Small Equine In-Hand

The small equine in-hand division was developed to provide a place for horse project members whose equine may be too small to ride. Throughout this document, when the word "equine" is used it specifically refers to small equine. Unless otherwise specified, exhibitors may wear standard western or English attire as described in the PNW Contest Guide.

Eligibility for Showing

Height

Small Equine In-Hand classes are open to any equine (miniature horse, pony, donkey or mule) that is 48" or less when measured at the highest point of the withers

Please note that this may be a different way of measuring than what miniature horse owners are used to. If you have used the height at the last hair of the mane before, you will need to remeasure your equine at the highest point of the withers.

Height categories are used for setting jump and obstacle dimensions. Based on their measurement, equines shall be assigned to the appropriate height category as described below:

- Category A: Under 34" (and in jumping classes, all donkeys)
- Category B: 34" up to, but not including, 38"
- Category C: 38" and over, through 48"

Age

The show age of equines less than 36 months of age is determined by their age on the day of the show.

- Equine must be 12 months or older to compete in obstacle classes.
- Equine must be 36 months or older to compete in jumping classes.

Tack

- The equine must be shown in a working halter with a throatlatch. The halter may be made of leather, synthetic leather, rope, or webbing.
- The lead may be flat or rounded. The exhibitor's end of the lead must be without a loop. Length must be appropriate to the size of the equine, but not less than six feet or longer than ten feet.
- A chain under the chin may be used.

Not Allowed

- Chains over the nose
- Arabian-style halters (allowed only in Showmanship)
- Any tack on the body (except for the halter). For example, surcingles or similar objects to keep the head under control

Exhibitor Attire

- Exhibitor may wear either English or Western attire.
- Riding boots, paddock boots or sturdy leather shoes are required
- A helmet is required

Not Allowed

- Spurs
- Chaps
- Whips/crops

Small Equine In-Hand Classes

Dressage In-Hand

Scoring

100 points total

• Execution 50%

Collective Remarks (gaits, impulsion, submission, exhibitor, presentation)

Overview:

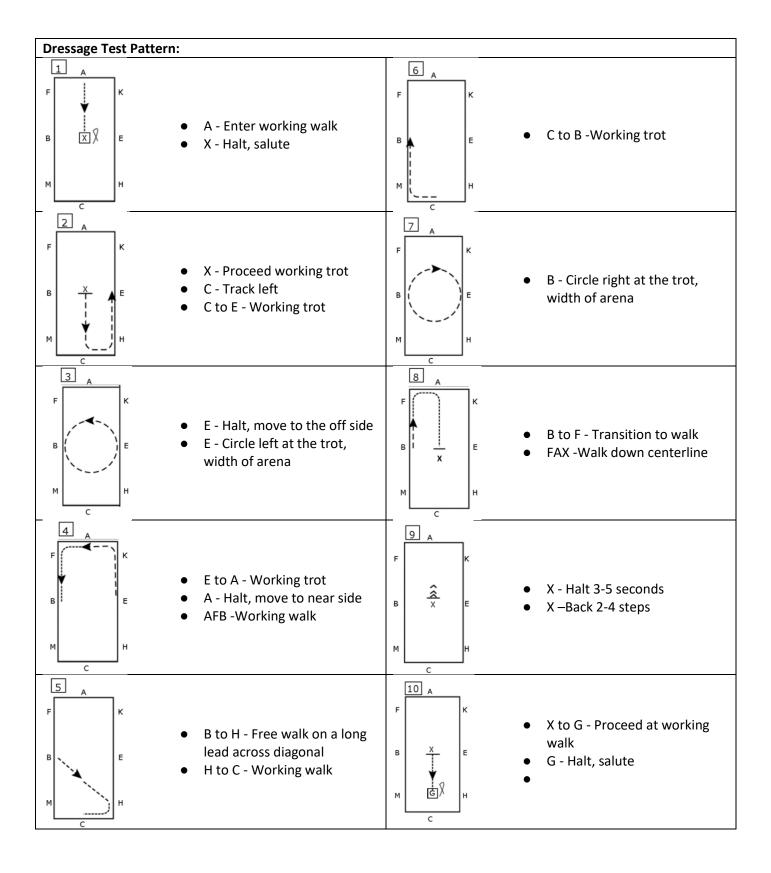
Dressage In-Hand is comparable to ridden Dressage in its execution and scoring. Emphasis should be placed on suppleness, basic gaits, figures, impulsion and transitions in the performance of the horse, as produced by the handler. Each movement is scored (0 to 5 points) to establish whether it was insufficient (2 or below) or sufficient (3 or above).

Arena Layout

The dressage arena must be rectangular in shape, with the short sides half as long as the long sides. The arena should not be as large as a ridden dressage arena, but it must be large enough for the Category C equines to complete their maneuvers smoothly. 10x20 meters is a good starting point. The basic dressage letters will be posted (A, B, C, E, F, H, K, M)

Execution of the Test

- Voice signals and/or clicking the tongue are prohibited.
- Tests may be read during the competition, but no part of a test may be read more than once.
- Lateness or errors in reading the pattern will not relieve the exhibitor from error penalties.
- Coaching by anyone is prohibited and will result in the elimination of the exhibitor.



	Small Equine In-Hand Score Sheet										
				Dressa	ge In-	-Hand					
Exhi	bitor#:			Age Group: □ Jr	□Int	□Sr		Height Ca	Height Category: □A □B □C		
Mov	/ement		Test	Directi	ive Idea:	S	Max	Points	Remarks		
1	A X	Enter wor Halt, salut	_	 Straightness on cent Balance on transitio Quality of halt, 	•		5				
2	X C C to E	Proceed w Track left Working t	vorking trot rot	Transitions Quality of trot & tur	ns at C & H		5				
3	E E		e to the off side at the trot, width	Quality of trot & figure Consistent rhythm Suppleness Ability to lead from the off side			5				
4	E to A A AFB	Working t Halt, move Working v	e to near side	Balance in transition Quality of walk & ha			5				
5	B to H H to C	Free walk across dia Working v	=	Length of frame & s: Relaxation on free w Rhythm & quality of	valk	e walk	5				
6 C to B Working trot			Quality of transitions & trot			5					
7	В	Circle righ of arena	t at the trot, width	Quality of circle Consistent rhythm			5				
8	B to F FAX	Transition Walk dow	to walk n centerline	Quality of halt, walk & turns, Straightness on centerline			5				
9	X X	Halt 3-5 se Back 2-4 s		Quality of halt Willingness to step back			5				
10	X to G G	Proceed a Halt, salut	t working walk e	Straightness & rhythm, Obedience & relaxation at halt			5				
				Perf	ormanc	e Subtota	I 50				
				Collect	ive Rer	narks					
	Eleme	nt		lities	Max	Points			Remarks		
Gaits	5		Freedom & regular Consistency	rity	10						
Impu	ulsion		Desire to move for Elasticity of steps. Engagement of hin		10						
Subr	mission		 Acceptance of guid Attention & confid Calmness, lightnes 		10						
Exhibitor • Use of lead & aids. • Handler's position				10							
Presentation • Equine/handler Presentation as a team				esentation as a team	10						
Collective Remarks Subtotal					50		• Blue = 8	5-100	Points • 5 (10)=Very Good • 4(2)=Good		
Performance Subtotal (from above)					50		 Red = 70-84 White = 0-69 4(8)=Good 3(6)=Average 2(4)=Below Average 				
				Grand Total	100				1(2)=Poor0=Did Not Perform		
	Ribbon						_		Reserve may be awarded to the top		
Special Award:						blue ribbo	on winners in	the class or at judge's discretion.			

Obstacles In-Hand

Scoring

- Execution 80%
- Overall Performance
 20%

Description:

Obstacles In-Hand is a disciplined event designed to test the working relationship between equine and exhibitor. The course will consist of obstacles of various types. The class is judged on the exhibitor's ability to guide the equine through the course with control and precision. The equine's performance and way of going with an emphasis on manners throughout the course is also considered along with the responsiveness and willingness of the equine.

Unlike In Hand Trail, which is based on obstacles found along the trail, the obstacles in Obstacles In Hand are specifically chosen to test the exhibitor's ability to control and maneuver the equine.

Course Layout

The course will consist of six obstacles. A start and finish line must be established at a safe distance from the first and last obstacle and indicated by two markers at least 4 feet apart. The exhibitor must go between these markers in the proper direction to officially start and end the pattern otherwise the exhibitor is considered off course.

At least three different categories of obstacles must be used. (see obstacle description charts.)

Course designs must ensure all safety precautions are taken and the judge has the right to alter any course that he/she feels may be unsafe before the first equine is on course. If the course must be altered after the first equine has completed the course, that equine will be allowed to rerun the course.

Course Procedures:

Exhibitors compete one at a time over a set pattern of obstacles. The dimensions of the obstacles will be adjusted according to the height category of the equine. The height category of the equine will be used to determine the order in which the exhibitors enter the ring. However, judging of all obstacle classes is done by the age group of the exhibitor.

The judge must be available to perform a walk through the course with exhibitors prior to commencement of the class. Only exhibitors are permitted on the course – no equines until the commencement of the class

Cueing

Exhibitors are permitted to cue their equine by the use of voice commands and hand signals.

Most other forms of cueing are penalized. Penalized cueing includes but is not limited to:

- hitting the equine with lead rope or other object
- physically pushing the equine in any direction
- deliberate body or hand contact with the equine
- any obvious intimidation of the equine
- holding the equine by the halter rather than the lead
- stepping on or in an obstacle with the equine unless the course layout requires it or by direction of the judge.
- backing equine by aggressively shaking the lead rope
- baiting with food or other objects

Course Penalties:

Each of the following occurrences will lead to an automatic 30 point deduction:

- Negotiating obstacles in the wrong direction (off course)
- Taking obstacles in the wrong order (off course)
- Falling of the equine or exhibitor

General Penalties

- Failure to complete an obstacle is not a disqualification but should be penalized accordingly.
- An exhibitor may attempt any obstacle up to three (3) times but then they must move on to the next obstacle.
- Maximum time is 60 seconds per obstacle. After the time is used, the exhibitor will be directed to move on.
- Exhibitors shall be penalized for any unnecessary delay in approaching an obstacle.
- Refusals are not a disqualification, but should be faulted accordingly.

Disqualifications:

- Equine running free of the exhibitor
- Willful abuse of the equine by the exhibitor
- Leaving arena without permission of the judge or steward

Obstacles

The following obstacles are prohibited:

- Tire and stair obstacles
- Logs or poles elevated in such a manner that allows them to roll
- Rocking or moving bridges

Pole Requirements

- Poles on the ground should be 1½" to 4" in diameter and at least 5' long, unless otherwise specified
- Elevated poles should be 1½" to 2" in diameter and 5' to 6' long.
- Poles can be made of wood or schedule 40 PVC pipe, depending on the location & use of the pole.

Cone Requirements

- Cones should be at least 10" tall.
- Cones may be of any color or combination of colors

"Over" Category Obstacles

Obstacle	Information	Category Adjustments	Penalties		
Bridge	 Equine must walk over a raised bridge (can have incline/decline, step up/down, or be flat Bridges must be sturdy & safe without sides. Rocking/moving bridges prohibited. 	• Minimum width: A & B = 18", C = 24"	Equine steps off bridge Exhibitor steps onto bridge		
Jump	 No more than one jump may be included in a course. Ground poles are required Equine must clear jump without touching (clear round). Exhibitor is not permitted to jump obstacle. Jumps must be at least 5 feet wide & must be spaced 16 feet from other obstacles. 	A & B: Max 12" in height C: Max 18" in height Equines under 24 months & all donkeys: Max 6" in height	Equine knocks down any part of jump Exhibitors knocks down any part of jump		
Water, Tarp, Carpet, Mat	 Equine is to walk over obstacle as prescribed by pattern. Tarp edges must be secured Obstacle dimensions should be a minimum of 24 inches wide by 5 feet long. Equine must walk over obstacle. Exhibitor is not permitted to walk on obstacle. Water may be poured to create a water obstacle. 	• Minimum width: A & B = 18", C = 24"	 Equine steps to side of obstacle Equine steps completely off obstacle Equine fails to walk over obstacle Equine jumps, leaps or evades obstacle 		
Ground Walk/Trot Poles	 Equine must walk or trot over sequence of ground poles without touching poles. Poles can be set in straight line, zig-zag or fan shaped pattern. Maximum of 6 poles in a row may be used. 	Walk Over between poles: A & B=16" to 20", C=18" to 24"	Exhibitor doesn't remain outside of obstacle Equine jumps, leaps, refuses, or evades poles		

		Trot Over between poles: A & B=20" to 24", C=24" to 28"	Equine ticks, hits, knocks, or rolls pole
Elevated Walk/Trot Poles	Equine must walk or trot over a single elevated pole or a series of elevated poles Exhibitors is not permitted to go over poles	Single pole maximum height: A & B=8", C=12" Multiple pole maximum height: A & B=6", C=10" Maximum distance same as for trot over ground poles above	 Equine refuses Equine goes around Equine knocks down pole(s) Exhibitor goes over poles

"Pattern" Category Obstacles

Obstacle	Information	Category Adjustments	Penalties
Lead Through Poles	 Equine must walk or trot through a sequence of parallel ground poles Poles can be set in straight line, zig-zag or other shaped pattern. 	Minimum width between poles: A=24", B=28", C=30"	Exhibitor doesn't remain outside of obstacle Equine jumps, leaps, refuses, or evades poles Equine steps out of obstacle
Walk/Trot Cones	 Exhibitor must guide equine through cones spaced equal distances apart Sequence should include 4-6 cones. Potted plants, or similar objects, may be used in place of cones. 	Minimum distance between cones: A & B=6', C=8' Maximum distance between cones: A & B=8', C=12'	Equine steps out of obstacle Equine not willing to work through cones Equine is not at designated gait

"Control" Category Obstacles

Obstacle	Information	Category Adjustments	Penalties
Backing Through	 Equine must back through a preset pattern of poles or markers. Poles may be set in any pattern such as an L, V or parallel lines. 	A & B - minimum 30" apart C – minimum of 40" apart	Exhibitor doesn't remain outside of obstacle Equine isn't outside of obstacle before backing Equine doesn't back correct number of steps
Ground Tie	Stand equine at a designated location while exhibitor moves around or away from & back to animal	No adjustments required	Equine does not stay in place
Turn-In Square	 Square will be made of four 3"- 4" diameter poles. Exhibitor must: enter square, turn equine as required, & leave square. Patterns may require the equine to turn 90°, 180°, 270° or 360° in box. Exhibitor must be within square, unless directed otherwise by pattern. 	A & B: each pole 5-6 feet long C: each pole 7-8 feet long	Exhibitor touches poles or steps outside square Equine steps outside of box
Pivot Obstacles	 Equine's front/rear legs are placed in circle & forehand/haunch turn is performed turn as designated in pattern. Circle may be soft rope, chalk, or plywood & must be 12-24" in diameter 	No adjustments are necessary for different height categories.	Equine steps outside of circle Equine fails to pivot correct distance
Side Pass Obstacles	 Equine must side pass over a pole. Physically pushing or hitting equine constitutes illegal cueing. 	Minimum width for all sizes: 24" Maximum height for all sizes: 6"	Equine steps over pole (if present) Equine fails to side pass

"Under" Category Obstacles

Obstacle	Information	Category Adjustments	Penalties
Tunnels, Curtains, Carwash	Equine must walk under an obstacle that is over or on both sides of the equine	Minimum height for all sizes is 7' Minimum width for all sizes is 5'	Equines refuses to pass under obstacle Equine shies will passing under obstacle Exhibitor goes through obstacle with equine
Hula Hoop	Equine must stand with front feet in hula hoop & then stand quietly while hoop is passed over his head & body & then lowered to the ground around back legs.	May not be used as an obstacle if there is an equine that is too large to pass through it. Different sized hula hoops may be	 Equine shies from hoop Hoop isn't passed completely over equine Exhibitor forces equine through hoop

Alternatively, back legs may be placed in hoop & the hula hoop passed from back to front over equine's	used for each height category.	
head.	<i>J</i> ,	

"Daily Chores" Category Obstacles

Obstacle	Information	Category Adjustments	Penalties			
Gate Obstacles	 Equine & exhibitor must go through the gate & close gate behind them. One hand should remain on the gate at all times. 	No adjustments for required.	Exhibitor loses control/contact with gate Equine not willing to walk through & stand quietly			
Mailbox	 Exhibitor shall lead equine up to mailbox, open mailbox, remove an item from mailbox & close mailbox. 	No adjustment for height category is necessary.	Equine refuses to approach mailbox Equine fails to stand quietly			
Objects	 Put something on and off of equine or exhibitor (coat, blanket, etc) Pick up & carry something (bucket, flag, etc) No spraying obstacles are allowed 	If an item is to be placed on equine, care must be taken that it will fit all sizes of equine.	Equine fails to stand quietly while exhibitor deals with object Equine shies while passing object			

	4-H Small Equine In-Hand Exhibitor #:									
		Obstacles	In-Hand Sco	re Sheet						
Age Group	o: 🛘 Junior	Intermed	iate 🛮 Senior			Date:				
Height Ca	tegory: 🛘	ІА 🗆 В 🗆	С							
Obstacle Description		Clean 5 points	A few minor errors 4 points	Several Minor errors 3 points	A few major errors 2 points	Several major errors 1 point	Does not attempt 0 points			
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										
6.										
Tack & Attire		Appropriate, clean, fits well 5 points	A few minor problems 4 points	Several minor problems 3 points	A few major problems 2 points	Several major problems 1 point	Illegal or missing required items 0 points			
Appropriate Tack										
Appropr	iate Attire									
		Well mannered, & responsive 5 points	A few minor issues 4 points	Several minor issues 3 points	A few major issues 2 points	Several major issues 1 point	Out of control O points			
Eq	uine									
		Calm & in control, Appropriate Cues 5 points	A few minor issues 4 points	Several minor issues 3 points	A few major issues 2 points	Several major issues 1 point	No control or Abusive 0 points			
Exhibitor										
Total Points			Off course Equine or exhibitor		Ribbon Points • Blue = 43-50 (85%-100%) • Red = 35-42 (70% - 84%)					
Less points for course penalties			Failure to pass thro Jumping with equit Disqualification		• White = 0-34	(U% - 69%)				
Total Final Score			Equine runs free frWillful abuse of eqLeaving arena with	uine by exhibitor						
Ribbon	☐ Blue ☐ F	Red 🗆 White	Special Award							

Obstacles In-Hand Score Sheet - Side 2

- Failure to complete an obstacle and/or refusals is/are not a disqualification but should be penalized accordingly.
- An exhibitor may attempt any obstacle up to 3 times, however, the judge may send the equine onto the next obstacle at any time. Maximum time is 60 seconds per obstacle.
- Exhibitors shall be penalized for any unnecessary delay in approaching an obstacle.
- Each of the following occurrences will lead to a mandatory 30 point deduction: Negotiating obstacles in the wrong direction (off course), Taking obstacles in the wrong order (off course), Falling of the equine or exhibitor
- The judge should take the age and size of the exhibitor into account when assessing penalty points.

Penalties for specific obstacles (in addition to those mentioned above):

- Backing: Penalties: The exhibitor does not remain outside of the backing obstacle, The equine is not outside of the obstacle before they commence backing, The equine does not back the correct distance or number of steps.
- Walk/Trot Poles: Penalties: The exhibitor does not remain outside the obstacle, The equine jumps, leaps, refuses or evades the poles, The equine ticks, hits, knocks or rolls a pole.
- Gate: Penalties: The exhibitor loses control over the gate, The exhibitor loses contact with the gate, The equine is not willing to walk through the gate and stand quietly, The equine touches the gate.
- Cones: Penalties: The equine is not willing to work through the cones.
- Turn-In Square: Penalties: The exhibitor touches the poles or steps outside the square, The equine steps outside of the box with one foot, The equine steps completely outside of the box.
- **Bridge**: Penalties: The equine steps off the bridge, The equine should gain more points for showing expression and should lose points for fear/intimidation.
- Jump: Penalties: The equine knocks down jump or any part of the jump, The exhibitor knocks down the jump.
- Water: Penalties: The equine steps to the side of the obstacle with one foot, The equine steps completely off the tarp, The equine fails to walk over the obstacle or jumps, leaps or evades the obstacle.
- Side Pass: Penalties: The equine places feet over the opposite side of the pole, The exhibitor intimidates the equine to make it side pass either with lead, hand, or arm, The equine fails to side pass. Credit will be given for equines that cross over their legs as they execute the side pass.
- Mailbox: Penalties: The equine refuses to approach the mailbox, The equine fails to stand quietly while the exhibitor deals with
- Objects: Penalties: The equine fails to stand quietly while the exhibitor deals with the object, The equine shies while passing the object.

In-Hand Hunter

Scoring

- Execution 70%
- Overall Performance 30%

Description

The objective of a jumping classes is to increase the level of communication between equine & exhibitor. In this event exhibits are judged not only on the number of jumping or course faults, but also on the exhibitor's ability to display the style, manners and way of going, speed, control and gait of their equine.

Course Layout

The course will consist of 6 jumps with at least one, but no more than 4, changes of direction. Individual jumps may be repeated to get the total of 6 jumps. The jumps may be attractive and varied or they may be standard post and rail jumps.

Hunter courses are designed to allow the exhibitor to present the horse to its best advantage. Longer distances and wide corners are utilized to enable a smooth presentation. Exhibitors will not be asked for tight turns. Angled jumps must be approached from the long corner, not the short corners. Hunter courses consist of two or three straight or gently curved lines of jumps that do not require turns between them, or single jumps, with room for wide corners between lines and jumps.

Start and finish lines must be placed at least 30 feet from the first and last obstacle and be indicated by two markers at least 4 feet apart. Equines must cross the start/finish line in the proper direction to officially start and complete the course.

Warm-Up

- A warm-up jump will be provided for exhibitors to use before jumping competition begins.
- Upon entering the arena, the exhibitor & equine may circle once prior to entering the starting point. Circling while on course will be subject to penalty.

Jumps

- Jump standards must be short enough for all exhibitors to run past without catching the lead on the standard. The maximum height for standards is 40".
- Jumping poles will be made of schedule 40 PVC piping that is 1½" to 2" in diameter.
- All jumps must be at least 5 feet wide.
- Sight ground poles are required for all jumps.
- Jumps set at 32 inches or more in height must have a second rail added.
- Decorations must not protrude more than 24 inches from the uprights.
- At least 2 fences must be set at the maximum heights, or, if the standards are not able to be set at the maximum height, no less than 2" below maximum height.
- Distances between fences in a line must be shown on the course diagram and measured when setting the course.
- A minimum of 30 feet of actual travel distance from center of one jump to center of the next must be maintained, except in the case of an in-and-out.
- An in-and-out is considered one obstacle

- The maximum height of the bar on the second element of an in-and-out must not exceed 24 inches. The first bar should be set lower than the second element.
- An in-and-out may not be the first jump on the course or the first jump in a line.

Jump Heights - will be adjusted as follows to allow for different categories of equine:

- Category A: jump height 10"-20" In-and-out spacing 10'
- Category B: jump height 14"-24" In-and-out spacing 12'
- Category C: jump height 18"-28" In-and-out spacing 14'

Soundness Check

Equine must be serviceably sound. Exhibitors who are not disqualified from the class must jog for soundness past the judge (either individually after completing their course or as a group after all exhibitors have jumped) before final placings are awarded.

Definitions & penalties

Knockdown: - 4 point penalty:

• An obstacle is classified as 'knocked down' if the highest element of the obstacle is dislodged & lowered.

Refusal: 3 point penalty

- A refusal fault is incurred if an equine halts at an obstacle, discontinuing its forward motion & backs, side steps or circles to retake a fence.
- Stopping at an obstacle without backing followed by jumping from a standstill is not considered although
 points may be deducted for style.
- After the refusal, if the equine is moved forward towards the obstacle but does not attempt to jump, it is considered another refusal.

Unnecessary Circling: 3 point penalty

Circling incurs a penalty if the equine is on the course. Circling is permitted prior to crossing the start line.

Run Out: 3 point penalty

- A run-out occurs when the equine evades or passes the obstacle to be jumped without jumping or attempting to jump the obstacle.
- A run-out is considered a form of refusal.

Touching Obstacle: 1 point penalty.

Any contact with the obstacle by the equine (excluding tail) or the exhibitor will incur a penalty. Includes ticks
 & rubs with the front or hind legs.

An automatic 30 point deduction will be given in the following situations:

- Three disobediences over the course. -A disobedience is a refusal, run-out or circling
- Failure to keep to course
- Equine or exhibitor falls
- Exhibitor jumping obstacle with the equine
- Jumping an obstacle before it has been reset
- Pulling, 'lifting' or dragging the equine over an obstacle.
- Baiting a horse to jump
- Failure to pass through start & finish markers

Disqualifications:

- Equine running free from exhibitor
- Willful abuse of the equine by the exhibitor
- Leaving arena without permission of the judge or steward

Style Points

- No equine with jumping or course faults shall place higher than a sound equine with a clear round.
- **WAY OF GOING**: Credit will be given to the exhibitor whose equine covers the course at an even pace, with free flowing strides as in a brisk yet controlled trot or canter. Exhibitors will be penalized if their equine changes gait while on the course.
- **STYLE**: Credit will be given to equines with a correct jumping style that meet the fences squarely, in stride & jump at the center of the fence. An equine will be penalized for unsafe jumping & bad form over fences (i.e. cat leaping, hanging a leg, rushing a fence).
- MANNERS: Credit will be given to exhibitors who handle their equine is such a way that the equine
 negotiates the course in a smooth, easily controlled, obedient manner. An equine will be penalized for bad
 mannerisms such as rearing, bucking, spooking or shying while on the course
- **Exception**: Donkeys will not be penalized for stopping before a jump and then jumping from a standstill. That is the normal donkey jumping form.

Hunter In-Hand

revised 2/14/2022

Ex #:		Age Group: 🔲 Jr	□Int □Sr	Height	Category: 🔲 A	□в□] c				
				1	Jumping Scores	1					
Jump		Clear 5 points	Tick 4 points	Tick 4 points		Circling, Refusal, Run-out- Completes Jump 2 points			ckdown point	Does not jump 0 points	
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											
6											
									Jumps Subto	tal:	
				(Collective Score	s					
Attire Tac		Appropriate, clean, fr well 5 points	A few minor 4 point		%		A few major issues 2 points		Several major issues 1 point		Illegal or missing required items 0 points
Atti	re										
Tac	k										
		Consistent gait, good form 5 points	d Consistent gait, form a little off 4 points		A few gait breaks 3 points	Poor jumping form 2 points		form	Multiple gait b 1 point	reaks	Multiple gait breaks & poor form 0 points
Way Going/											
		Mannered, responsiv 5 points	ve A few minor issues 4 points		Several minor issues 3 points	A few major issues 2 points		Several major issues 1 point		Out of control 0 points	
Manr	ners										
								C	Collective Sub	total	
Jum	-	30 Point Course Faults-4 Off course					Ribbon Points				
Subto	otal		• Equine/Exhi			Blue = 43-50 (85%-100%) Red = 35-42 (70%-84%0					
Collec			Failure to pa Exhibitor in			White	= 0-34	(0%-69	%)		
Subtotal		Exhibitor jumps with equ Pulling/lifting/ over obst			•						
Subtotal			Baiting equi Disqualifica Equine runs	<u>itions</u>							
Less Co	ourse		Willful abus								
Faul	lts				out permission	Cr!					
Fin	al		Dikk F		15-4 D.44.0	Specia	Special Award		ward:		
Score			Kibbon: L	Ribbon: ☐ Blue ☐ Red ☐ White							