

Washington State University



#### **About This Report**

#### **About Your High-Impact Practices Report**

Due to their positive associations with student learning and retention, certain undergraduate opportunities are designated "high-impact." High-Impact Practices (HIPs) share several traits: They demand considerable time and effort, facilitate learning outside of the classroom, require meaningful interactions with faculty and students, encourage collaboration with diverse others, and provide frequent and substantive feedback. As a result, participation in these practices can be life-changing (Kuh, 2008). NSSE founding director George Kuh recommends that institutions should aspire for all students to participate in at least two HIPs over the course of their undergraduate experience—one during the first year and one in the context of their major (NSSE, 2007).

NSSE asks students about their participation in the six HIPs shown in the box at right. This report provides information on the first three for first-year students and all six for seniors. Unlike most questions on the NSSE survey, the HIP questions are not limited to the current school year. Thus, seniors' responses include participation from prior years.

#### High-Impact Practices in NSSE

- Learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together
- Courses that included a community-based project (service-learning)
- Work with a faculty member on a research project
- Internship, co-op, field experience, student teaching, or clinical placement
- Study abroad
- Culminating senior experience (capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, portfolio, etc.)

#### **Report Sections**

Participation Comparisons (p. 3)

Displays HIP participation for your first-year and senior students compared with that of students at your comparison group institutions. Two views present insights into your students' HIP participation:

#### **Overall HIP Participation**

Displays the percentage of first-year and senior students who participated in one HIP and in two or more HIPs, relative to those at your comparison group institutions.

#### **Statistical Comparisons**

Comparisons of participation in each HIP and overall for your first-year and senior students relative to those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Response Detail (pp. 5-7)

Provides complete response frequencies for the relevant HIP questions for your first-year and senior students and those at your comparison group institutions.

Participation by Student Characteristics (p. 8) Displays your students' participation in each HIP by selected student characteristics.

#### **Interpreting Comparisons**

The "Statistical Comparisons" section on page 3 reports both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. NSSE research has found that interpretations vary by HIP: For service-learning, internships, study abroad, and culminating senior experiences, an effect size of about .2 may be considered small, .5 medium, and .8 large. For learning community and research with faculty, an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015).

HIP participation varies more among students within an institution than it does between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on overall participation rates amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement (including HIP participation) varies within your institution. The table on page 8 provides an initial look at how HIP participation varies by selected student characteristics. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your Major Field Report (both to be released in the fall) offer further perspectives on internal variation and can help you investigate your students' HIP participation in depth.

Kuh, G. D. (2008). High-impact educational practices: What they are, who has access to them, and why they matter. Washington, DC: Association of American Colleges and Universities. National Survey of Student Engagement (2007). Experiences that matter: Enhancing student learning and success—Annual Report 2007. Bloomington, IN: Indiana University Center for Postsecondary Research.

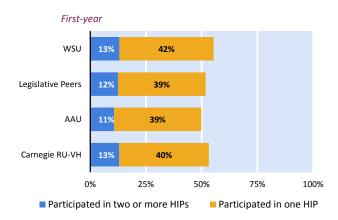
Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.

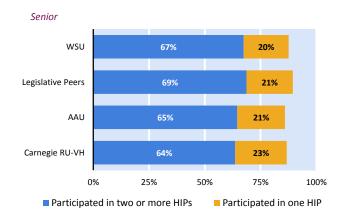


# Participation Comparisons Washington State University

#### **Overall HIP Participation**

The figures below display the percentage of students who participated in High-Impact Practices. Both figures include participation in a learning community, service-learning, and research with faculty. The Senior figure also includes participation in an internship or field experience, study abroad, and culminating senior experience. The first segment in each bar shows the percentage of students who participated in at least two HIPs, and the full bar (both colors) represents the percentage who participated in at least one.





#### **Statistical Comparisons**

The table below compares the percentage of your students who participated in a High-Impact Practice, including the percentage who participated overall (at least one, two or more), with those at institutions in your comparison groups.

	WSU	Legislative P	eers	AAU		Carnegie RU-VH	
_			Effect		Effect		Effect
First-year	%	%	size <sup>a</sup>	%	size <sup>a</sup>	%	size <sup>a</sup>
11c. Learning Community	15	20 *	13	17	05	18	09
12. Service-Learning	50	40 ***	.20	40 ***	.20	44 *	.12
11e. Research with Faculty	6	7	02	6	.01	6	01
Participated in at least one	55	52	.07	50 *	.11	53	.04
Participated in two or more	13	12	.02	11	.07	13	.00
Senior							
11c. Learning Community	25	27	03	25	.00	26	01
12. Service-Learning	62	51 ***	.21	47 ***	.30	52 ***	.20
11e. Research with Faculty	26	31 **	12	32 ***	14	28	06
11a. Internship or Field Exp.	50	59 ***	19	58 ***	17	56 ***	12
11d. Study Abroad	13	21 ***	23	21 ***	22	18 ***	15
11f. Culminating Senior Exp.	57	46 ***	.21	42 ***	.30	43 ***	.28
Participated in at least one	88	89	06	86	.05	87	.03
Participated in two or more	67	69	03	65	.06	64 *	.08

Note. Percentage of students who responded "Done or in progress" except for service-learning which is the percentage who responded that at least "Some" courses included a community-based project.

Note. All results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

Rocconi I. & Gonyea R. M. (2015). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.

a. Cohen's h: The standardized difference between two proportions. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. NSSE research finds for service-learning, internships, study abroad, and culminating senior experiences, an effect size of about .2 may be considered small, .5 medium, and .8 large. For learning community and research with faculty, an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (z-test comparing participation rates).

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#### **Response Detail**

## **Washington State University**

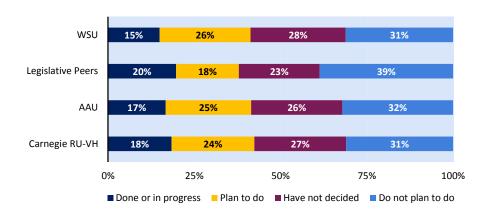
## **First-year Students**

The figures below display further details about each High-Impact Practice for your first-year students and those of your comparison groups.

#### **Learning Community**

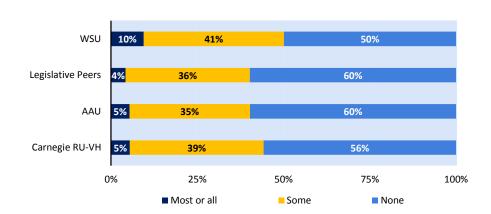
Which of the following have you done or do you plan to do before you graduate?

Participate in a learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together.



#### **Service-Learning**

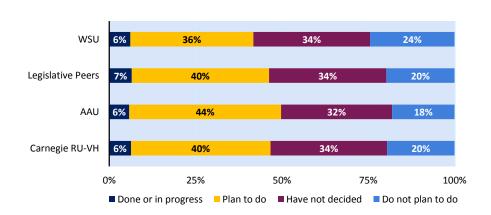
About how many of your courses at this institution have included a community-based project (service-learning)?



#### **Research with a Faculty Member**

Which of the following have you done or do you plan to do before you graduate?

Work with a faculty member on a research project.



Note: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).



#### **Response Detail**

## **Washington State University**

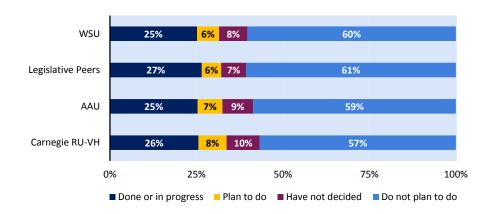
#### **Seniors**

The figures below display further details about each High-Impact Practice for your seniors and those of your comparison groups.

#### **Learning Community**

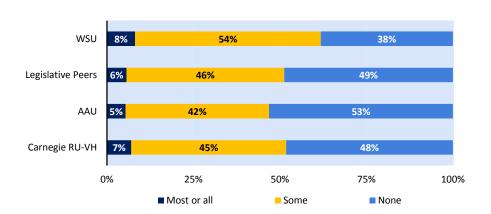
Which of the following have you done or do you plan to do before you graduate?

Participate in a learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together.



#### **Service-Learning**

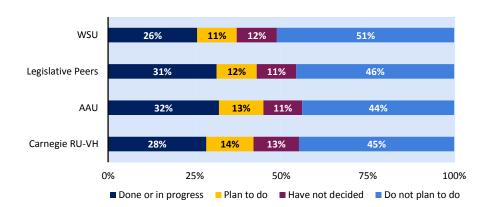
About how many of your courses at this institution have included a community-based project (service-learning)?



#### **Research with a Faculty Member**

Which of the following have you done or do you plan to do before you graduate?

Work with a faculty member on a research project.



Note: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).



# Response Detail Washington State University

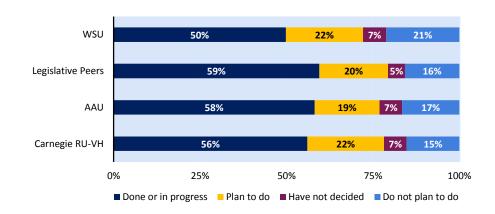
### **Seniors (continued)**

The figures below display further details about each High-Impact Practice for your seniors and those of your comparison groups.

#### **Internship or Field Experience**

Which of the following have you done or do you plan to do before you graduate?

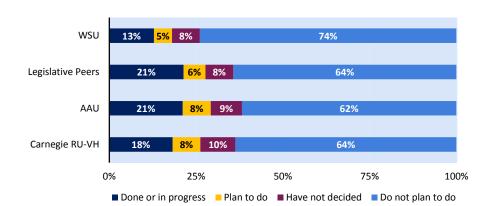
Participate in an internship, co-op, field experience, student teaching, or clinical placement.



#### **Study Abroad**

Which of the following have you done or do you plan to do before you graduate?

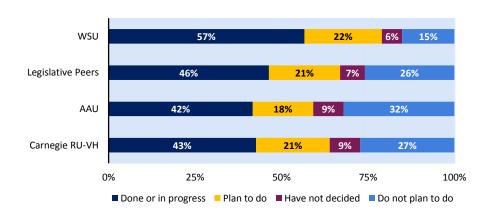
Participate in a study abroad program.



#### **Culminating Senior Experience**

Which of the following have you done or do you plan to do before you graduate?

Complete a culminating senior experience (capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, portfolio, etc.).



Note: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).



# Participation by Student Characteristics Washington State University

# **Participation in High-Impact Practices by Student Characteristics**

The table below displays the percentage of your students who participated in each HIP by selected student characteristics. Examining participation rates for different groups offers insight into how engagement varies within your student population.

	First-year				Senior					
	Learning Community	Service- Learning	Research with Faculty	Learning Community	Service- Learning	Research with Faculty	Internship or Field Experience	Study Abroad	Culminating Senior Experience	
Sex <sup>a</sup>	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	
Female	14	52	6	25	66	23	54	15	56	
Male	16	48	6	25	57	27	45	10	56	
Race/ethnicity or international <sup>a</sup> American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Black or African American Hispanic or Latino Native Hawaiian/Other Pac. Islander		 52 60 62			 57 65	- 32 - - 25 -	- 50 - 60 -		- 61 - 63	
White	14	47	5	25	62	25	50	13	55	
Other	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Foreign or nonresident alien	13	65	25	21	74	16	26	21	42	
Two or more races/ethnicities	15	33	0	23	65	24	45	16	59	
Age Traditional (FY < 21, Seniors < 25): Nontraditional (FY 21+, Seniors 25+) First-generation <sup>b</sup>	16 <b>6</b>	51 37	7 <b> </b> 5 <b> </b>	28	62 64	28 18	55 41	18 6	60 50	
Not first-generation	13	52	7	27	62	28	54	18	61	
First-generation	17	48	6	22	64	21	47	9	52	
Enrollment status <sup>a</sup> Not full-time Full-time	_ 15	_ 51	<u> </u>	16 <b>27</b>	63 63	9 <b> </b> 28 <b> </b>	39 53	12 <b>1</b> 4 <b>1</b>	43 <u> </u>	
Residence										
Living off campus	14	46	7	25	63	24	51	13	57	
Living on campus	15	52	6	18	56	29	49	16	47	
Major category <sup>c</sup> Arts & humanities	10	40	0	19	63	26	42	15	62	
Biological sciences, agriculture, natural res.	13	42	13	16	48	49	51	20	65	
Physical sciences, math, computer science	15	15	8	27	33	27	30	7	57	
Social sciences	19	68	10	19	72	20	47	14	52	
Business	6	62	4	14	61	11	31	15	47	
Communications, media, public relations	18	55	0	33	73	30	76	30	79	
Education	23	70	4	66	97	26	69	11	57	
Engineering	20	39	7	31	38	30	64	5	63	
Health professions	21	53	3	35	91	17	65	12	53	
Social service professions	11	50	11	18	75		53	6	18	
Undecided/undeclared										
Overall	15	50	6	25	62	26	50	13	57	

Notes: Percentage of students who responded "Done or in progress" except for service-learning which is the percentage who responded that at least "Some" courses included a community-based project. Percentages are not reported (—) for row categories containing fewer than 10 students. Results are unweighted, except for overall percentages which are weighted by sex and enrollment status.

a. Institution-reported variable.

b. Neither parent holds a bachelor's degree.

c. These are NSSE's default related-major categories, based on first major if more than one was reported. Institution-customized major categories will be included on the *Major Field Report*, to be released in the fall. Excludes majors categorized as "all other."