

## UNIT TWO – QUESTION FIVE

### Unit Two-Question five-Welcome to 4-H

- 1 Where in the world can you find 4-H programs?  
--In all 50 states and in 82 other countries  
Page 3 Column 1 Paragraph 1
- 2 What do the 4-H colors stand for?  
--Green: life, springtime, youth  
White: fresh, clean  
Page 3 Column 1 Paragraph 2
- 3 When is the 4-H Pledge said?  
--At the beginning of a meeting  
Page 8 Column 1 Paragraph 7
- 4 4-H in our state is part of which two organizations?  
--Washington State University and United States Department of Agriculture  
Page 3 Column 2 Paragraph 3
- 5 Name three kinds of people who help bring 4-H to the members?  
--Extension Agents, 4-H Leaders and Friends of 4-H  
Page 3 Column 2 Paragraph 7
- 6 When did 4-H begin?  
--In the early 1900's  
Page 3 Column 2 Paragraph 2
- 7 There are seven programs from which projects may be selected. Name \_\_\_\_\_ of them.  
--Animal Sciences  
--Expressive Arts  
--Family Living  
--Mechanical Sciences  
--Natural Resources  
--Social Sciences  
--Plant Sciences  
Page 5 Column 1 Paragraph 3
- 8 What are the three types of 4-H program groups?  
--4-H Clubs  
--Special Interest Groups  
--School Enrichment Groups  
Page 5 Column 1 Paragraph 1
- 9 What are the four types of leaders?  
--Club, project, activity and teen  
Page 5 Column 2 Paragraph 3
- 10 What does the Extension Agent do?  
--Plans county programs  
--Furnishes project material  
--Helps leaders organize clubs and special 4-H groups  
--Trains 4-H leaders  
--Coordinates county events  
Page 5 Column 2 Paragraph 4
- 11 What do the 4-H Specialists at Washington State University do?  
--Train 4-H Agents and Leaders  
--Develop and maintain new and existing programs  
Page 6 column 1 Paragraph 1
- 12 What are some of the projects in the Animal Sciences program?  
--Dairy, livestock, companion animals, veterinary science  
Page 5 column 1 Paragraph 3
- 13 What are some of the projects in the Expressive Arts program?  
--Creative arts, performing arts  
Page 5 Column 1 Paragraph 3
- 14 What are some of the projects in the Family Living program?  
--Introduction to Family Living, Clothing, Foods and Nutrition, Money Management  
Page 5 Column 1 Paragraph 3
- 15 What does the club president do?  
--Is in charge of club meetings and keeps them orderly  
Page 8 Column 2 Paragraph 1

1 How does exhibiting project results help a member?  
--Shows others what they are doing  
--Helps members find where they can improve  
--Gives a sense of pride and accomplishment  
Page 6 Column 2 Paragraph 4

2 "Welcome to 4-H" lists 14 different activities in which members can learn by taking part. Name \_\_\_\_\_ of them.  
--Project work  
--4-H Camp  
--Demonstrations (public presentations)  
--Record Keeping  
--4-H Exchanges  
--Know Your Government  
--Recreation  
--Club Projects  
--4-H Teen Forum or Conference  
--County Contests  
--Exhibits  
--National 4-H Congress  
--National 4-H Conference  
--International 4-H Youth Exchange  
Page 6 Columns 1 & 2

3 What are the four parts of a good 4-H Club meeting?  
--Opening, business, education, fun  
Page 8 Column 1 Paragraph 7

4 What occurs during the opening part of a 4-H Club meeting?  
--Call to order, Pledge of Allegiance, 4-H Pledge  
Page 8 Column 1 Paragraph 7

5 What is done during the business part of a 4-H Club meeting?  
--roll call, Secretary's Report, Treasurer's Report, Committee Reports, Old Business, New Business  
Page 8 Column 1 Paragraph 7

6 What happens during the education part of a 4-H Club meeting?  
--Program, demonstrations, talks, films, speaker  
Page 8 Column 1 Paragraph 7

7 What happens during the "fun" part of a 4-H Club meeting?  
--Recreation, Group Singing, Skits, Entertainment, Refreshments  
Page 8 Column 1 Paragraph 7

8 Besides ribbons and premium money, what are some other forms of recognition common in 4-H?  
--Certificates of Completion  
--Medals  
--Achievement Pins  
--Scholarships to camp, state conferences and national events  
Page 9 Column 2 Paragraph 2

9 What is the difference between a club meeting and a project meeting?  
--At a club meeting, members talk about what they plan to do as a group. At a project meeting, members work on their projects  
Page 8 Column 1 Paragraph 6

10 What is the proper way to make a motion during a meeting?  
--Raise your hand and when called on, say, "I move that ----"  
Page 9 Column 1 Paragraph 1

11 If a member makes a motion during a meeting, what must happen before it can be discussed?  
--Another member must second the motion  
Page 9 Column 1 Paragraph 1

12 Why is project work important?  
--It helps members gain knowledge and skills and learn to take responsibilities  
Page 6 Column 1 Paragraph 3

1 Why is it important to do demonstrations (public presentations)?

--Members show and tell others about what they have learned and this is the first step toward helping others and developing leadership

Page 6 Column 1 Paragraph 3

2 What are the benefits of recordkeeping?

--Members keep track of what they are learning

--Develop a business sense

--Write their 4-H Story