

## HORSE BOWL QUESTIONS – 2004 – INTERMEDIATE - ROUND 7

### \*\*\*ONE ON ONE QUESTIONS:\*\*\*

#### Question 1

Horse Science ( p 19)

**Q. Define parturition.**

A. Birth and expelling of the placenta

#### Question 2

Evans (p 233)

**Q. Define vice.**

A. A bad habit that might affect a horse's usefulness, dependability, or health

#### Question 3

Horses and Horsemanship (p 6)

**Q. With respect to leg markings, what is a pastern?**

A. White extends from the coronet and including the pastern.

#### Question 4

Evans (p163)

**Q. Name the unsoundness which is characterized by the separation of the hoof wall and the white line at the toe of the hoof.**

A. Seedy toe.

#### Question 5

Evans ( p 251)

**Q. Why is the fat of a horse yellow?**

A. carotene storage

#### Question 6

4H Performance Horse (p 10)

**Q. When properly fitting a halter, the chin strap should fall how far below the jaw?**

A. 1 to 1 1/2 "

#### Question 7

4H Horse Science (p 16)

**Q. Where is Luteinizing hormone produced ?**

A. The pituitary

#### Question 8

4H Performance ( p 15)

**Q. In equitation, what are the 3 basic seats?**

A. Hunter, Saddle, Stock

\*\*\*END OF ONE ON ONE QUESTIONS:\*\*\*

**\*\*\*BEGINNING OF OPEN QUESTIONS:\*\*\***

Question 9

HIH p1220-1

**Q. What must a horse do to see far away object?**

A. lower it's head.

Question 10

HS p13

**Q. Is a cataract of the eye an unsoundness or a blemish?**

A. Unsoundness

Question 11

Horses and Horsemanship (31)

**Q. What are saddle trees made of?**

A. Fiberglass or wood and covered with rawhide

Question 12

Horses and Horsemanship (p 34)

**Q. What is a breast collar used for?**

A. To stabilize and prevent a saddle from slipping backward.

Question 13

Source: EVANS pp 600-601

**Q. What diagnostic method detects Equine Infectious Anemia in a horse?**

A. Coggins Test

Question 14

Evans (p 93)

**Q. On which incisors do you find Galvayne's groove?**

A. Corner incisors

THIS IS A TOSS UP QUESTION

Question 15

4-H Horse Judging Guide (p 10)

**Q. What joint is referred to as the pivot of action in the horse?**

A. Hock Joint.

THIS IS A BONUS QUESTION

4H Horse Judging (p 25)

**Q. When judging geldings, what factors must be considered?**

A. 1) Display masculine characteristics, WITHOUT having a disposition similar to a stallion, 2) The must be sound. 3) The must conform to the “ideal” type and conformation accepted by the breed.

Question 16

HS p 28

**Q. How long is the esophagus?**

A. 4-5 feet

Question 17

4H Performance (p 24)

**Q. Describe the correct hand position for holding romal reins.**

A. The hand is around the reins with the romal end coming out of the top of the hand by the thumb. The romal is held in the other hand, with about 16” of rein separating the two reins. No fingers are permitted between the two reins.

Question 18

4H Horse Science (p 20)

**Q. How many pairs of chromosomes does a horse have?**

A. 32

Question 19

Horse Science (p 13)

**What type of teeth have a distinct neck?**

Milk or temporary teeth.

Question 20

HS p 32

**Q. How much percent of an adult horse is water?**

A. 65-75 percent