

Washington State University



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
J.	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others
	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with rucuity	Effective Teaching Practices
	O 111 CL
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
,	Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2016 and 2017 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your *Major Field Report* (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015, May). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.



Overview

Washington State University

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

- \blacktriangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Your students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

First-Year Students		Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Legislative Peers	AAU	RU-VH
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Challenge	Learning Strategies	∇		∇
	Quantitative Reasoning		Δ	
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			∇
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	Δ	Δ	Δ
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices		Δ	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	∇		
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇	Δ	

Seniors

Your seniors compared with Your seniors compared with

Theme	Engagement Indicator	Legislative Peers	AAU	RU-VH
	Higher-Order Learning	Δ	Δ	
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	Δ	Δ	\triangle
Challenge	Learning Strategies		Δ	
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		Δ	Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			∇
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	Δ	Δ	Δ
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices		Δ	
Campus	Quality of Interactions		Δ	Δ
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇		∇



Academic Challenge

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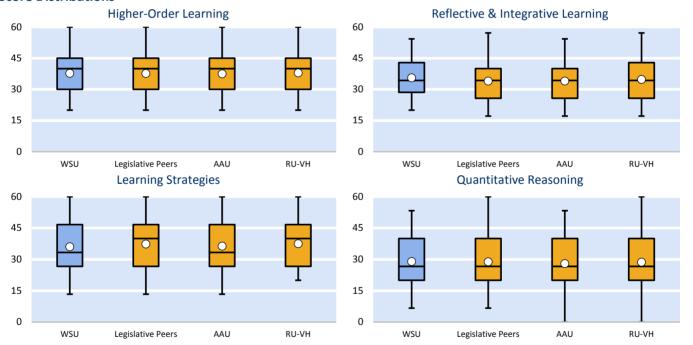
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your	first-year students compared v	vith
	WSU	Legislative Peers Effect	AAU Effect	RU-VH Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	37.7	37.6 .01	37.5 .02	38.002
Reflective & Integrative Learning	35.6	34.0 *** .13	34.0 *** .13	34.8 * .07
Learning Strategies	36.0	37.4 **10	36.403	37.5 ***11
Quantitative Reasoning	29.0	28.9 .01	28.0 * .07	28.7 .02

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Washington State University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance^a on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

			difference between you	r FY students and
Higher-Order Learning	WSU	Legislative Peers	AAU	RU-VH
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	71	-5	-5	-4
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	69	-2	-2	-2
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	71	+8	+10	+6
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	69	+5	+4	+2
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	54	+3	+2	+1
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	55	+6	+6	+4
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	53	+8	+9	+5
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	67	+7	+8	+5
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	71	+5	+5	+3
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	68	+4	+2	+2
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	78	+2	+1	+1
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	77	+2	+2	+1
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	59	-4	+1	-4
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	58	ļ -3	-1	-3
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	56	-0	+2	-0
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	42	+2	+3	+2
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	42	+1	+2	+1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge

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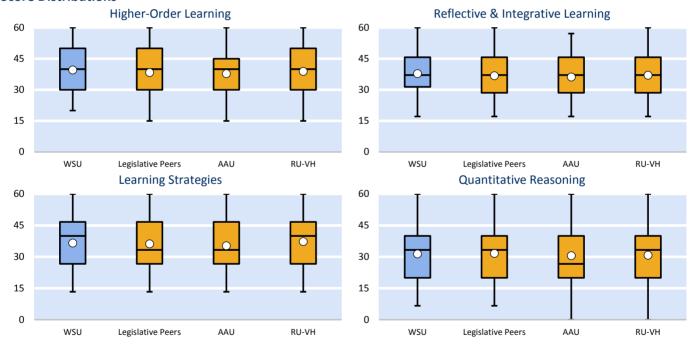
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	WSU	Legislative Peers Effect	AAU Effect	RU-VH Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	39.6	38.4 ** .09	37.8 *** .13	38.9 .05
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.8	36.8 ** .08	36.2 *** .13	37.1 * .06
Learning Strategies	36.6	36.2 .03	35.3 ** .09	37.305
Quantitative Reasoning	31.4	31.601	30.5 .06	30.8 .04

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Academic Challenge Washington State University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance^a on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poi	nt difference between	your seniors and
Higher-Order Learning	WSU	Legislative Peers	AAU	RU-VH
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized				
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	% 79	+0	+3	+2
to proceed problems of new state of state of the state of	73		.5	
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	75	+2	+3	+1
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	66	+5	+5	+2
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	71	+6	+7	+4
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	76	+5	+8	+7
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	63	+6	+8	+6
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	49	+4	+4	+2
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	67	+5	+6	+4
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	72	+5	+5	+2
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	71	+3	+1	+1
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	86	+4	+5	+4
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	77	+2	+2	+1
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	56	+3	+6	-1
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	58	+2	+3	-2
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	59	-1	+2	+1
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	46	+0	+3	+1
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	49	-1	+1	+1

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Learning with Peers

Washington State University

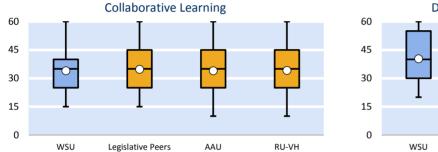
Learning with Peers: First-year students

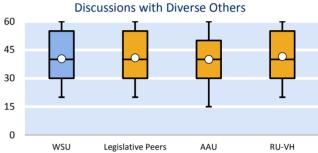
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Aean Comparisons			Your	first-year stude	nts compared v	vith	
	WSU	Legislative Peers		AAU		RU-VH	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	34.0	34.7	05	34.0	.00	34.2	01
Discussions with Diverse Others	40.3	40.8	03	40.0	.02	41.5 **	08

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percentage point difference between your FY stu			ur FY studen	ts and	
		Legisla	ative				
Collaborative Learning	WSU	Pee	ers	A.	λU	RU	-VH
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%						
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	61	+0		+3		+4	
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	64	(-1	+1		+1	
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	54	(-2	+0		I	-1
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	56	ŧ	-0	+1)		-0
Discussions with Diverse Others							
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with							
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	72	+1			-0		-2
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	74	+1		+3		l	-1
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	68	(-2	l	-2		-4
8d. People with political views other than your own	70	(-1	+7		+1)

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers Washington State University

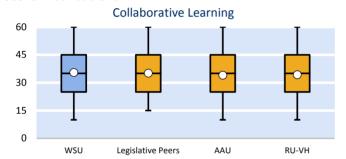
Learning with Peers: Seniors

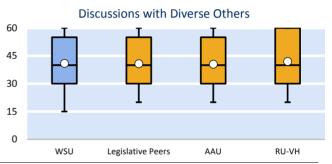
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors comp	pared with		
	WSU	Legislat	tive Peers Effect	AA	U Effect	RU	- VH Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	35.5	35.2	.02	34.0 ***	.11	34.3 **	.08
Discussions with Diverse Others	41.0	40.7	.02	40.5	.03	41.9 *	06

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Perc	entage point differenc	e between	your seniors a	nd
		Legisl	ative			
Collaborative Learning	WSU	Pee	ers A	AU	RU-\	/H
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%					
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	52	+1	+4	1	+4	
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	66	+1	+4	1	+3	l
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	54	+3	+5		+3	
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	74	+4	+8		+7	
Discussions with Diverse Others						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with						
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	72	+2		-1	į.	-3
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	74	+2	+3	j	(-1
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	72	+2	+0)	(-1
8d. People with political views other than your own	70	ĺ	-1 +7		+1	

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Experiences with Faculty Washington State University

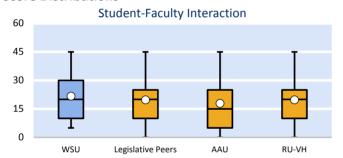
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

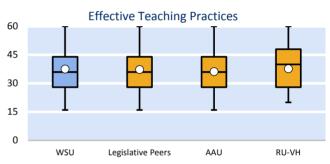
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons		You	ır first-year students compared v	vith
	WSU	Legislative Peers	AAU	RU-VH
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	21.6	19.8 *** .13	17.9 *** .27	19.8 *** .13
Effective Teaching Practices	37.5	37.3 .02	36.2 *** .11	37.701

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percento	age point difference b	etween ;	your FY students and
		Legislat	ive		
Student-Faculty Interaction	wsu	Peers	s A	ΑU	RU-VH
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	41	+9	+14		+9
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	20	+2	+3		+2
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	25	+2	+3	1	+2
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	29	+5	+8		+4
Effective Teaching Practices					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have					
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	76		-2	-1	-3
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	+0	+1)	+0
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	74		-3	-2	-2
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	63	+8	+14		+5
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	54	+1	+4	1	-1

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Experiences with Faculty Washington State University

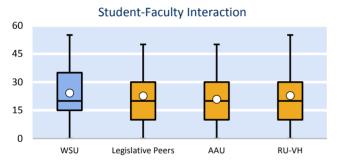
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

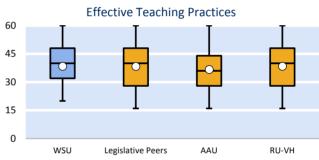
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Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with							
	WSU	Legislative Peers	AAU	RU-VH						
		Effect	Effect	Effect						
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size						
Student-Faculty Interaction	24.2	22.6 *** .10	20.8 *** .23	22.8 ** .09						
Effective Teaching Practices	38.3	38.2 .01	36.7 *** .13	38.3 .00						

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage po	oint difference between	your seniors and
		Legislative		
Student-Faculty Interaction	wsu	Peers	AAU	RU-VH
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	44	+5	+11	+5
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	28	+1	+4	+2
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	34	+4	+6	+4
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	30	+5	+8	+2
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	82	+1	+3	+2
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	78	-1	+2	+1
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	76	-4	-1	-2
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	59	+7	+12	+5
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	61	+3	+9	+3

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Campus Environment

Washington State University

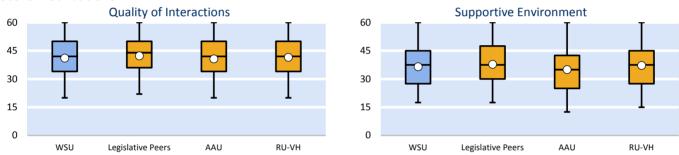
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		You	ur first-year students compai	red with	
	WSU	Legislative Peers	AAU	RU-VH	
		Effect	Effect	Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size	
Quality of Interactions	41.1	42.3 **10	40.7 .04	41.604	
Supportive Environment	36.5	37.8 **10	35.0 *** .12	37.205	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance^a on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poi	nt difference betwe	en your FY studen	ts and
		Legislative			
Quality of Interactions	WSU	Peers	AAU	RU	J-VH
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%				
13a. Students	50	-6	-	1	-4
13b. Academic advisors	49	-2	+5	+1)
13c. Faculty	41	-6	- -	2	-5
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	39	-6	(2	-4
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	38	-3	+0		-0
Supportive Environment					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized					
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	76	-2	+3		-1
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	78	+0	+7	+2	
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	61	-2	+2		-2
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	73	-3	+4		-1
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	75	t -o	+5	+1	
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	40	-2	+3		-2
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	71	-1	+10	+2	
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	53	+0	+3		-0

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment Washington State University

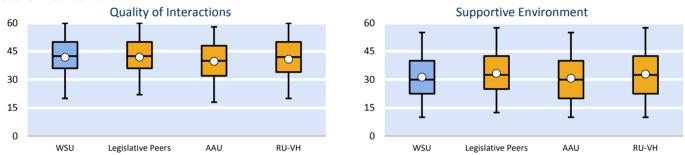
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors comp	pared with		
	WSU	Legislative	e Peers	AA	U	RU-	VH
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	41.8	42.0	01	39.8 ***	.18	40.9 **	.08
Supportive Environment	31.3	33.3 ***	15	30.7	.04	33.0 ***	12

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance^a on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Perc	entage poi	nt difference	e between y	our seniors	and
		Legisl	ative				
Quality of Interactions	WSU	Pee	ers	A	AU	RL	J-VH
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%						
13a. Students	57		-2	+4		+0)
13b. Academic advisors	51	+1		+9		+6	
13c. Faculty	52	ŧ	-0	+6		+1	1
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	38	1	-4	+2			-2
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	40	+3		+7		+5	
Supportive Environment							
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	69	É	-0	+6		+0	}
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	62	1	-1	+5			-1
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	49	+1		+3			-4
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	64		-7	+2			-3
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	61		-7	I	-0		-4
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	26	1	-2	+2	1		-4
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	54		-12		-2	ı	-7
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	42	(-2	+1)		-3

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Washington State University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see nsse.indiana.edu/html/position_policies.cfm), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2016 and 2017 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2016 and 2017 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year stude	ents compared with	1	
		wsu	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	✓_
	Higher-Order Learning	37.7	39.2 ***	11	41.2 ***	26	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	35.6	36.6 **	08	38.3 ***	22	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	36.0	39.8 ***	28	41.9 ***	42	
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.0	28.8	.01 ✓	30.4 ***	10	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	34.0	35.2 **	09	37.1 ***	23	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	40.3	41.7 **	10	43.8 ***	24	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	21.6	23.8 ***	15	27.2 ***	36	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	37.5	40.7 ***	24	42.6 ***	37	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.1	43.8 ***	23	46.1 ***	42	
Environment	Supportive Environment	36.5	38.3 ***	13	40.0 ***	27	
Seniors				Your seniors c	ompared with		
		wsu	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	✓_
	Higher-Order Learning	39.6	41.8 ***	17	43.3 ***	27	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.8	40.0 ***	18	42.0 ***	34	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	36.6	40.7 ***	29	42.9 ***	44	
	Quantitative Reasoning	31.4	31.1	.02 ✓	33.0 ***	10	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	35.5	35.8	02 ✓	37.9 ***	18	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	41.0	42.3 **	09	44.3 ***	22	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	24.2	29.2 ***	32	33.0 ***	56	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.3	41.8 ***	25	43.8 ***	41	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.8	44.8 ***	26	46.9 ***	42	
	Supportive Environment	31.3	34.8 ***	25	37.2 ***	43	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2016 and 2017 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a Washington State University

Detailed Statistics: First-year students

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
	Maan	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25+6	50th	75+6	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Mean	30	SEIVI	Stri	25th	SULTI	75th	95tn	jreedom	uijj.	siy.	3126
Higher-Order Learning												
WSU (N = 1101)	37.7	12.5	.38	20	30	40	45	60				
Legislative Peers	37.6	13.0	.10	20	30	40	45	60	1,258	.1	.813	.007
AAU	37.5	12.8	.09	20	30	40	45	60	22,161	.3	.484	.022
RU-VH	38.0	12.9	.06	20	30	40	45	60	50,350	2	.543	019
Top 50%	39.2	13.1	.03	20	30	40	50	60	152,875	-1.4	.000	110
Top 10%	41.2	13.3	.08	20	35	40	50	60	1,201	-3.4	.000	259
Reflective & Integrative Learni	ng											
WSU $(N = 1122)$	35.6	11.1	.33	20	29	34	43	54				
Legislative Peers	34.0	12.0	.09	17	26	34	40	57	1,289	1.6	.000	.132
AAU	34.0	11.7	.08	17	26	34	40	54	1,252	1.5	.000	.131
RU-VH	34.8	12.0	.05	17	26	34	43	57	1,178	.8	.017	.068
Top 50%	36.6	12.0	.03	17	29	37	46	57	1,141	-1.0	.003	084
Top 10%	38.3	12.3	.07	20	29	37	46	60	1,222	-2.7	.000	219
Learning Strategies												
WSU $(N = 1040)$	36.0	13.6	.42	13	27	33	47	60				
Legislative Peers	37.4	13.6	.11	13	27	40	47	60	16,047	-1.4	.002	100
AAU	36.4	13.5	.10	13	27	33	47	60	19,885	4	.408	026
RU-VH	37.5	13.7	.07	20	27	40	47	60	44,967	-1.5	.000	111
Top 50%	39.8	13.7	.04	20	27	40	53	60	118,322	-3.8	.000	278
Top 10%	41.9	14.1	.08	20	33	40	53	60	30,764	-5.9	.000	422
Quantitative Reasoning												
WSU $(N = 1097)$	29.0	13.8	.42	7	20	27	40	53				
Legislative Peers	28.9	14.8	.11	7	20	27	40	60	1,264	.1	.821	.007
AAU	28.0	14.8	.10	0	20	27	40	53	1,231	1.0	.020	.068
RU-VH	28.7	15.1	.07	0	20	27	40	60	1,155	.3	.473	.020
Top 50%	28.8	15.3	.04	0	20	27	40	60	1,114	.1	.744	.009
Top 10%	30.4	15.2	.08	7	20	27	40	60	1,171	-1.4	.001	095
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning	24.0	40.0	20		2.5	2-	40					
WSU (N = 1154)	34.0	13.2	.39	15	25	35	40	60	20.025	_	0.70	0.55
Legislative Peers	34.7	13.5	.10	15	25	35	45	60	20,025	7	.072	055
AAU	34.0	13.9	.09	10	25	35	45	60	1,288	.0	.953	.002
RU-VH	34.2	14.0	.06	10	25	35	45	60	1,210	2	.654	013
Top 50% Top 10%	35.2 37.1	13.6 13.4	.03 .07	15 15	25 25	35 40	45 45	60 60	164,268 41,386	-1.2 -3.1	.003	088 230
		13.4	.07	13	23	40	43	00	41,360	-3.1	.000	230
Discussions with Diverse Other					2.2		<i>-</i> -	-0				
WSU (N = 1041)	40.3	14.5	.45	20	30	40	55 55	60		=	•	
Legislative Peers	40.8	14.8	.12	20	30	40	55	60	16,183	5	.280	035
AAU	40.0	14.8	.11	15	30	40	50	60	20,047	.3	.522	.020
RU-VH	41.5	14.8	.07	20	30	40	55	60	45,367	-1.2	.010	081
Top 50%	41.7	14.9	.04	20	30	40	55	60	1,055	-1.4	.002	096
Top 10%	43.8	14.5	.08	20	35	45	60	60	1,102	-3.5	.000	241



Detailed Statistics^a Washington State University

Detailed Statistics: First-year students

	Mea	n statist	ics	Percentile ^d scores				Co	Comparison results			
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
WSU $(N = 1103)$	21.6	13.4	.40	5	10	20	30	45				
Legislative Peers	19.8	13.8	.10	0	10	20	25	45	18,523	1.9	.000	.135
AAU	17.9	13.8	.09	0	5	15	25	45	22,443	3.7	.000	.271
RU-VH	19.8	14.1	.06	0	10	20	25	45	51,091	1.9	.000	.132
Top 50%	23.8	14.7	.05	0	15	20	35	55	1,133	-2.2	.000	147
Top 10%	27.2	15.6	.13	5	15	25	40	60	1,323	-5.6	.000	363
Effective Teaching Practices												
WSU $(N = 1110)$	37.5	12.0	.36	16	28	36	44	60				
Legislative Peers	37.3	12.4	.09	16	28	36	44	60	18,447	.3	.483	.022
AAU	36.2	12.2	.08	16	28	36	44	60	22,408	1.3	.000	.108
RU-VH	37.7	12.5	.06	20	28	40	48	60	50,891	2	.663	013
Top 50%	40.7	13.0	.04	20	32	40	52	60	1,137	-3.2	.000	243
Top 10%	42.6	13.6	.09	20	36	44	56	60	1,242	-5.1	.000	375
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
WSU $(N = 1000)$	41.1	11.6	.37	20	34	42	50	60				
Legislative Peers	42.3	11.4	.09	22	36	44	50	60	15,307	-1.1	.002	100
AAU	40.7	11.8	.09	20	34	42	50	60	18,240	.4	.251	.037
RU-VH	41.6	11.7	.06	20	34	42	50	60	42,793	4	.269	035
Top 50%	43.8	11.5	.04	22	38	46	52	60	99,328	-2.7	.000	233
Top 10%	46.1	11.7	.09	24	40	48	56	60	17,795	-4.9	.000	419
Supportive Environment												
WSU $(N = 978)$	36.5	12.3	.39	18	28	38	45	60				
Legislative Peers	37.8	12.8	.11	18	30	38	48	60	1,133	-1.3	.002	101
AAU	35.0	13.1	.10	13	25	35	43	60	1,104	1.6	.000	.120
RU-VH	37.2	13.0	.06	15	28	38	45	60	1,030	7	.086	053
Top 50%	38.3	13.1	.04	18	30	40	48	60	995	-1.7	.000	132
Top 10%	40.0	13.0	.08	18	31	40	50	60	1,053	-3.5	.000	268

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

 $g. \ Effect \ size \ is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.$



Detailed Statistics^a Washington State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d scc	res			mparison	results	
		SD ^b	SEM ^c	5.1	25.1	5011	75.1	05.1	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Mean	30	SEIVI	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	jreedom	uıjj.	Sig.	Size
Higher-Order Learning												
WSU (N = 1162)	39.6	13.4	.39	20	30	40	50	60				
Legislative Peers	38.4	13.5	.10	15	30	40	50	60	18,399	1.2	.003	.089
AAU	37.8	13.5	.10	15	30	40	45	60	20,697	1.7	.000	.129
RU-VH	38.9	13.7	.06	15	30	40	50	60	55,011	.7	.105	.048
Top 50%	41.8	13.5	.04	20	35	40	55	60	107,642	-2.3	.000	169
Top 10%	43.3	13.4	.08	20	35	40	55	60	1,249	-3.7	.000	275
Reflective & Integrative Learni	ng											
WSU $(N = 1176)$	37.8	12.0	.35	17	31	37	46	60				
Legislative Peers	36.8	12.5	.09	17	29	37	46	60	1,349	1.0	.004	.084
AAU	36.2	12.4	.09	17	29	37	46	57	1,327	1.6	.000	.130
RU-VH	37.1	12.6	.05	17	29	37	46	60	1,231	.8	.028	.062
Top 50%	40.0	12.3	.04	20	31	40	49	60	1,202	-2.2	.000	176
Top 10%	42.0	12.2	.08	20	34	43	51	60	1,304	-4.1	.000	340
Learning Strategies												
WSU $(N = 1097)$	36.6	14.4	.44	13	27	40	47	60				
Legislative Peers	36.2	14.5	.12	13	27	33	47	60	16,504	.4	.361	.029
AAU	35.3	14.4	.11	13	27	33	47	60	18,792	1.3	.003	.093
RU-VH	37.3	14.6	.07	13	27	40	47	60	49,659	7	.129	046
Top 50%	40.7	14.4	.04	20	33	40	53	60	129,750	-4.1	.000	288
Top 10%	42.9	14.3	.07	20	33	40	60	60	38,552	-6.3	.000	440
Quantitative Reasoning												
WSU $(N = 1149)$	31.4	15.6	.46	7	20	33	40	60				
Legislative Peers	31.6	15.9	.12	7	20	33	40	60	18,413	2	.664	013
AAU	30.5	15.9	.11	0	20	27	40	60	20,644	.9	.067	.056
RU-VH	30.8	16.2	.07	0	20	33	40	60	1,202	.6	.194	.037
Top 50%	31.1	16.2	.04	0	20	33	40	60	1,166	.2	.591	.015
Top 10%	33.0	15.9	.08	7	20	33	40	60	36,971	-1.6	.001	101
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
WSU $(N = 1185)$	35.5	14.6	.42	10	25	35	45	60				
Legislative Peers	35.2	14.1	.10	15	25	35	45	60	19,889	.3	.414	.024
AAU	34.0	14.3	.10	10	25	35	45	60	22,101	1.5	.000	.105
RU-VH	34.3	14.5	.06	10	25	35	45	60	58,450	1.2	.005	.082
Top 50%	35.8	13.8	.04	15	25	35	45	60	1,201	3	.459	023
Top 10%	37.9	13.4	.08	15	30	40	50	60	1,263	-2.4	.000	178
Discussions with Diverse Othe	rs											
WSU $(N = 1100)$	41.0	15.3	.46	15	30	40	55	60				
Legislative Peers	40.7	14.7	.12	20	30	40	55	60	16,667	.2	.621	.015
AAU	40.5	14.7	.11	20	30	40	55	60	18,942	.4	.350	.029
RU-VH	41.9	15.2	.07	20	30	40	60	60	50,038	-1.0	.035	064
Top 50%	42.3	15.6	.04	15	30	40	60	60	163,549	-1.4	.004	087
Top 10%	44.3	15.3	.08	20	35	45	60	60	36,423	-3.3	.000	216



Detailed Statistics^a Washington State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
WSU $(N = 1160)$	24.2	15.3	.45	0	15	20	35	55				
Legislative Peers	22.6	15.1	.11	0	10	20	30	50	18,644	1.6	.001	.103
AAU	20.8	14.8	.11	0	10	20	30	50	20,932	3.4	.000	.227
RU-VH	22.8	15.4	.07	0	10	20	30	55	55,566	1.4	.003	.089
Top 50%	29.2	15.7	.06	5	20	30	40	60	1,203	-5.1	.000	323
Top 10%	33.0	16.0	.16	10	20	30	45	60	1,469	-8.9	.000	555
Effective Teaching Practices												
WSU $(N = 1167)$	38.3	12.7	.37	20	32	40	48	60				
Legislative Peers	38.2	12.7	.10	16	28	40	48	60	18,629	.1	.794	.008
AAU	36.7	12.7	.09	16	28	36	44	60	20,906	1.7	.000	.133
RU-VH	38.3	13.2	.06	16	28	40	48	60	1,221	.0	.984	.001
Top 50%	41.8	13.5	.04	20	32	40	52	60	1,200	-3.4	.000	254
Top 10%	43.8	13.4	.10	20	36	44	56	60	1,336	-5.5	.000	410
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
WSU $(N = 1021)$	41.8	11.5	.36	20	36	43	50	60				
Legislative Peers	42.0	11.3	.09	22	36	43	50	60	15,780	1	.744	011
AAU	39.8	11.7	.09	18	32	40	48	58	17,684	2.1	.000	.176
RU-VH	40.9	11.9	.06	20	34	42	50	60	1,069	.9	.010	.079
Top 50%	44.8	11.6	.04	23	38	46	54	60	89,491	-3.0	.000	255
Top 10%	46.9	12.1	.08	23	40	50	58	60	1,116	-5.0	.000	419
Supportive Environment												
WSU $(N = 1055)$	31.3	13.2	.41	10	23	30	40	55				
Legislative Peers	33.3	13.2	.11	13	25	33	43	58	15,707	-2.0	.000	150
AAU	30.7	13.4	.10	10	20	30	40	55	18,005	.6	.166	.044
RU-VH	33.0	13.7	.06	10	23	33	43	58	47,372	-1.6	.000	120
Top 50%	34.8	13.7	.04	13	25	35	45	60	106,685	-3.4	.000	250
Top 10%	37.2	13.6	.10	13	28	38	48	60	20,151	-5.8	.000	429

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

 $g. \ Effect \ size \ is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.$