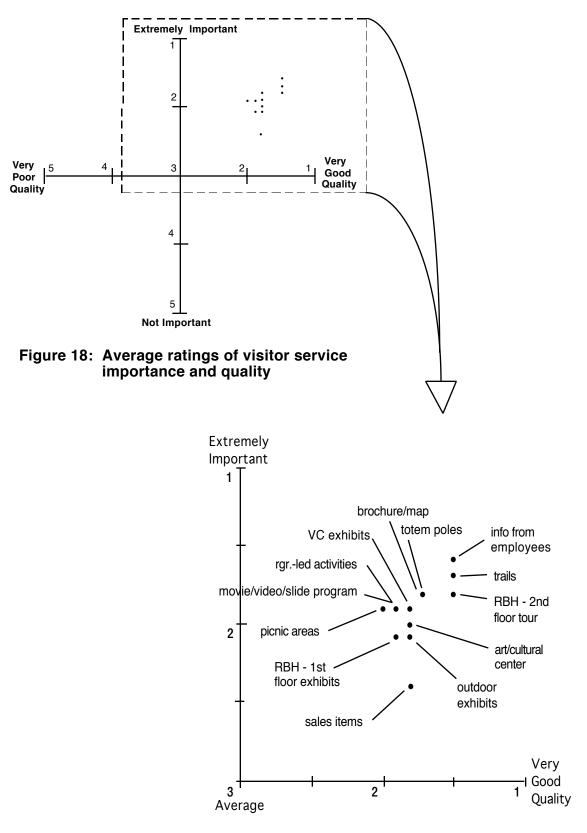


Figure 18: Detail

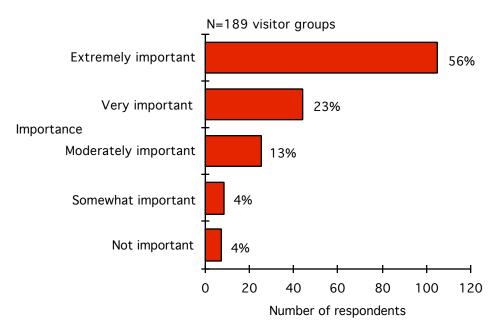


Figure 19: Importance of park brochure/map

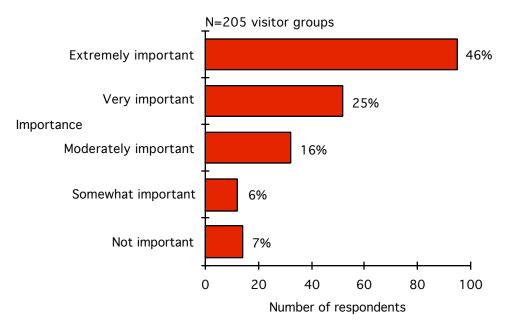


Figure 20: Importance of art and cultural center

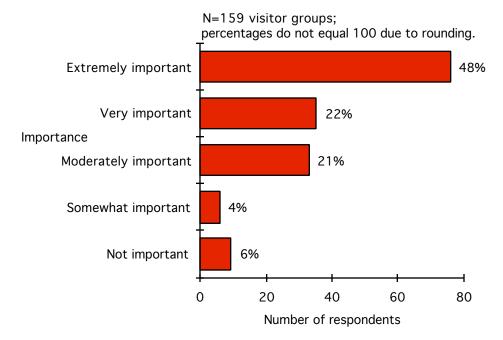


Figure 21: Importance of movie/video/slide program

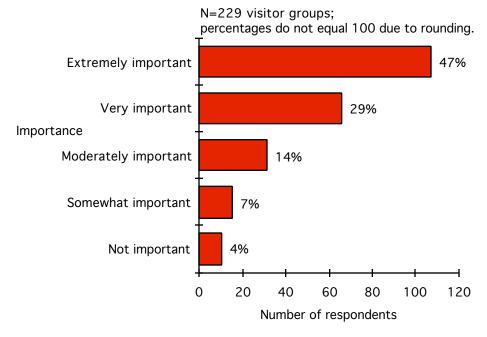


Figure 22: Importance of park visitor center exhibits

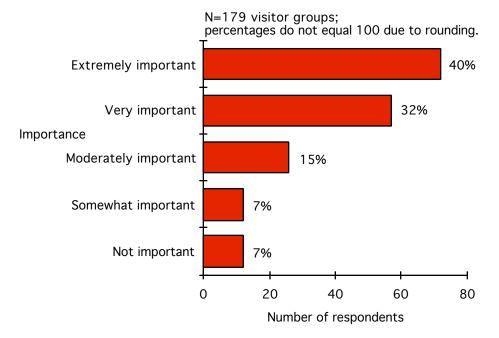


Figure 23: Importance of first floor exhibits - Russian Bishop's House

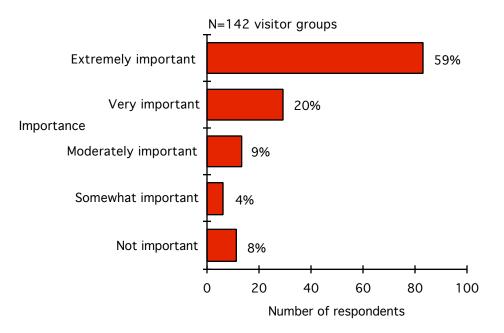


Figure 24: Importance of second floor tour of Russian Bishop's House

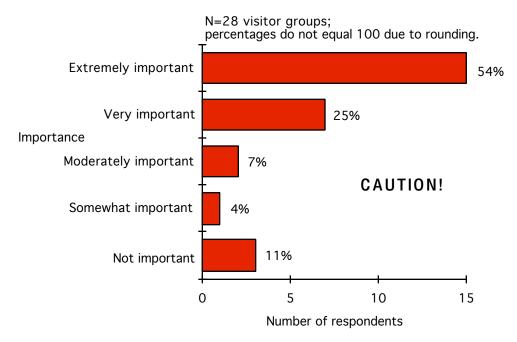


Figure 25: Importance of ranger-led activity (other than Russian Bishop's House)

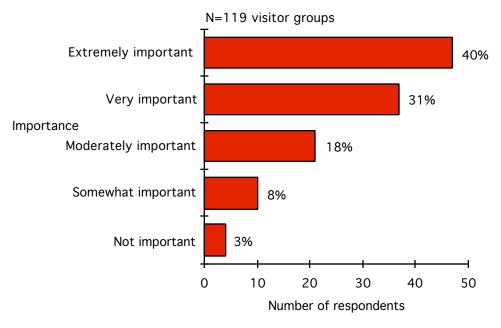


Figure 26: Importance of outdoor exhibits

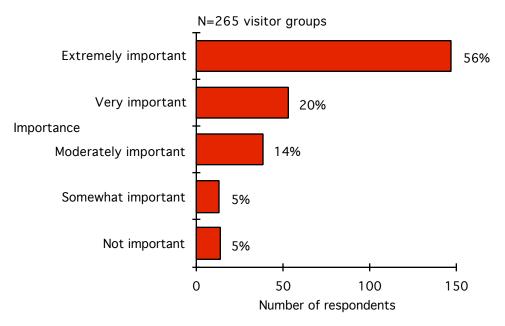


Figure 27: Importance of totem poles

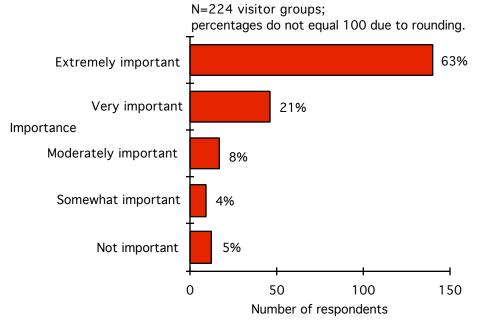


Figure 28: Importance of trails

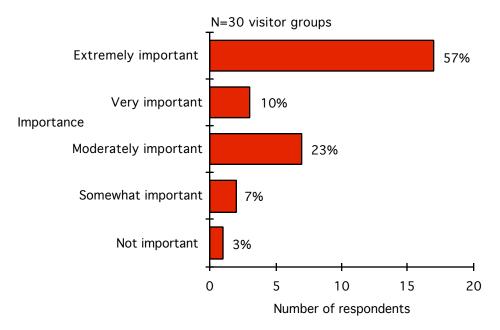
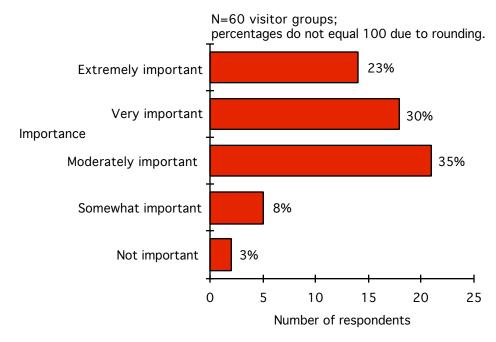
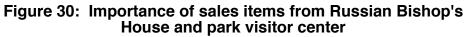


Figure 29: Importance of picnic areas





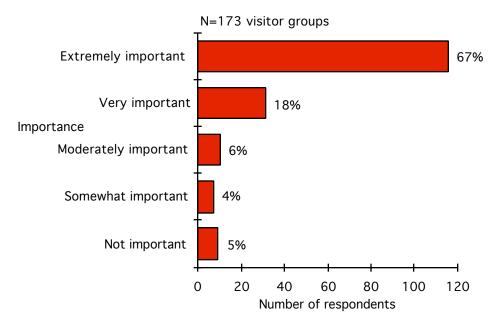


Figure 31: Importance of information from park employees

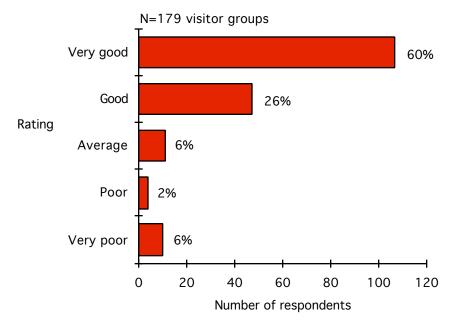


Figure 32: Quality of park brochure/map

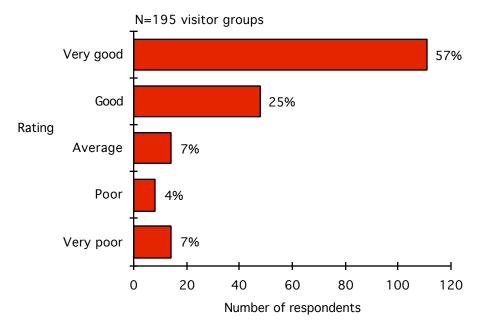


Figure 33: Quality of art and cultural center

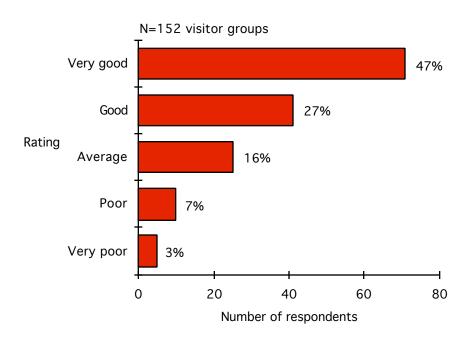


Figure 34: Quality of movie/video/slide program

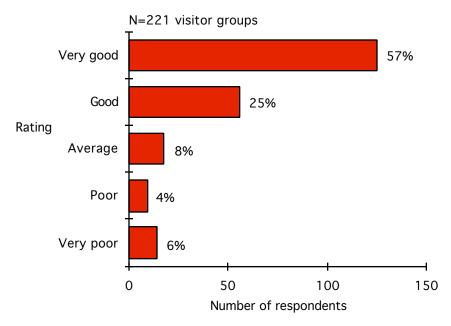


Figure 35: Quality of park visitor center exhibits

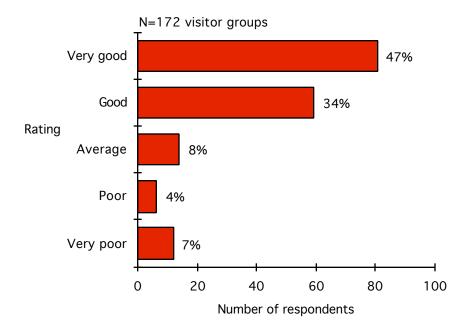


Figure 36: Quality of first floor exhibits - Russian Bishop's House

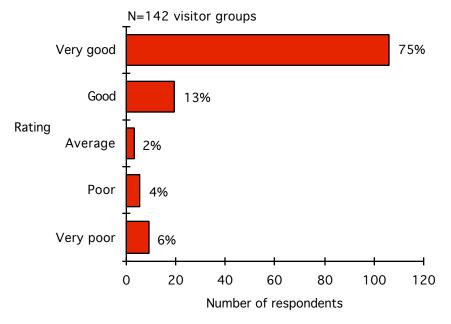


Figure 37: Quality of second floor tour of Russian Bishop's House



Figure 38: Quality of ranger-led activity (other than Russian Bishop's House)

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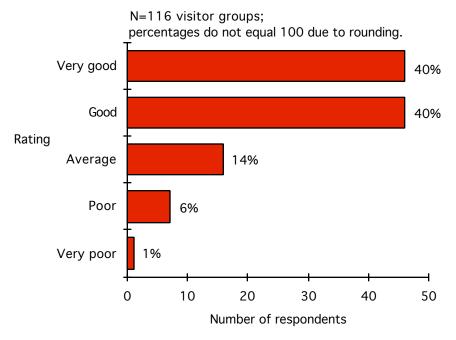


Figure 39: Quality of outdoor exhibits

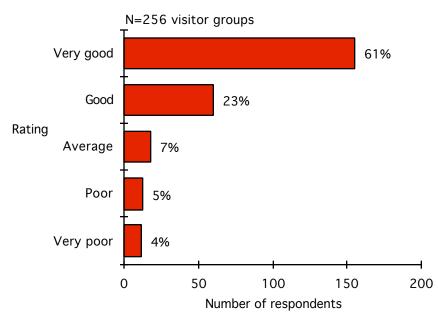


Figure 40: Quality of totem poles

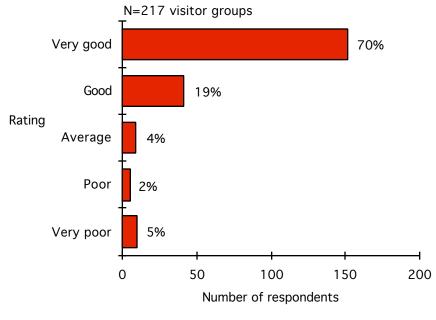


Figure 41: Quality of trails

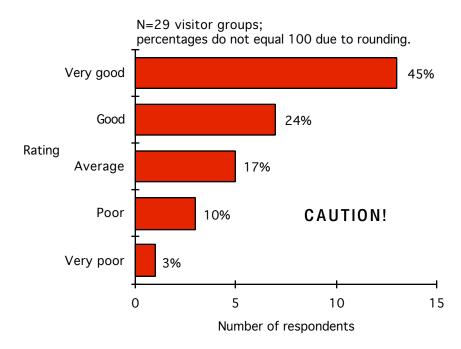


Figure 42: Quality of picnic areas

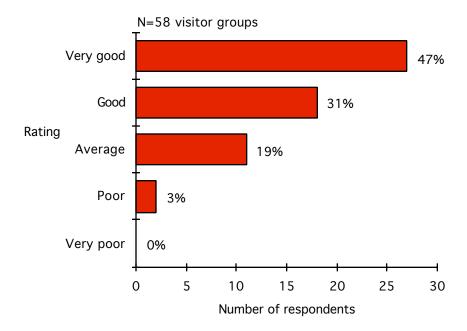


Figure 43: Quality of sales items from Russian Bishop's House and park visitor center

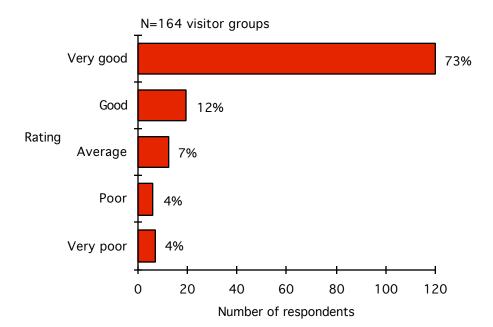


Figure 44: Quality of information from park employees

Sitka	Fourteen percent said of the visitors they were Sitka residents (see		
residents'	Figure 45). If they were a Sitka resident, visitors were asked if they		
reasons for	participated in recreation in the park. Eighty-nine percent said they had		
recreating	recreated in the park (see Figure 46). If visitors had recreated in the park,		
in park	they were asked what their reasons were for recreating there. Most said that		
	the park provided needed facilities (picnic, trails, exercise stations, restrooms,		
	etc.) (75%), they felt safe (68%), and it was convenient to their		
	neighborhoods (59%), as shown in Figure 47. "Other" reasons included the		
	area's beauty, daily walk, and interest in history.		

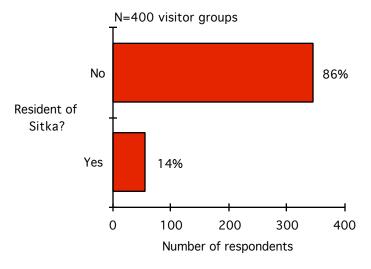


Figure 45: Sitka residents

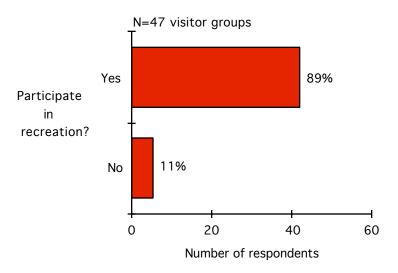


Figure 46: Sitka residents who recreated in park

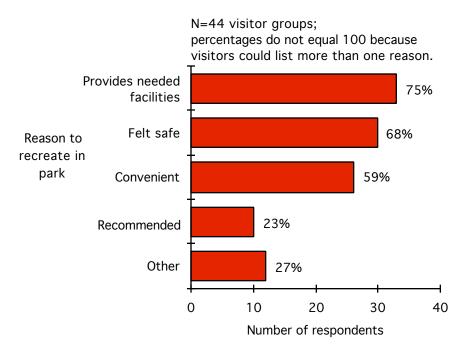


Figure 47: Sitka residents' reasons for recreating in park

OpinionsVisitors were asked if they were in favor of keeping the exerciseabout trailstations on one of the park trails. Forty-eight percent said they did notexerciseknow if they favored keeping the exercise stations (see Figure 48). Forty-stationsthree percent of the visitors favored keeping the exercise stations along the
park trail and 9% of the visitors did not want the exercise stations along the
trail.

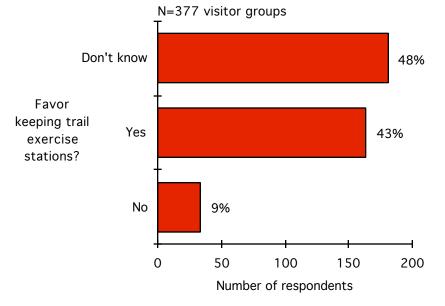


Figure 48: Opinions about trail exercise stations

Visitors were asked if they if they would use a shuttle bus to get to Sitka park, if one were available in the future. Forty-four percent of the visitors said it was unlikely that they would use a shuttle bus on a future visit to the park, as shown in Figure 49. A third of the visitors (35%) said they would likely use a shuttle bus. Almost one-fourth of the visitors (22%) said they didn't know if they would use a shuttle bus in the future.

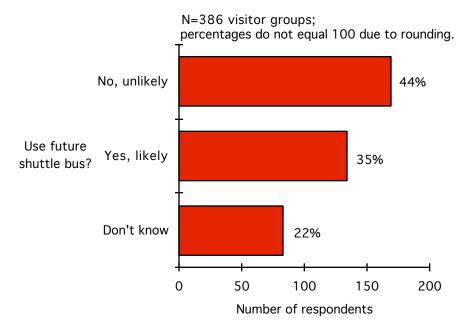


Figure 49: Future use of shuttle bus

Planning for	Visitors were asked what they would propose if they were a park	
the future	manager planning for the future of Sitka. A summary of their responses is	
	listed below and in the appendix.	

Planning for the future N=316 comments; many visitors made more than one comment.

Comment	Number of
	times mentioned

PERSONNEL

Comment

Other comments

1

3

INTERPRETIVE SERVICES

Nonpersonal Provide more information about park Provide more information about totem poles Provide signs explaining flora and fauna Provide more information about Tlingits and their culture Need better maps of the area Re-create Tlingit fort Provide more information about Russian history Maintain current information presentation Explain Tlingit perspective of Sitka history Provide more detailed trail information (mileage, difficulty, etc.) Encourage visitors to respect park Want more info about Russian blockhouse Want to see inside of Russian blockhouse Museum needs better lighting Make movie about Sitka history Make a brochure about Sitka points of interest Need better screen on auditorium television Improve displays at Tlingit fort Provide more totem poles	21 12 11 8 6 6 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2
Other comments	2 5
Personal	
Hire tour guides educated in Sitka	4
Offer more guided tours Use volunteers to help at park	4
Have staff dressed in period costumes	3
Limit tour size	2
Need person to answer questions at park	3 3 2 2
Other comments	3

FACILITIES AND MAINTENANCE

General Mark trails better	10
Continue current trail maintenance	9
Continue to maintain park to current standards	5
Provide more hiking trails	3
Need better drinking fountain	3
Improve scenic vistas/remove trees along trails	3
Provide more benches	3
Improve restroom upkeep	2
Put more wood chips on trails	2
Need ventilation in museum	2
Provide more picnic facilities	2
Other comments	9

POLICIES

Need more ranger patrols	4
Limit number of tour buses in park	3
Control dogs/pet owners	2
Other comments	4

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Keep park natural/preserve it	22
Enjoyed current management	20
Don't allow development at park	2
Reduce number of tourists visiting	2
Other comments	3

OTHER IMPROVEMENTS

Need more directional signs	23
Provide shuttle bus	9
Cruise ship passengers should be told about walking tour of Sitka	6
Need larger souvenir shops	3
Provide more RV campgrounds	2
Continue Russian dances	2
Need better transportation	2
Offer boat trips	2
Other comments	5

CommentMany visitors wrote additional comments, which are included in theSummaryseparate appendix of this report. Their comments are summarized below
and in the appendix. Some comments offer specific suggestions on how to
improve the park; others describe what visitors enjoyed or did not enjoy.

Visitor Comment Summary

N=408 comments; many visitors made more than one comment.

Comment	Number of times mentioned
PERSONNEL	
Staff friendly/helpful	44
INTERPRETIVE SERVICES	
Nonpersonal Enjoyed totem pole trail Totem poles interesting Would like more info about Sitka points of interest Needed more information about park History of Sitka well presented Enjoyed visitor center Enjoyed art/cultural center Provide information about more Tlingit culture Other comment	6 6 4 4 3 3 2 1
Personal Crafters informative Provide more guided or self-guided tours Enjoyed watching artistsadd more local art	4 3 2
FACILITIES AND MAINTENANCE	
General Facilities well maintained Trails well maintained Would like trail for bikes only Continue to maintain park Enlarge restrooms Reconstruct Tlingit fort/Baranoff Castle Comment	19 7 3 2 2 2 1
POLICIES	
Enforce dog rules Comments	2 3

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Excellent restoration of Russian Bishop's House	6
Continue to preserve park/keep it natural	6
Other comments	3

GENERAL IMPRESSIONS

Enjoyed visit	105
Would liked to have stayed longer	41
Beautiful	37
Educational visit	27
Good job/thanks	24
Town needs better maps & signs	4
Improve service at shops/too slow/rude	3
Enjoyed tour	3
Enjoyed town	2
Sheldon Jackson Museum excellent	2
Disappointed in Gaven Hill trail	2
Public transportation system needed	2
Other comments	14

MENU FOR FURTHER ANALYSIS

Park personnel who wish to see other tables, graphs, and maps to learn more about their visitors may request such information from the VSP. Two kinds of analyses are available:

1) Two-way comparisons compare two characteristics. For example, to learn about the forms of transport to park by visitors length of stay, request a comparison of <u>forms of</u> <u>transport to park by length of stay</u>; to help learn about the ages of visitors who take a tour of the Russian Bishop's House, request a comparison of <u>visitor ages by tour of RBH</u>.

2) Three-way comparisons compare a two-way comparison to a third characteristic. For example, to learn about first time visitors' reasons for visiting and the sites they visited, request a comparison of <u>reasons for visiting</u> by <u>first time visitors</u> by <u>sites visited</u>; to learn about age group participation in an interpretive service, request a comparison of (<u>age group</u> by <u>activity</u>) by <u>interpretive service</u>.

Consult the list of characteristics for Sitka visitors; then complete the appropriate blanks on the order form. Make a copy of the order form which follows the example below.

Visitor Services Project Analysis Order Form Sittle National Historical Park Report 57 Date of request: Person requesting analysis: The following list has the vanables available for companison from your park's visitor survey. Us this list to find the charactenistics for which you want to request additional two-way and three-will companisons. Be as specific as possible-you may select a single program/service/facility inste all those listed in the questionnaire. · Reasons for visit Knowledge of park's existence interp. service use • Group size + Interp. service importance . Group type Intormation sources · Interp. service quality . Age · Sites visited at park · State residence · Sitka resident · Sites visited in Sitka area · Recreate in park · Country residence · All members - Sitka residents Forms of transport- Sitka area * Reasons for recreating Number times visited · Trail exercise stations opin Length of stay - RBH Length of stay - park visitor * Forms of transport - to park · Future use of shuttle bus as from the above list) ns (write in the ap length of transport hu form variables from the above list) 1st time visitor or sites visited compansons (write in the appro eason for visit why you need the information al instructions Tell US tind out, etc. to Truina arr what you r Services Project, CPSU Wildlife, and Range Scient Inshy of Idsho Idaho 83844-1133 Visitor Servi Uni

SAMPLE

42

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Visitor Services Project Analysis Order Form Sitka National Historical Park Report 57

Date of request: ____/___/

Person requesting analysis: _____

Phone number (commercial): _____

The following list has the variables available for comparison from your park's visitor survey. Use this list to find the characteristics for which you want to request additional two-way and three-way comparisons. Be as specific as possible--you may select a single program/service/facility instead of all those listed in the questionnaire.

Group size	Activity	 Reasons for visit
Group type	 Knowledge of park's existence 	 Interp. service use
• Age	 Information sources 	 Interp. service importance
State residence	 Sites visited at park 	 Interp. service quality
 Country residence 	 Sites visited in Sitka area 	 Sitka resident
 Number times visited 	All members - Sitka residents	 Recreate in park
 Length of stay -RBH 	Forms of transport- Sitka area	 Reasons for recreating
 Length of stay - park visitor center 	 Forms of transport - to park 	Trail exercise stations opinion
Center		 Future use of shuttle bus

Two-way comparisons (write in the appropriate variables from the above list)

		by	
		by	
		by	
Three-way compariso	ns (write in the appropriate	e variables from the above list)	
	by	byby	
	by	by	
	by	by	
Special instructions			
Mail to:	Visitor S College of Forestry, Wil	ervices Project, CPSU dlife, and Range Sciences	

University of Idaho Moscow, Idaho 83844-1133 QUESTIONNAIRE

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NPS D-29



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Visitor Services Project Publications

Reports 1-4 (pilot studies) are available from the University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit. All VSP reports listed below are available from the parks where the studies were conducted.

1985

5. North Cascades National Park Service Complex

1986

6. Crater Lake National Park

1987

- 7. Gettysburg National Military Park
- 8. Independence National Historical Park
- 9. Valley Forge National Historical Park
- 10. Colonial National Historical Park
- 11. Grand Teton National Park
- 12. Harpers Ferry National Historical Park
- 13. Mesa Verde National Park
- 14. Shenandoah National Park
- 15. Yellowstone National Park
- 16. Independence National Historical Park: Four Seasons Study

1988

- 17. Glen Canyon National Recreational Area
- 18. Denali National Park and Preserve
- 19. Bryce Canyon National Park
- 20. Craters of the Moon National Monument

1989

- 21. Everglades National Park
- 22. Statue of Liberty National Monument
- 23. The White House Tours, President's Park
- 24. Lincoln Home National Historical Site
- 25. Yellowstone National Park
- 26. Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area
- 27. Muir Woods National Monument

1990

- 28. Canyonlands National Park
- 29. White Sands National Monument
- 30. National Monuments
- 31. Kenai Fjords National Park

1990 (continued)

- 32. Gateway National Recreation Area
- 33. Petersburg National Battlefield
- 34. Death Valley National Monument
- 35. Glacier National Park
- 36. Scott's Bluff National Monument 37. John Day Fossil Beds National
 - Monument

1991

- 38. Jean Lafitte National Historical Park
- 39. Joshua Tree National Monument
- 40. The White House Tours, President's Park
- 41. Natchez Trace Parkway
- 42. Stehekin-North Cascades National Park/Lake Chelan National Rec. Area
- 43. City of Rocks National Reserve
- 44. The White House Tours, President's Park

1992

- 45. Big Bend National Park
- 46. Frederick Douglass National Historic Site
- 47. Glen Echo Park
- 48. Bent's Old Fort National Historic Site
- 49. Jefferson National Expansion Memorial
- 50. Zion National Park
- 51. New River Gorge National River
- 52. Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park
- 53. Arlington House-The Robert E. Lee Memorial

1993

- 54. Belle Haven Park/Dyke Marsh Wildlife Preserve
- 55. Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area
- 56. Whitman Mission National Historic Site
- 57. Sitka National Historical Park

For more information about the Visitor Services Project, please contact Dr. Gary E. Machlis, Sociology Project Leader, University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit, College of Forestry, Wildlife and Range Sciences, Moscow, Idaho 83844-1133 or call (208) 885-7129.

Visitor Services Project

Sitka National Historical Park

Appendix

Visitor Services Project Report 57 Cooperative Park Studies Unit





Visitor Services Project

Sitka National Historical Park

Appendix

Margaret Littlejohn

Report 57

March 1994

This volume contains a summary of visitors' comments for Questions 18 and 19. The summary is followed by their unedited comments.

Margaret Littlejohn is VSP Western Coordinator, National Park Service, based at the Cooperative Park Studies Unit, University of Idaho. I thank the staff at Sitka National Historical Park for their assistance with this study. The VSP acknowledges the Public Opinion Lab of the Social and Economic Sciences Research Center, Washington State University, for its technical assistance.

Planning for the future

N=316 comments; many visitors made more than one comment.

Comment	Number of times mentioned
PERSONNEL	
Comment	1
INTERPRETIVE SERVICES	
Nonpersonal Provide more information about park Provide more information about totem poles Provide signs explaining flora and fauna Provide more information about Tlingits and their culture Need better maps of the area Re-create Tlingit fort Provide more information about Russian history Maintain current information presentation Explain Tlingit perspective of Sitka history Provide more detailed trail information (mileage, difficulty, e Encourage visitors to respect park Want more info about Russian blockhouse Want to see inside of Russian blockhouse Museum needs better lighting Make movie about Sitka history Make a brochure about Sitka points of interest Need better screen on auditorium television Improve displays at Tlingit fort Provide more totem poles Other comments	21 21 12 11 8 6 4 4 4 5 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 5
Personal Hire tour guides educated in Sitka Offer more guided tours Use volunteers to help at park Have staff dressed in period costumes Limit tour size Need person to answer questions at park Other comments	4 4 3 3 2 2 3
FACILITIES AND MAINTENANCE	
General Mark trails better Continue current trail maintenance	10 9

Mark trails better10Continue current trail maintenance9Continue to maintain park to current standards5Provide more hiking trails3Need better drinking fountain3Improve scenic vistas/remove trees along trails3Provide more benches3Improve restroom upkeep2

Put more wood chips on trails	2
Need ventilation in museum	2
Provide more picnic facilities	2
Other comments	9

POLICIES

Need more ranger patrols	4
Limit number of tour buses in park	3
Control dogs/pet owners	2
Other comments	4

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Keep park natural/preserve it	22
Enjoyed current management	20
Don't allow development at park	2
Reduce number of tourists visiting	2
Other comments	3

OTHER IMPROVEMENTS

Need more directional signs	23
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POLICIES	
Enforce dog rules Comments	2 3
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	
Excellent restoration of Russian Bishop's House Continue to preserve park/keep it natural Other comments	6 6 3

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Enjoyed tour	3
Enjoyed town	2
Sheldon Jackson Museum excellent	2
Disappointed in Gaven Hill trail	2
Public transportation system needed	2
Other comments	14