

TALL HERBS IN YOUR GARDEN

<u>Botanical Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Height</u>
<i>Borago officinalis</i>	(Borage)	40"
<i>Anethum graveolens</i>	(Dill)	40"
<i>Artemisia dracunculus</i>	(Tarragon)	5'
<i>Anthriscus cerefolium</i>	(Chervil)	2'
<i>Levisticum officinale</i>	(Lovage)	5'
<i>Origanum majorana</i>	(Marjoram)	20"
<i>Melissa officinalis</i>	(Lemon Balm)	3'
<i>Origanum vulgare</i>	(Oregano)	2'
<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>	(Rosemary)	40"
<i>Salvia officinalis</i>	(Sage)	1-2.5'
<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>	(Flax)	24"

Herbs that need Semi-Shade & Moist Soil

<u>Botanical Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<i>Allim spp.</i>	(Chives)
<i>Mentha spp.</i>	(Mints)
<i>Petroselinum crispum</i>	(Parsley)
<i>Levisticum officinale</i>	(Lovage)
<i>Anthriscus cerefolium</i>	(Chervil)

Picking Herbs

Basil, tarragon, marjoram, oregano and the evergreens maintain a bushier shape if the growing tip is pinched out first. Then pick the larger side leaves. Pick the outer leaves of parsley, sorrel, lovage and salad burnet to encourage continuing growth. Small sprigs of rosemary, thyme, sage and winter savory can be picked on an aesthetic basis.

Herbs Suitable for Plant Division

<u>Botanical Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<i>Chrysanthemum balsamita</i>	(Alecost/Costmary)
<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i>	(Meadow Sweet)
<i>Polygonum bistorta</i>	(Bistort)
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i>	(Chive)
<i>Primula vulgaris</i>	(Cowslip or Primerose)
<i>Inula hellenium</i>	(Elcampane)
<i>Eupatorium purpurea</i>	(Sweet JoePye)
<i>Chamaemelum nobile</i>	(Chamomile)
<i>Melissa officinalis</i>	(Lemon Balm)
<i>Artemisia dracunculus</i>	(Tarragon)
<i>Origanum majorana</i>	(Marjoram)
<i>Pulmanaria officinalis</i>	(Lungwort)
<i>Sium sisarum</i>	(Skirret)
<i>Viola odorata</i>	(Sweet Violet)
<i>Thymus species</i>	(Thyme)




Allium tuberosum

Herbs to Sustain Pollinators

<u>Botanical Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<i>Thymus vulgaris</i>	(Thyme)
<i>Origanum vulgare</i>	(Oregano)
<i>Nepeta cataria</i>	(Catnip)
<i>Nepeta</i>	(Catmint)
<i>Lavandula</i>	(Lavender)
<i>Melissa officinalis</i>	(Lemon balm)
<i>Monarda</i>	(Bee balm)
<i>Borago officinalis</i>	(Borage)
<i>Salvia officinalis</i>	(Sage)
<i>Agastache foeniculum</i>	(Hyssop/Agastache)
<i>Teucrium</i>	(Germander)

For more information visit the Master Gardener Diagnostic Clinic
May through September
Tuesdays 11:30 a.m. - 2:30 p.m.

WSU Extension Office
901 E 7th Avenue, Suite 2
Ellensburg, WA 98926
Phone: (509) 962-7507
<http://www.kittitas.wsu.edu>
www.facebook.com/mgofkittitas

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Herbs for Kittitas County



Calendula officinalis

HERBS in your garden can be harvested and used in many ways using the roots, stems, leaves, flowers, buds and fruit. Dried or fresh, the variety of uses are endless to provide color, fragrance, enhancing foods and are a delight to grow. Herbs fall into 3 categories.

Annual Herbs - Annual herbs are sown in the spring and will die in the fall.

Perennial Herbs - Perennial herbs come back each year and will have a long life if properly cared for.

Biennial Herbs— Biennial herbs live for two years and will flower and bear seed in the second year after sowing, then die.



Borago officinalis

ANNUAL HERBS

- Ocimum basilicum* (Basil)
- Borago officinalis* (Borage)
- Anthriscus cerefolium* (Chervil)
- Coriandrum sativum* (Cilantro)
- Lepidium sativum* (Cress)
- Anethum graveolens* (Dill)
- Matricaria recutita* (German-Chamomile)
- Monarda citriodora* (Lemon Balm)
- Majorana hortensis* (Marjoram)
- Tropaeolum majus* (Nasturtium)
- Satureja hortensis* (Summer Savory)

PERENNIAL HERBS

- Laurus nobilis* (Bay)
- Allium schoenoprasum* (Chives)
- Tanacetum parthenium* (Feverfew)
- Foeniculum vulgare* (Fennel)
- Artemisia dracunculatus* (French Tarragon)
- Marrubium vulgare* (Horehound)
- Lavandula* (Lavender)
- Melissa officinalis* (Lemon Balm)
- Levisticum officinale* (Lovage)
- Origanum vulgare* (Oregano)
- Metha piperita* (Peppermint)
- Rosmarinus officinalis* (Rosemary)
- Salvia officinalis* (Sage)
- Sanguisorba minor* (Salad Burnet)
- Thymus vulgaris* (Thyme)
- Satureja montana* (Winter Savory)



Thymus vulgaris

BIENNIAL HERBS

- Angelica* (Angelica)
- Aalvia sclarea* (Clary Sage)
- Petroselinum crispum* (Parsley)
- Smyrniolum olusatrum* (Alexanders)
- Hesperis matronalis* (Sweet Rocket)

The following herbs also have edible flowers; which are best used as a garnish in salads, soup or pressed in cream cheese or frostings. Wash and blot dry.

- Monarda* (Bee Balm)
- Hemerocallis* (Daylily)
- Rosa* (Rose)
- Tropaeolum* (Nasturtium)
- Calendula* (Pot Marigold)
- Viola* (Johnny Jumpup, Pansy, Violets)
- Borago officinalis* (Borage)

Herbs grown for their scent:

Herbs are used in sachets, soaps, lotions, and other scented products for the household and personal use. For best results pick flowers just before they have fully opened and pick leaves after the morning dew has dried from the leaves. Dry on screens or cheese cloth for good air circulation. These herbs many not be suitable for consumption, so please check for edibility before using in items such as lip ointment or moisturizers. Also, some individuals may have sensitivities to certain herbs. Please use caution.

- Lavandula* (Lavender)
- Melissa officinalis* (Lemon Balm)
- Rosa* (Rose)
- Dianthus caryophyllus* (Carnation)
- Rosmarinus officinalis* (Rosemary)
- Ocimum basilicum* (Basil)
- Majorana hortensis* (Marjoram)
- Origanum vulgare* (Oregano)
- Mentha species* (Mint)

- Thymus vulgaris* (Thyme)
- Calendula officinalis* (Calendula)
- Chamaemelum nobile* (Chamomile)
- Monarda* (Bee Balm)
- Foeniculum vulgare* (Fennel)
- Lonicera* (Honeysuckle)
- Hesperis matronalis* (Sweet Rocket)
- Viola* (Johnny Jumpup, Pansy, Violets)
- Matthiola* (Stock)
- Erysimum cheiri* (Wall Flower)
- Galium odorata* (Sweet Woodruff)
- Nicotiana* (Tobacco plant)
- Salvia officinalis* (Sage)
- Monarda citriodora* (Lemon Balm)
- Artemisia dracunculus* (French Tarragon)



Anethum graveolens